UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

(Mark One) ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 **√** For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015 TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 0 For the transition period from Commission file number 001-14989 WESCO International, Inc. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter) Delaware 25-1723342 (State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer incorporation or organization) Identification No.) 225 West Station Square Drive 15219 Suite 700 (Zip Code) Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania (Address of principal executive offices) (412) 454-2200 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code) SECURITIES REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12(b) OF THE ACT: Title of Class

Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share

Name of Exchange on which registered

New York Stock Exchange SECURITIES REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12(g) OF THE ACT: None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes 🗵 No o

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Act. Yes o No 🗵

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for at least the past 90 days. Yes ☑ No o

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. 🗵

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such file). Yes ☑ No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer ✓ Accelerated filer o

Non-accelerated filer o

Smaller reporting company o

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes o No 🗵

The registrant estimates that the aggregate market value of the voting shares held by non-affiliates of the registrant was approximately \$2,969.5 million as of June 30, 2015, the last business day of the registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter, based on the closing price on the New York Stock Exchange for such stock.

As of February 19, 2016, 42,198,471 shares of Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share, of the registrant were outstanding.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE:

Part III of this Form 10-K incorporates by reference portions of the registrant's Proxy Statement for its 2016 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

EX-101 DEFINITION LINKBASE DOCUMENT

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PART I

Item 1. Business.

In this Annual Report on Form 10-K, "WESCO" refers to WESCO International, Inc., and its subsidiaries and its predecessors unless the context otherwise requires. References to "we," "us," "our" and the "Company" refer to WESCO and its subsidiaries.

The Company

WESCO International, Inc. ("WESCO International"), incorporated in 1993 and effectively formed in February 1994 upon acquiring a distribution business from Westinghouse Electric Corporation, is a leading North American based distributor of products and provider of advanced supply chain management and logistics services used primarily in industrial, construction, utility and commercial, institutional and government ("CIG") markets. We are a leading provider of electrical, industrial, and communications maintenance, repair and operating ("MRO") and original equipment manufacturers ("OEM") products, construction materials, and advanced supply chain management and logistics services. Our primary product categories include general electrical and industrial supplies, wire, cable and conduit, data and broadband communications, power distribution equipment, lighting and lighting control systems, control and automation, motors, and safety.

We serve over 80,000 active customers globally through approximately 500 full service branches primarily located in North America, with operations in 14 additional countries and nine distribution centers located in the United States and Canada. The Company employs approximately 9,300 employees worldwide. We distribute over 1,000,000 products, grouped into six categories, from more than 25,000 suppliers utilizing a highly automated, proprietary electronic procurement and inventory replenishment system.

In addition, we offer a comprehensive portfolio of value-added capabilities, which includes supply chain management, logistics and transportation, procurement, warehousing and inventory management, as well as kitting, limited assembly of products and system installation. Our value-added capabilities, extensive geographic reach, experienced workforce and broad product and supply chain solutions have enabled us to grow our business and establish a leading position in North America.

Industry Overview

We operate in highly fragmented markets that include thousands of small regional and locally based, privately owned competitors. According to one industry publication, in 2014, the latest year for which market share data is available, the five largest North American electrical distributors, including WESCO, accounted for approximately 31% of an estimated \$100 billion-plus in electrical sales in North America. Our global account, integrated supply and OEM programs provide customers with regional, national, North American and global supply chain consolidation opportunities. The demand for these programs has grown in recent years, driven primarily by the desire of companies to reduce operating expenses by outsourcing operational and administrative functions associated with the procurement, management and utilization of MRO supplies and OEM components. We believe that significant opportunities exist for further expansion of these programs. The total potential in the United States for purchases of MRO and OEM supplies and services across all industrial distribution market segments and channels is estimated to be greater than \$500 billion per an industry study.

According to a recent publication, despite weakness in commodity-driven end markets, electrical distribution industry sales grew approximately 4% this year following a similar rate last year. This expansion has been driven by the increased use of electrical products in businesses and industries, new products and technologies, the proliferation of enhanced building and safety codes, and use of the Internet. Wholesale distributors have also grown as a result of a long-term shift in procurement preferences that favor the use of distributors over direct relationships with manufacturers. It is estimated that approximately 75% of electrical products sold in the United States are delivered to the end user through the distribution channel.

Markets and Customers

We have a large base of over 80,000 active customers across a diverse set of end markets. Our top ten customers accounted for approximately 11% of our sales in 2015. No one customer accounted for more than 2% of our sales in 2015.

The following table outlines our sales breakdown by end market:

Year Ended December 31,	2015	2014	2013
(percentages based on total sales)			
Industrial	39%	42%	43%
Construction	32%	31%	32%
Utility	15%	14%	13%
Commercial, Institutional and Governmental	14%	13%	12%

Industrial. Sales to industrial customers of MRO, OEM, and construction products and services accounted for approximately 39% of our sales in 2015, compared to 42% in 2014. Industrial sales product categories include a broad range of electrical equipment and supplies as well as lubricants, pipe, valves, fittings, fasteners, cutting tools, power transmission, and safety products. In addition, OEM customers require a reliable supply of assemblies and components to incorporate into their own products as well as value-added services such as supplier consolidation, design and technical support, just-in-time supply and electronic commerce, and supply chain management.

Construction. Sales of electrical and communications products to contractors accounted for approximately 32% of our sales in 2015, compared to 31% in 2014. Customers include a wide array of contractors and engineering, procurement and construction firms for industrial, infrastructure, commercial and data and broadband communications projects. Specific applications include projects for refineries, railways, hospitals, wastewater treatment facilities, data centers, security installations, offices, and modular and mobile homes. In addition to a wide array of electrical products, we offer contractors communications products for projects related to IT/network modernization, physical security upgrades, broadband deployments, network security, and disaster recovery.

Utility. Sales to utilities and utility contractors accounted for approximately 15% of our sales in 2015, compared to 14% in 2014. Customers include large investor-owned utilities, rural electric cooperatives, municipal power authorities and contractors that serve these customers. We provide our utility customers with products and services to support the construction and maintenance of their generation, transmission and distribution systems along with an extensive range of products that meet their power plant MRO and capital projects needs. Materials management and procurement outsourcing arrangements are also important in this market, as cost pressures and deregulation have caused utility customers to seek improvements in the efficiency and effectiveness of their supply chains.

Commercial, Institutional and Governmental. Sales to CIG customers accounted for approximately 14% of our sales in 2015, compared to 13% in 2014. Customers include schools, hospitals, property management firms, retailers and federal, state and local government agencies of all types, including federal contractors.

Business Strategy

Our goal is to grow organically at a rate greater than that of our industry while making accretive acquisitions. Our organic growth strategy focuses on enhancing our sales and customer service capabilities to acquire new customers and develop new end markets, broaden our product and service offerings and expand our geographic footprint. We utilize LEAN continuous improvement initiatives on a company-wide basis to deliver operational excellence and improve productivity. We also extend our LEAN initiatives to customers to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of their operations and supply chains. In addition, we seek to generate a distinct competitive advantage through talent management and employee development processes and programs.

We have identified certain growth engines that we believe provide substantial opportunities for above-market growth, and have developed strategies to address each of these areas of opportunity. These growth engines are a combination of business models, selected end markets and product categories, as discussed below.

Grow Our Global Account Customer Relationships and Base. Our typical global account customer is a large, multi-location industrial or commercial company, a large utility, a major contractor, or a governmental or institutional customer. Our global account program is designed to provide customers with supply chain management services and cost reductions by coordinating and standardizing activity for MRO materials and OEM direct materials across their multiple locations, utilizing our broad geographic footprint and our largely integrated information technology platform. Comprehensive account plans are developed and managed at the local, national and international levels to prioritize activities, identify key performance

measures, and track progress against objectives. We involve our preferred suppliers early in the implementation process to contribute expertise and product knowledge to accelerate program implementation and delivery of cost savings and process improvements.

We plan to continue to expand our product and service offerings to existing global account customers, and increase our reach to serve additional customer locations. We plan on expanding our customer base by capitalizing on our industry expertise and supply chain optimization capabilities.

Extend Our Position in Integrated Supply Programs. Our integrated supply programs focus on optimizing the supply chain and replacing the traditional multi-vendor, resource-intensive procurement process with a single, outsourced, automated process. Each integrated supply program employs our product and distribution expertise to reduce the number of suppliers, total procurement costs, and administrative expenses, while meeting the customers' service needs and improving their operating controls. We believe that large customers will seek to utilize such services to consolidate and simplify their MRO and OEM supply chains.

We are expanding our position in North America as an integrated supply service provider by building upon established relationships within our large customer base and premier supplier network, and extending our services to additional customers and locations around the world. Our services are offered across all four of our end markets (industrial, construction, utility and CIG).

Expand Our Relationships with Construction Contractors. We support new construction, renovation and retrofit projects across a wide variety of vertical markets, including manufacturing, healthcare, education, enterprise data communications, telecommunications, energy and government infrastructure. We believe that significant cross selling opportunities exist for our electrical and communications products and expertise, and we plan to use our global account and integrated supply programs, LEAN initiatives and project management expertise to capitalize on new non-residential construction opportunities.

Expand Products and Services for Utilities. Our investor-owned, public power and utility contractor customers continue to focus on improving grid reliability and operating efficiency, while reducing costs. As a result, we anticipate an increase in distribution grid improvement and transmission expansion projects as well as the adoption of integrated supply programs. Accordingly, we are focused on expanding our logistical and project services and supply chain management programs to increase our scope of supply on distribution grid, generation and other energy projects, including alternative energy projects.

Investing in Industrial MRO and Safety. Our sales of industrial maintenance, repair, and operating supply (MRO) materials include a broad range of electrical and non-electrical products used in the ongoing maintenance and repair of equipment used in production processes. These products are also used for facility upkeep in manufacturing, commercial, institutional, and other operations. In addition, through two acquisitions, we have expanded our safety products, personal protection safety equipment, first aid supplies, and OSHA compliance categories to complement the industrial MRO product lines.

Expand International Operations. We seek to capitalize on existing and emerging international market opportunities through the expansion of our global product and service platforms. We follow large existing global customers into international markets, extending our procurement outsourcing, integrated supply programs and supplier relationships. Once established, we also seek to develop new business opportunities in these markets. We believe this strategy of working with well-developed customer and supplier relationships significantly reduces risk and provides the opportunity to establish profitable business. Our priorities are focused on global vertical markets including energy, mining and metals, manufacturing, and infrastructure, as well as key product categories such as communications and security.

Grow Our Communications Products Position. Over the last several years, there has been a convergence of electrical and data communications contractors. Our ability to provide both electrical and communications products and services lines as well as automation, electromechanical, non-electrical MRO, physical security and utility products has presented cross selling opportunities across WESCO. Communications products are in continual demand due to network upgrades, low voltage security investments, data center upgrades and increasing broadband and telecommunications usage.

Grow Lighting System and Sustainability Sales. Lighting applications are undergoing significant innovation, driven by energy efficiency and sustainability trends. We have expanded our sales team and marketing initiatives and increased our presence and customer base with the acquisition of Needham Electric Supply. We expect to continue to add product and service offerings to provide lighting and energy-saving solutions.

Pursue Strategic Acquisitions. In 2015, we acquired two businesses: Hill Country Electric Supply and Needham Electric Supply. Since 2010, we have made thirteen acquisitions that have helped us to extend our product and services portfolio into adjacencies such as safety equipment and lighting. Over the years, these acquisitions have also increased our customer base and have been an important source of talent.

We believe that the highly fragmented nature of the electrical and industrial distribution industry will continue to provide acquisition opportunities.

Drive Operational Excellence. LEAN continuous improvement is a set of company-wide strategic initiatives to increase efficiency and effectiveness across the entire business enterprise, including sales, operations and administrative processes. The basic principles behind LEAN are to systematically identify and implement improvements through simplification, elimination of waste and reduction in errors. We apply LEAN in our distribution environment, and develop and deploy numerous initiatives through the Kaizen approach targeting improvements in sales, margin, warehouse operations, transportation, purchasing, working capital management and administrative processes. Our objective is to continue to implement LEAN initiatives across our business enterprise and to extend LEAN services to our customers and suppliers.

Talent Management. We seek to develop a distinct competitive advantage through talent management and employee engagement and development. We believe our ability to attract, develop and retain diverse human capital is imperative to ongoing business success. We improve workforce capability through various programs and processes that identify, recruit, develop and promote our talent base. Significant enhancements in these programs have been made over the last several years, and we expect to continue to refine and enhance these programs in the future.

Products and Services

Products

Our network of branches and distribution centers stock approximately 250,000 unique product stock keeping units and we provide customers with access to more than 1,000,000 different products. Each branch tailors its inventory to meet the needs of its local customers.

Representative product categories and associated product lines that we offer include:

- General and Industrial Supplies. Wiring devices, fuses, terminals, connectors, boxes, enclosures, fittings, lugs, terminations, tape, splicing and
 marking equipment, tools and testers, safety and security, personal protection, abrasives, cutting tools, tapes, consumables, fasteners, janitorial and
 other MRO supplies;
- Wire, Cable and Conduit. Wire, cable, raceway, metallic and non-metallic conduit;
- *Data and Broadband Communications*. Structured cabling systems, broadband products, low voltage specialty systems, specialty wire and cable products, equipment racks and cabinets, access control, alarms, cameras, paging and voice solutions;
- Power Distribution Equipment. Circuit breakers, transformers, switchboards, panel boards, metering products and busway products;
- · Lighting and Controls. Lamps, fixtures, ballasts and lighting control products; and
- Control, Automation and Motors. Motor control devices, drives, surge and power protection, relays, timers, pushbuttons, operator interfaces, switches, sensors, and interconnects.

The following table sets forth sales information about our sales by product category:

Year Ended December 31,	2015	2014	2013
(percentages based on total sales)			
General and Industrial Supplies	40%	40%	40%
Wire, Cable and Conduit	15%	16%	16%
Data and Broadband Communications	15%	14%	14%
Power Distribution Equipment	11%	11%	11%
Lighting and Controls	10%	10%	10%
Control, Automation and Motors	9%	9%	9%

We purchase products from a diverse group of more than 25,000 suppliers. In 2015, our ten largest suppliers accounted for approximately 32% of our purchases. Our largest supplier in 2015 was Eaton Corporation, accounting for approximately 11% of our purchases. No other supplier accounted for more than 5% of our total purchases.

Our supplier relationships are important to us, providing access to a wide range of products, technical training, and sales and marketing support. We have approximately 300 preferred supplier arrangements with more than 200 firms and purchase nearly 60% of our products pursuant to these arrangements. Consistent with industry practice, most of our agreements with suppliers, including both distribution agreements and preferred supplier agreements, are terminable by either party on 60 days notice or less.

Services

As part of our overall offering, we provide customers a comprehensive portfolio of value added services which includes more than 50 value add solutions in 10 categories including construction, e-commerce, energy and sustainability, engineering services, production support, safety and security, supply chain optimization, training, and working capital. These solutions are designed to address our customers' business needs through:

- Technical support for operational and transactional process improvements;
- Inventory optimization programs, including just-in-time delivery and vendor managed inventory;
- Collaborative, cross-functional, cost savings teams;
- · Dedicated on-site support personnel;
- Consultation on energy-efficient product upgrades; and
- · Safety and product training for customer employees.

Competitive Strengths

We compete directly with global, national, regional and local distributors of electrical and other industrial supplies, along with buying groups formed by smaller distributors. Competition is primarily focused on the local service area, and is generally based on product line breadth, product availability, service capabilities and price. Although certain Internet-based procurement service companies, auction businesses and trade exchanges remain in the marketplace, the impact on our business from these competitors has not been significant. We believe that our market leadership, broad product offering and value-added services, extensive distribution network and low-cost operator status provide distinct competitive advantages.

Market Leadership. Our ability to manage complex global supply chains, multi-site facility maintenance programs and construction projects, requiring special sourcing, technical advice, logistical support and locally based service, has enabled us to establish a strong presence in the competitively-fragmented North American electrical distribution market.

Broad Product Offering and Value-added Services. We provide a wide range of products, services and procurement solutions, which draw on our product knowledge, supply and logistics expertise, system capabilities and supplier relationships to enable our customers to maximize productivity, minimize waste, improve efficiencies, reduce costs and enhance safety. Our broad product offering and stable source of supply enables us to consistently meet customers' wide-ranging capital project, product, MRO and OEM requirements.

Extensive Distribution Network. We operate approximately 500 geographically dispersed branch locations and nine distribution centers (five in the United States and four in Canada). Our distribution centers add value for our customers, suppliers, and branches through the combination of a broad and deep selection of inventory, online ordering and next-day shipment capabilities, and central order handling and fulfillment. Our distribution center network reduces the lead time and cost of supply chain activities through its automated replenishment and warehouse management system, and provides economies of scale in purchasing, inventory management, administration and transportation. This extensive network, which would be difficult and expensive to replicate, allows us to:

- Enhance localized customer service, technical support and sales coverage;
- · Tailor individual branch products and services to local customer needs; and
- Offer multi-site distribution capabilities to large customers and global accounts.

Low-Cost Operator. Our competitiveness has been enhanced by our consistent favorable operating cost position, which is based on the use of LEAN, strategically-located distribution centers, and purchasing economies of scale. As a result of these and other factors, our operating cost as a percentage of sales is one of the lowest in our industry. Our selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of revenues for 2015 were 14.0%.

Geography

Our network of branches and distribution centers are located primarily in North America. We attribute revenues from external customers to individual countries on the basis of the point of sale. The following table sets forth information about us by geographic area:

	Net Sales Year Ended December 31,							Long-Lived Assets December 31,								
		2015				2014			2013			2015		2014		2013
(In thousands)																
United States	\$	5,665,962	7	75%	\$	5,618,240		71%	\$ 5,275,275	70%	\$	157,570	\$	127,670	\$	137,904
Canada		1,533,705	2	21%		1,899,173		24%	1,882,313	25%		63,088		80,080		93,642
Mexico		70,048		1%		95,585		1%	90,152	1%		332		442		615
Subtotal North American																
Operations		7,269,715				7,612,998			7,247,740			220,990		208,192		232,161
Other International		248,772		3%		276,628		4%	265,602	4%		5,369		8,213		11,115
Total	\$	7,518,487			\$	7,889,626			\$ 7,513,342		\$	226,359	\$	216,405	\$	243,276

United States. To serve our customers in the United States, we operate a network of approximately 350 branches supported by five distribution centers located in Pennsylvania, Nevada, Mississippi, Wisconsin and Arkansas. Sales in the United States represented approximately 75% of our total sales in 2015. According to the *Electrical Wholesaling Magazine*, the U.S. electrical wholesale distribution industry had estimated sales of approximately \$100 billion in 2015.

Canada. To serve our Canadian customers, we operate a network of approximately 125 branches in nine provinces. Branch operations are supported by four distribution centers located in Alberta, Quebec, Ontario, and British Columbia. Sales in Canada represented approximately 21% of our total sales in 2015. Total annual electrical industry sales in Canada were approximately \$7.2 billion in 2015 according to a recent publication.

Mexico. We have 9 branch locations in Mexico. Our headquarters in Tlalnepantla Estado de Mexico operates similar to a distribution center to enhance the service capabilities of the local branches. Sales in Mexico represented approximately 1% of our total sales in 2015.

Other International. We sell to global customers through export sales offices located in Miami, Houston, Pittsburgh, Montreal, and Calgary within North America and sales offices and branch operations in various international locations. Sales from other international locations represented approximately 3% of our total sales in 2015. Our branches in Aberdeen, Scotland, Dublin, Ireland and Manchester, England support sales efforts in Europe and the Middle East. We have branches in Singapore and Thailand to support our sales to Asia and a branch near Shanghai to serve customers in China along with operations in eight additional countries. Many of our international locations have been established to serve our growing list of customers with global operations.

Intellectual Property

We currently have trademarks, patents and service marks registered with the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office and Canadian Intellectual Property Office. The trademarks and service marks registered in the U.S. include: "WESCO®", our corporate logo and the running man logo. The Company's "EECOL" trademark is registered in Canada. In addition, trademarks, patents, and service mark applications have been filed in various foreign jurisdictions, including Canada, Mexico, Chile, the United Kingdom, Singapore, China, Hong Kong, Thailand and the European Community.

Environmental Matters

Our facilities and operations are subject to federal, state and local laws and regulations relating to environmental protection and human health and safety. Some of these laws and regulations may impose strict, joint and several liabilities on certain persons for the cost of investigation or remediation of contaminated properties. These persons may include former, current or future owners or operators of properties and persons who arranged for the disposal of hazardous substances. Our owned and leased real property may give rise to such investigation, remediation and monitoring liabilities under environmental laws. In addition, anyone disposing of certain products we distribute, such as ballasts, fluorescent lighting and batteries, must comply with environmental laws that regulate certain materials in these products.

We believe that we are in compliance, in all material respects, with applicable environmental laws. As a result, we do not anticipate making significant capital expenditures for environmental control matters either in the current year or in the near future.

Seasonality

Our operating results are not significantly affected by seasonal factors. Sales during the first quarter are affected by a reduced level of activity. Sales during the second, third and fourth quarters are generally 5 - 7% higher than the first quarter. Sales typically increase beginning in March, with slight fluctuations per month through October. During periods of economic expansion or contraction our sales by quarter have varied significantly from this seasonal pattern.

Website Access

Our Internet address is www.wesco.com. Information contained on our website is not part of, and should not be construed as being incorporated by reference into, this Annual Report on Form 10-K. We make available free of charge under the "Investors" heading on our website our annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K and amendments to those reports filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), as well as our Proxy Statements, as soon as reasonably practicable after such documents are electronically filed or furnished, as applicable, with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). You also may read and copy any materials we file with the SEC at the SEC's Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, NE, Washington, DC 20549-0213. You may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. The SEC maintains an Internet site at www.sec.gov that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information regarding issuers like us who file electronically with the SEC.

In addition, our charters for our Executive Committee, Nominating and Governance Committee, Audit Committee and Compensation Committee, as well as our Corporate Governance Guidelines, Code of Principles for Senior Executives, Independence Policy, Global Anti-Corruption Policy, and Code of Business Ethics and Conduct for our Directors, officers and employees, are all available on our website in the "Corporate Governance" link under the "Investors" heading.

Forward-Looking Information

This Annual Report on Form 10-K contains various "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements involve certain unknown risks and uncertainties, including, among others, those contained in Item 1, "Business," Item 1A, "Risk Factors," and Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations." When used in this Annual Report on Form 10-K, the words "anticipates," "plans," "believes," "estimates," "intends," "expects," "projects," "will" and similar expressions may identify forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain such words. Such statements, including, but not limited to, our statements regarding business strategy, growth strategy, competitive strengths, productivity and profitability enhancement, competition, new product and service introductions and liquidity and capital resources are based on management's beliefs, as well as on assumptions made by and information currently available to, management, and involve various risks and uncertainties, some of which are beyond our control. Our actual results could differ materially from those expressed in any forward-looking statement made by us or on our behalf. In light of these risks and uncertainties, there can be no assurance that the forward-looking information will in fact prove to be accurate. We have undertaken no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Executive Officers

Our executive officers and their respective ages and positions as of February 22, 2016, are set forth below.

Name	Age	Position
John J. Engel	54	Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer
Timothy A. Hibbard	59	Vice President and Corporate Controller
Diane E. Lazzaris	49	Senior Vice President and General Counsel
Kenneth S. Parks	52	Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
Kimberly G. Windrow	58	Senior Vice President and Chief Human Resource Officer

Set forth below is biographical information for our executive officers listed above.

John J. Engel was appointed Chairman of the Board in May 2011 and has served as President and Chief Executive Officer since September 2009. Previously, Mr. Engel served as our Senior Vice President and Chief Operating Officer from 2004 to September 2009. From 2003 to 2004, Mr. Engel served as Senior Vice President and General Manager of Gateway, Inc. From 1999 to 2002, Mr. Engel served as an Executive Vice President and Senior Vice President of Perkin Elmer, Inc. From 1994 to 1999, Mr. Engel served as a Vice President and General Manager of Allied Signal, Inc. and held various engineering, manufacturing and general management positions at General Electric Company from 1985 to 1994. Mr. Engel is also a director of United States Steel Corporation and chairman of its audit committee.

Timothy A. Hibbard was appointed as our Vice President and Corporate Controller in February 2012. From 2006 to February 2012, he served as our Corporate Controller. From 2002 to 2006, he served as Corporate Controller at Kennametal Inc. From 2000 to 2002, Mr. Hibbard served as Director of Finance of Kennametal's Advanced Materials Solutions Group, and, from 1998 to 2000, he served as Controller of Greenfield Industries, Inc., a subsidiary of Kennametal Inc.

Diane E. Lazzaris has served as our Senior Vice President and General Counsel since January 2014, and from February 2010 to December 2013 she served as our Vice President, Legal Affairs. From 2008 to 2010, Ms. Lazzaris served as Senior Vice President - Legal, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary of Dick's Sporting Goods, Inc. From 1994 to 2008, she held various corporate counsel positions at Alcoa Inc., most recently as Group Counsel to a group of global businesses.

Kenneth S. Parks has served as our Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer since January 2014, and from June 2012 to December 2013 he served as our Vice President and Chief Financial Officer. From April 2008 to February 2012, he served as Vice President of Finance of United Technologies Corporation for their global Fire and Security business. From 2005 to 2008, he served as Director of Investor Relations of United Technologies Corporation. He began his career in public accounting with Coopers & Lybrand.

Kimberly G. Windrow has served as our Senior Vice President and Chief Human Resources Officer since January 2014, and from August 2010 to December 2013 she served as our Vice President, Human Resources. From 2004 until July 2010, Ms. Windrow served as Senior Vice President of Human Resources for The McGraw Hill Companies in the education segment. From 2001 until 2004, she served as Senior Vice President of Human Resources for The MONY Group, and from 1988 until 2000, she served in various Human Resource positions at Willis, Inc.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

The following factors, among others, could cause our actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements we make. All forward-looking statements attributable to us or persons working on our behalf are expressly qualified by the following factors. This information should be read in conjunction with Item 7, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, Item 7A, Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risks and the consolidated financial statements and related notes included in this Form 10-K.

Adverse conditions in the global economy and disruptions of financial markets could negatively impact our results of operations.

Our results of operations are affected by the level of business activity of our customers, which in turn is affected by global economic conditions and market factors impacting the industries and markets that they serve. Certain global economies and markets continue to experience significant uncertainty and volatility, particularly commodity-driven end markets such as oil and gas and metals and mining. Adverse economic conditions or lack of liquidity in these markets, particularly in North America, may adversely affect our revenues and operating results. Economic and financial market conditions also affect the availability of financing for projects and for our customers' capital or other expenditures, which can result in project delays or cancellations and thus affect demand for our products. There can be no assurance that any governmental responses to economic conditions or disruptions in the financial markets ultimately will stabilize the markets or increase our customers' liquidity or the availability of credit to our customers. Should one or more of our larger customers declare bankruptcy, it could adversely affect the collectability of our accounts receivable, bad debt reserves and net income. In addition, our ability to access the capital markets may be restricted at a time when we would like, or need, to do so. The global economic and financial environment also may affect our business and financial condition in ways that we currently cannot predict, and there can be no assurance that global economic and market conditions will not adversely affect our results of operations, cash flow or financial position in the future. Fluctuations of the U.S. dollar relative to other currencies could negatively affect our business, financial results and liquidity.

Certain events or conditions, including a failure or breach of our information security systems, could lead to interruptions in our operations, which may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition or results of operations.

We operate a number of facilities and we coordinate company activities, including information technology systems and administrative services and the like, through our headquarters operations. Our operations depend on our ability to maintain existing systems and implement new technology, which includes allocating sufficient resources to periodically upgrade our information technology systems, and to protect our equipment and the information stored in our databases against both manmade and natural disasters, as well as power losses, computer and telecommunications failures, technological breakdowns, unauthorized intrusions, cyber-attacks, and other events. Conversions to new information technology systems may result in cost overruns, delays or business interruptions. If our information technology systems are disrupted, become obsolete or do not adequately support our strategic, operational or compliance needs, it could result in competitive disadvantage and adversely affect our financial results and business operations, including our ability to process orders, receive and ship products, maintain inventories, collect accounts receivable and pay expenses.

Because we rely heavily on information technology both in serving our customers and in our enterprise infrastructure in order to achieve our objectives, we may be vulnerable to damage or intrusion from a variety of cyber-attacks including computer viruses, worms or other malicious software programs that access our systems. Despite the precautions we take to mitigate the risks of such events, an attack on our enterprise information technology system could result in theft or disclosure of our proprietary or confidential information or a breach of confidential customer, supplier or employee information. Such events could have an adverse impact on revenue, harm our reputation, and cause us to incur legal liability and costs, which could be significant, to address and remediate such events and related security concerns.

We also depend on accessible office facilities, distribution centers and information technology data centers for our operations to function properly. An interruption of operations at any of our distribution centers could have a material adverse effect on the operations of branches served by the affected distribution center. Such disaster related risks and effects are not predictable with certainty and, although they typically can be mitigated, they cannot be eliminated. We seek to mitigate our exposures to disaster events in a number of ways. For example, where feasible, we design the configuration of our facilities to reduce the consequences of disasters. We also maintain insurance for our facilities against casualties and we evaluate our risks and develop contingency plans for dealing with them. Although we have reviewed and analyzed a broad range of risks applicable to our business, the ones that actually affect us may not be those we have concluded most likely to occur. Furthermore, although our reviews have led to more systematic contingency planning, our plans are in varying stages of development and execution, such that they may not be adequate at the time of occurrence for the magnitude of any particular disaster event that befalls us.

Loss of key suppliers, product cost fluctuations, lack of product availability or inefficient supply chain operations could decrease sales and earnings.

Most of our agreements with suppliers are terminable by either party on 60 days' notice or less. Our ten largest suppliers in 2015 accounted for approximately 32% of our purchases for the period. Our largest supplier in 2015 was Eaton Corporation, accounting for approximately 11% of our purchases. The loss of, or a substantial decrease in the availability of, products from any of these suppliers, a supplier's change in sales strategy to rely less on distribution channels, the loss of key preferred supplier agreements, or disruptions in a key supplier's operations could have a material adverse effect on our business. Supply interruptions could arise from shortages of raw materials, effects of economic or financial market conditions on a supplier's operations, labor disputes or weather conditions affecting products or shipments, transportation disruptions, information system disruptions or other reasons beyond our control.

In addition, certain of our products, such as wire and conduit, are commodity-price-based products and may be subject to significant price fluctuations which are beyond our control. While increases in the cost of energy or products could have adverse effects, decreases in those costs, particularly if severe, could also adversely impact us by creating deflation in selling prices, which could cause our gross profit margin to deteriorate. Fluctuations in energy or raw materials costs can also adversely affect our customers. The recent declines in oil and gas prices have negatively impacted our customers operating in those industries and, consequently, our sales to those customers. Furthermore, we cannot be certain that particular products or product lines will be available to us, or available in quantities sufficient to meet customer demand. Such limited product access could cause us to be at a competitive disadvantage. The profitability of our business is also dependent upon the efficiency of our supply chain. An inefficient or ineffective supply chain strategy or operations could increase operational costs, reduce profit margins and adversely affect our business.

Expansion into new business activities, industries, product lines or geographic areas could subject the company to increased costs and risks and may not achieve the intended results.

Engaging in or significantly expanding business activities in product sourcing, sales and services could subject the company to unexpected costs and risks. Such activities could subject us to increased operating costs, product liability, regulatory requirements and reputational risks. Our expansion into new and existing markets, including manufacturing related or regulated businesses, may present competitive, distribution and regulatory challenges that differ from current ones. We may be less familiar with the target customers and may face different or additional risks, as well as increased or unexpected costs, compared to existing operations. Growth into new markets may also bring us into direct competition with companies with whom we have little or no past experience as competitors. To the extent we are reliant upon expansion into new geographic, industry and product markets for growth and do not meet the new challenges posed by such expansion, our future sales growth could be negatively impacted, our operating costs could increase, and our business operations and financial results could be negatively affected.

Fluctuations in foreign currency have an effect on reported results from operations.

The results of our foreign operations are reported in the local currency and then translated into U.S. dollars at the applicable exchange rates for inclusion in our consolidated financial statements. The exchange rates between some of these currencies and the U.S. dollar have fluctuated significantly in recent years, and may continue to do so in the future. In addition, because our financial statements are stated in U.S. dollars, such fluctuations may affect our results of operations and financial position, and may affect the comparability of our results between financial periods.

Changes in tax laws or challenges to the Company's tax positions by taxing authorities could adversely impact the Company's results of operations and financial condition.

We are subject to taxes in jurisdictions in which we do business, including but not limited to taxes imposed on our income, receipts, stockholders' equity, property, sales, purchases and payroll. As a result, the tax expense we incur can be adversely affected by changes in tax law. We frequently cannot anticipate these changes in tax law, which can cause unexpected volatility in our results from operations. While not limited to the United States and Canada, changes in the tax law at the federal and state/provincial levels in the United States and Canada can have a materially adverse effect on our results from operations. Additionally, the tax laws to which the Company is subject are inherently complex and ambiguous. Therefore, we must interpret the applicable laws and make subjective judgments about the expected outcome upon challenge by the applicable taxing authorities. As a result, the impact on our results from operations of the application of enacted tax laws to our facts and circumstances is frequently uncertain. If a tax authority successfully challenges our interpretation and application of the tax law to our facts and circumstances, there can be no assurance that we can accurately predict the outcome and the taxes ultimately owed upon effective settlement may differ from the tax expense recognized in our consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income (loss) and accrued in our consolidated balance sheets. Additionally, if we cannot meet liquidity

requirements in the United States, we may have to repatriate funds from overseas, which would result in a United States tax liability on the amount repatriated.

An increase in competition could decrease sales or earnings.

We operate in a highly competitive industry and compete directly with global, national, regional and local providers of our products and services. Some of our existing competitors have, and new market entrants may have, greater resources than us. Competition is primarily focused in the local service area and is generally based on product line breadth, product availability, service capabilities and price. Other sources of competition are buying groups formed by smaller distributors to increase purchasing power and provide some cooperative marketing capability as well as e-commerce companies.

Existing or future competitors may seek to gain or retain market share by reducing prices, and we may be required to lower our prices or may lose business, which could adversely affect our financial results. Also, to the extent that we do not meet changing customer preferences or demands or to the extent that one or more of our competitors becomes more successful with private label products or otherwise, our ability to attract and retain customers could be materially adversely affected. Existing or future competitors also may seek to compete with us for acquisitions, which could have the effect of increasing the price and reducing the number of suitable acquisitions. In addition, it is possible that competitive pressures resulting from industry consolidation could affect our growth and profit margins.

Acquisitions that we may undertake would involve a number of inherent risks, any of which could cause us not to realize the benefits anticipated to result.

We have expanded our operations through organic growth and selected acquisitions of businesses and assets and may seek to do so in the future. Acquisitions involve various inherent risks, including: problems that could arise from the integration of the acquired business; uncertainties in assessing the value, strengths, weaknesses, contingent and other liabilities and potential profitability of acquisition candidates; the potential loss of key employees of an acquired business; the ability to achieve identified operating and financial synergies anticipated to result from an acquisition or other transaction; unanticipated changes in business, industry or general economic conditions that affect the assumptions underlying the acquisition or other transaction rationale; and expansion into new countries or geographic markets where we may be less familiar with operating requirements, target customers and regulatory compliance. Any one or more of these factors could increase our costs or cause us not to realize the benefits anticipated to result from the acquisition of business or assets.

While there are risks associated with acquisitions generally, including integration risks, there are additional risks more specifically associated with owning and operating businesses internationally, including those arising from import and export controls, foreign currency exchange rate changes, material developments in political, regulatory or economic conditions impacting those operations and various environmental and climatic conditions in particular areas of the world.

We must attract, retain and motivate key employees, and the failure to do so may adversely affect our business and results of operations.

Our success depends on hiring, retaining and motivating key employees, including executive, managerial, sales, technical, marketing and support personnel. We may have difficulty locating and hiring qualified personnel. In addition, we may have difficulty retaining such personnel once hired, and key people may leave and compete against us. The loss of key personnel or our failure to attract and retain other qualified and experienced personnel could disrupt or adversely affect our business, its sales and results of operations. In addition, our operating results could be adversely affected by increased costs due to increased competition for employees, higher employee turnover, which may also result in loss of significant customer business, or increased employee benefit costs.

We are subject to costs and risks associated with laws and regulations affecting our business, as well as litigation for product liability or other matters affecting our business.

The complex legal and regulatory environment exposes us to compliance costs and risks, as well as litigation and other legal proceedings, which could materially affect our operations and financial results. These laws and regulations may change, sometimes significantly, as a result of political or economic events. They include tax laws and regulations, import and export laws and regulations, labor and employment laws and regulations, product safety, occupational safety and health laws and regulations, securities and exchange laws and regulations (and other laws applicable to publicly-traded companies such as the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act), and environmental laws and regulations. Furthermore, as a government contractor selling to federal, state and local government entities, we are also subject to a wide variety of additional laws and regulations. Proposed laws and regulations in these and other areas, such as healthcare, employment, or legal matters could affect the cost of our business operations. From time to time we are involved in legal proceedings, audits or investigations which may relate to, for example, product liability, labor and employment (including wage and hour), tax, escheat, import and export compliance, government contracts, worker health and safety, general commercial and securities matters. While we believe that the outcome

of any pending matter is unlikely to have a material adverse effect on our financial condition or liquidity, additional legal proceedings may arise in the future and the outcome of any legal proceedings and other contingencies could require us to take actions which could adversely affect our operations or could require us to pay substantial amounts of money.

Our outstanding indebtedness requires debt service commitments that could adversely affect our ability to fulfill our obligations and could limit our growth and impose restrictions on our business.

As of December 31, 2015, we had \$1,665.4 million of consolidated indebtedness (excluding debt discount), including \$500.0 million in aggregate principal amount of 5.375% Senior Notes due 2021 (the "2021 Notes"), \$344.9 million in aggregate principal amount of 6.0% Convertible Senior Debentures due 2029 (the "2029 Debentures") and \$174.8 million in aggregate principal amount of term loans due 2019 (the "Term Loan Facility"). Our consolidated indebtedness also includes amounts outstanding under our revolving credit facility (the "Revolving Credit Facility"), which has an aggregate borrowing capacity of \$600.0 million, and our accounts receivable securitization facility (the "Receivables Facility"), through which we sell up to \$550.0 million of our accounts receivable to third-party financial institutions. We and our subsidiaries may undertake additional borrowings in the future, subject to certain limitations contained in the instruments governing our indebtedness.

Our debt service obligations have important consequences, including: our payments of principal and interest reduce the funds available to us for operations, future business opportunities and acquisitions and other purposes; they increase our vulnerability to adverse economic, financial market and industry conditions; our ability to obtain additional financing may be limited; we may be required to incur additional interest due to the contingent interest features of the 2029 Debentures, which are embedded derivatives; and our financial results are affected by increased interest costs. Our ability to make scheduled payments of principal and interest on our debt, refinance our indebtedness, make scheduled payments on our operating leases, fund planned capital expenditures or to finance acquisitions will depend on our future performance, which, to a certain extent, is subject to economic, financial, competitive and other factors beyond our control. There can be no assurance that our business will continue to generate sufficient cash flow from operations in the future to service our debt, make necessary capital expenditures or meet other cash needs. If unable to do so, we may be required to refinance all or a portion of our existing debt, to sell assets or to obtain additional financing. Our Revolving Credit Facility is subject to renewal in September 2020 and our Receivables Facility is subject to renewal in September 2018. There can be no assurance that available funding or any sale of additional receivables or additional financing will be possible at the times of renewal in amounts or terms favorable to us, if at all.

Over the next three years, we will be required to repay approximately \$570.6 million of our currently outstanding indebtedness, of which \$525.0 million is related to our Receivables Facility, \$43.3 million is related to our international lines of credit, and \$2.3 million is related to our capital leases.

Our debt agreements contain restrictions that may limit our ability to operate our business.

Our credit facilities also require us to maintain specific earnings to fixed expenses and to meet minimum net worth requirements in certain circumstances. Our Term Loan Facility, 2021 Notes and credit facilities contain, and any of our future debt agreements may contain, certain covenant restrictions that limit our ability to operate our business, including restrictions on our ability to: incur additional debt or issue guarantees; create liens; make certain investments; enter into transactions with our affiliates; sell certain assets; make capital expenditures; redeem capital stock or make other restricted payments; declare or pay dividends or make other distributions to stockholders; and merge or consolidate with any person. Our Term Loan Facility and certain other credit facilities contain additional affirmative and negative covenants, and our ability to comply with these covenants is dependent on our future performance, which will be subject to many factors, some of which are beyond our control, including prevailing economic conditions.

As a result of these covenants, our ability to respond to changes in business and economic conditions and to obtain additional financing, if needed, may be significantly restricted, and we may be prevented from engaging in transactions that might otherwise be beneficial to us. In addition, our failure to comply with these covenants could result in a default under the 2029 Debentures, the 2021 Notes, the credit facilities, the Term Loan Facility, and our other debt, which could permit the holders to accelerate such debt. If any of our debt is accelerated, we may not have sufficient funds available to repay such debt.

Goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets recorded as a result of our acquisitions could become impaired.

As of December 31, 2015, our combined goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets amounted to \$1,773.6 million. To the extent we do not generate sufficient cash flows to recover the net amount of any investments in goodwill and other indefinite-lived intangible assets recorded, the investment could be considered impaired and subject to write-off. We expect to record further goodwill and other indefinite-lived intangible assets as a result of future acquisitions we may complete. Future amortization of such assets or impairments, if any, of goodwill or indefinite-lived intangible assets would adversely affect our results of operations in any given period.

There is a risk that the market value of our common stock may decline.

Stock markets have experienced significant price and trading volume fluctuations, and the market prices of companies in our industry have been volatile. In recent years, volatility and disruption reached unprecedented levels. For some issuers, the markets have exerted downward pressure on stock prices and credit capacity. It is impossible to predict whether the price of our common stock will rise or fall. Trading prices of our common stock will be influenced by our operating results and prospects and by global economic, financial and other factors.

Future sales of our common stock in the public market or issuance of securities senior to our common stock could adversely affect the trading price of our common stock and the value of the 2029 Debentures.

Future sales of substantial amounts of our common stock or equity-related securities in the public market, or the perception that such sales could occur, could adversely affect prevailing trading prices of our common stock and the value of the 2029 Debentures and could impair our ability to raise capital through future offerings of equity or equity-related securities. No prediction can be made as to the effect, if any, that future sales of shares of common stock or the availability of shares of common stock for future sale will have on the trading price of our common stock or the value of the 2029 Debentures.

There may be future dilution of our common stock.

To the extent options to purchase common stock under our stock-based employee compensation plans are exercised, holders of our common stock will incur dilution. Additionally, our 2029 Debentures include contingent conversion price provisions and options for settlement in shares. Based on our current stock price, the 2029 Debentures may be converted into common stock which would increase dilution to our stockholders.

Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments.

None.

Item 2. Properties.

We have approximately 500 branches, of which approximately 350 are located in the United States, approximately 125 are located in Canada and the remainder are in other locations including Chile, Mexico, the United Kingdom and Singapore. Approximately 16% of our branches are owned facilities, and the remainder are leased.

The following table summarizes our distribution centers:

	Square Feet	Leased/Owned
Location		
Warrendale, PA ⁽¹⁾	194,000	Owned
Sparks, NV	199,000	Leased
Byhalia, MS ⁽¹⁾	148,000	Owned
Little Rock, AR	100,000	Leased
Madison, WI	136,000	Leased
Montreal, QC	126,000	Leased
Burnaby, BC	65,000	Leased
Edmonton, AB	101,000	Leased
Mississauga, ON	246,000	Leased

⁽¹⁾ Property pledged as collateral under our Term Loan Facility.

We also lease our 84,000 square-foot headquarters in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. We do not regard the real property associated with any single branch location as material to our operations. We believe our facilities are in good operating condition and are adequate for their respective uses.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings.

From time to time, a number of lawsuits and claims have been or may be asserted against us relating to the conduct of our business, including routine litigation relating to commercial and employment matters. The outcome of any litigation cannot be predicted with certainty, and some lawsuits may be determined adversely to us. However, management does not believe, based on information presently available, that the ultimate outcome of any such pending matters is likely to have a material adverse effect on our financial condition or liquidity, although the resolution in any quarter of one or more of these matters may have a material adverse effect on our results of operations for that period.

Information relating to legal proceedings is included in Note 13, Commitments and Contingencies of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements and is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not applicable.

PART II

Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities.

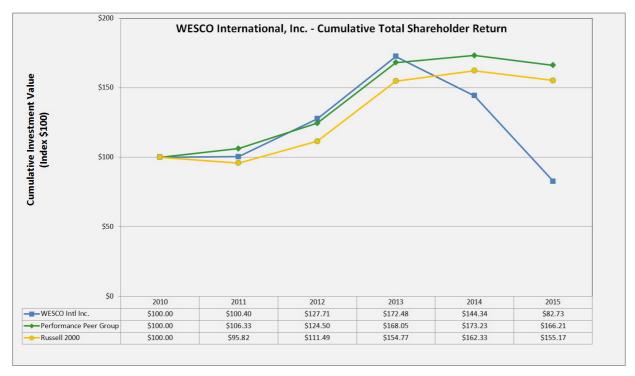
Market, Stockholder and Dividend Information. Our common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "WCC." As of February 19, 2016, there were 42,198,471 shares of common stock outstanding held by approximately 21 holders of record. We have not paid dividends on the common stock and do not currently plan to pay dividends. We do, however, evaluate the possibility from time to time. It is currently expected that earnings will be reinvested to support business growth, debt reduction, acquisitions and share repurchases. In addition, our Revolving Credit Facility and Term Loan Facility restrict our ability to pay dividends. See Part II, Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Liquidity and Capital Resources."

The following table sets forth the high and low sales prices per share of our common stock, as reported on the New York Stock Exchange, for the periods indicated.

		Sales Prices			
Quarter	High		Low		
2014			_		
First	\$ 94	.75 \$	78.52		
Second	93	.07	83.48		
Third	88	.31	78.17		
Fourth	86	.92	68.97		
2015					
First	\$ 77	.40 \$	65.38		
Second	74	.61	66.51		
Third	69	.57	45.47		
Fourth	52	.26	39.62		

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities. On December 17, 2014, WESCO announced that its Board of Directors approved, on December 11, 2014, the repurchase of up to \$300 million of the Company's common stock through December 31, 2017. As of December 31, 2015, WESCO has repurchased 2,468,576 shares of the Company's common stock for \$150.0 million under this repurchase authorization.

Company Performance. The following stock price performance graph illustrates the cumulative total return on an investment in WESCO International, Inc., a 2015 Performance Peer Group, and the Russell 2000 Index. The graph covers the period from December 31, 2010 to December 31, 2015, and assumes that the value for each investment was \$100 on December 31, 2010, and that all dividends were reinvested.



2015 Performance Peer Group:

Airgas, Inc.
Anixter International, Inc.
Applied Industrial Technologies, Inc.
Arrow Electronics, Inc.
Avnet, Inc.
Beacon Roofing Supply, Inc.
Danaher Corporation

Eaton Corporation Plc
Emerson Electric Company
Fastenal Company
Genuine Parts Company
Houston Wire & Cable Company
Hubbell, Inc.
Ingram Micro, Inc.

MSC Industrial Direct Co., Inc.
Pool Corporation
Rockwell Automation, Inc.
Tech Data Corporation
Essendant, Inc.¹
W.W. Grainger, Inc.
Watsco, Inc.

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ United Stationers changed their name to Essendant, Inc. in February 2015.

Item 6. Selected Financial Data.

Selected financial data and significant events related to the Company's financial results for the last five fiscal years are listed below. The financial data should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto included in Item 8 and with Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, included in Item 7.

Year Ended December 31,	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
(In millions, except per share data)					
Income Statement Data:					
Net sales	\$ 7,518.5	\$ 7,889.6	\$ 7,513.3	\$ 6,579.3	\$ 6,125.7
Cost of goods sold (excluding depreciation and amortization)	6,024.8	6,278.6	5,967.9	5,247.8	4,889.2
Selling, general and administrative expenses	1,055.0	1,076.8	996.8	961.0	872.0
Depreciation and amortization	65.0	68.0	67.6	37.6	31.6
Income from operations	373.7	466.2	481.0	332.9	332.9
Interest expense, net	69.8	82.1	85.6	47.8	53.6
Loss on debt extinguishment ⁽¹⁾	_	_	13.2	3.5	_
Other loss ⁽²⁾	_	_	2.3	_	
Income before income taxes	303.9	384.1	379.9	281.6	279.3
Provision for income taxes	95.5	108.7	103.4	79.9	83.1
Net income	208.4	275.4	276.5	201.7	196.2
Net loss (income) attributable to noncontrolling interest ⁽³⁾	2.3	0.5	(0.1)	0.1	0.1
Net income attributable to WESCO International, Inc.	\$ 210.7	\$ 275.9	\$ 276.4	\$ 201.8	\$ 196.3
Earnings per common share attributable to WESCO International, Inc.					
Basic	\$ 4.85	\$ 6.21	\$ 6.26	\$ 4.62	\$ 4.54
Diluted	\$ 4.18	\$ 5.18	\$ 5.25	\$ 3.95	\$ 3.96
Weighted-average common shares outstanding					
Basic	43.4	44.4	44.1	43.7	43.2
Diluted	50.4	53.3	52.7	51.1	49.6
Other Financial Data:					
Capital expenditures	\$ 21.7	\$ 20.5	\$ 27.8	\$ 23.1	\$ 33.3
Net cash provided by operating activities	283.1	251.2	315.1	288.2	167.5
Net cash used in investing activities	(170.2)	(144.2)	(18.2)	(1,311.0)	(81.3)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(67.8)	(95.5)	(257.5)	1,044.0	(70.9)
Balance Sheet Data:					
Total assets	\$ 4,587.4	\$ 4,754.4	\$ 4,648.9	\$ 4,629.6	\$ 3,078.5
Total debt (including current and short-term debt) ⁽⁴⁾	1,501.1	1,415.6	1,487.7	1,735.2	649.3
Stockholders' equity ⁽⁵⁾	1,773.9	1,928.2	1,764.8	1,553.7	1,345.9

⁽¹⁾ Represents the loss recognized in 2013 related to the \$500 million prepayment made to the U.S. sub-facility of the term loans due 2019, and the loss recognized in 2012 due to the redemption of the Company's then outstanding 7.50% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2017.

⁽²⁾ Represents the loss on the sale of a foreign operation in 2013.

⁽³⁾ Represents the portion not owned by the Company of net loss (income) attributable to consolidated entities.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes the discount related to convertible debentures and the Term Loan Facility. See Note 7 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

⁽⁵⁾ Stockholders' equity includes amounts related to convertible debentures. See Note 7 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in Item 8 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Company Overview

In 2015, we streamlined our organization, made improvements to our variable rate debt facilities, accelerated our LEAN initiatives, integrated two accretive acquisitions, generated strong cash flow and closely managed costs. Our financial results primarily reflect continued weakness in commodity-driven end markets and the unfavorable impact of changes in foreign currencies, partially offset by the benefits of cost reduction actions. Sales decreased \$371.1 million, or 4.7%, over the prior year. Normalized organic sales decreased 3.3%; foreign exchange rates negatively impacted sales by 3.4% and were partially offset by a positive impact from acquisitions of 2.0%. Cost of goods sold as a percentage of net sales was 80.1% and 79.6% in 2015 and 2014, respectively. Operating income was \$373.7 million for 2015, compared to \$466.2 million for 2014. Operating income decreased due to lower sales, lower supplier volume rebates and business mix. Net income attributable to WESCO International, Inc. of \$210.7 million decreased by 23.6%. Diluted earnings per share attributable to WESCO International, Inc. were \$4.18 in 2015, compared with diluted earnings per share of \$5.18 in 2014.

Our end markets consist of industrial firms, electrical and data communications contractors, utilities, and commercial organizations, institutions and governmental entities. Our transaction types to these markets can be categorized as stock, direct ship and special order. Stock orders are filled directly from existing inventory and represent approximately 50% of total sales. Approximately 39% of our total sales are direct ship sales. Direct ship sales are typically custom-built products, large orders or products that are too bulky to be easily handled and, as a result, are shipped directly to the customer from the supplier. Special orders are for products that are not ordinarily stocked in inventory and are ordered based on a customer's specific request. Special orders represent the remaining 11% of total sales.

We have historically financed our working capital requirements, capital expenditures, acquisitions, share repurchases and new branch openings through internally generated cash flow, debt issuances, borrowings under our credit facilities and funding through our Receivables Facility.

Cash Flow

We generated \$283.1 million in operating cash flow during 2015. Cash provided by operating activities included net income of \$208.4 million and adjustments to net income totaling \$121.2 million. Investing activities included aggregate payments of \$151.6 million primarily for the acquisitions of Hill Country and Needham Electric, capital expenditures totaling \$21.7 million, and proceeds of \$3.1 million from the sale of assets. Financing activities during 2015 consisted of borrowings and repayments of \$1,276.0 million and \$1,209.0 million, respectively, related to our Revolving Credit Facility, borrowings and repayments of \$252.6 million and \$157.6 million, respectively, related to our Receivables Facility, and repayments of \$69.2 million applied to our Term Loan Facility. Financing activities in 2015 also included borrowings and repayments on our various international lines of credit of \$102.0 million and \$100.3 million, respectively.

Free cash flow for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 was \$261.4 million and \$230.7 million, respectively.

The following table sets forth the components of free cash flow:

	Twelve Months Ended					
	December 31,					
Free Cash Flow:		2015		2014		
(In millions)						
Cash flow provided by operations	\$	283.1	\$	251.2		
Less: Capital expenditures		(21.7)		(20.5)		
Free cash flow	\$	261.4	\$	230.7		

Note: The table above reconciles cash flow provided by operations to free cash flow. Free cash flow is a non-GAAP financial measure provided by the Company as an additional indicator of liquidity. Capital expenditures are deducted from operating cash flow to determine free cash flow. Free cash flow is available to provide a source of funds for any of the Company's financing needs.

Financing Availability

As of December 31, 2015, we had \$438.7 million in total available borrowing capacity under our Revolving Credit Facility, which was comprised of \$236.4 million of availability under the U.S. sub-facility and \$202.3 million of availability under the Canadian sub-facility. Available borrowing capacity under our Receivables Facility was \$10.9 million. These debt facilities were amended and restated on September 24, 2015. As a result of the respective amendments, the Revolving Credit Facility and Receivables Facility mature in September 2020 and September 2018, respectively. For further discussion related to the amendments of these facilities, refer to Note 7 of our Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate our estimates, including those related to supplier programs, bad debts, inventories, insurance costs, goodwill, income taxes, contingencies and litigation. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates. If actual market conditions are less favorable than those projected by management, additional adjustments to reserve items may be required. We believe the following critical accounting policies affect our judgments and estimates used in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements.

Revenue Recognition

Revenues are recognized for product sales when title, ownership and risk of loss pass to the customer, or for services when the service is rendered. In the case of stock sales and special orders, a sale occurs at the time of shipment from our distribution point, as the terms of our sales are predominantly FOB shipping point. In cases where we process customer orders but ship directly from our suppliers, revenue is recognized once product is shipped and title has passed. In all cases, revenue is recognized once the sales price to our customer is fixed or is determinable and we have reasonable assurance as to the collectability.

In certain customer arrangements, we provide services such as inventory management. We may perform some or all of the following services for customers: determine inventory stocking levels; establish inventory reorder points; launch purchase orders; receive material; put away material; and pick material for order fulfillment. We recognize revenue for services rendered during the period based upon a previously negotiated fee arrangement. We also sell inventory to these customers and recognize revenue at the time title and risk of loss transfers to the customer.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

We include warehousing, purchasing, branch operations, information services, and marketing and selling expenses in this category, as well as other types of general and administrative costs.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

We maintain allowances for doubtful accounts for estimated losses resulting from the inability of our customers to make required payments. We have a systematic procedure using estimates based on historical data and reasonable assumptions of collectibles at the local branch level and on a consolidated corporate basis to calculate the allowance for doubtful accounts.

Excess and Obsolete Inventory

We write down our inventory to its net realizable value based on internal factors derived from historical analysis of actual losses. We identify items at risk of becoming obsolete, which is defined as supply in excess of 36 months relative to demand or movement. We then analyze the ultimate disposition of previously identified excess inventory items, such as sold, returned to supplier, or scrapped. This item by item analysis allows us to develop an estimate of the likelihood that an item identified as being in excess supply ultimately becomes obsolete. We apply the estimate to inventory items currently in excess of 36 months supply, and reduce our inventory carrying value by the derived amount. We revisit and test our assumptions on a periodic basis. Historically, we have not had material changes to our assumptions and do not anticipate any material changes in the future.

Supplier Volume Rebates

We receive rebates from certain suppliers based on contractual arrangements with them. Since there is a lag between actual purchases and the rebates received from the suppliers, we must estimate and accrue the approximate amount of rebates available at a specific date. We record the amounts as other accounts receivable in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The corresponding rebate income is recorded as a reduction of cost of goods sold. The appropriate level of such income is derived

from the level of actual purchases made by us from suppliers. Supplier volume rebate rates have historically ranged between approximately 0.9% and 1.4% of sales depending on market conditions. In 2015, the rebate rate was 1.0%.

Goodwill and Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets

Goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets are tested for impairment annually during the fourth quarter using information available at the end of September, or more frequently if triggering events occur indicating that their carrying value may not be recoverable. We test for goodwill impairment on a reporting unit level and the evaluation involves comparing the fair value of each reporting unit with its carrying value. The fair values of our reporting units are determined using a combination of a discounted cash flow analysis and market multiples. Assumptions used for these fair value techniques are based on a combination of historical results, current forecasts, market data and recent economic events. We evaluate the recoverability of indefinite-lived intangible assets using a discounted cash flow analysis based on projected financial information. The determination of fair value involves significant management judgment and could be negatively affected by the current weak market conditions, including the challenging macroeconomic indicators in the markets in which we operate and those where our customers are based. We apply our best judgment when assessing the reasonableness of financial projections. At December 31, 2015 and 2014, goodwill and indefinite-lived trademarks totaled \$1,773.6 million and \$1,840.0 million, respectively.

The estimated fair values of most of our reporting units were at least 25% greater than their respective carrying values. One reporting unit with goodwill of \$186.7 million had a fair value that was approximately 5% greater than its carrying value. In performing our quantitative assessment for this reporting unit, we used revenue growth rates of 2.9% to 5.7%, a terminal growth rate of 3% and a discount rate of 9.3%. Management believes that the terminal growth rate is supported by our historical growth rate, near-term projections and long-term expected market growth. The discount rate reflects marketplace participants' cost of capital. Had we used a discount rate that was 25 basis points higher or a terminal growth rate that was 25 basis points lower than those assumed, the fair value of this reporting unit would have continued to exceed its carrying amount.

A possible indicator of goodwill impairment is the relationship of a company's market capitalization to its book value. As of December 31, 2015, our market capitalization exceeded our book value and there were no impairment losses identified as a result of our annual test. Fair value determinations require considerable judgment and are sensitive to changes in underlying assumptions and factors. As a result, there can be no assurance that the estimates and assumptions made for purposes of the annual goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible impairment test will prove to be an accurate prediction of future results.

Intangible Assets

We account for certain economic benefits purchased as a result of our acquisitions, including customer relations, distribution agreements, technology and trademarks, as intangible assets. Most trademarks have an indefinite life. We amortize all other intangible assets over a useful life determined by the expected cash flows produced by such intangibles and their respective tax benefits. Useful lives vary between 2 and 20 years, depending on the specific intangible asset.

Insurance Programs

We use commercial insurance for auto, workers' compensation, casualty and health claims as a risk sharing strategy to reduce our exposure to catastrophic losses. Our strategy involves large deductible policies where we must pay all costs up to the deductible amount. We estimate our reserve based on historical incident rates and costs.

Income Taxes

We account for income taxes under the asset and liability method, which requires the recognition of deferred income taxes for events that have future tax consequences. Under this method, deferred income taxes are recognized (using enacted tax laws and rates) based on the future income tax effects of differences in the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting and tax purposes. The effect of a tax rate change on deferred tax assets and liabilities is recognized in income in the period of change.

We recognize deferred tax assets at amounts that are expected to be realized. To make such determination, we evaluate all positive and negative evidence, including but not limited to, prior, current and future taxable income, tax planning strategies and future reversals of existing temporary differences. A valuation allowance is recognized if it is "more likely than not" that some or all of a deferred tax asset will not be realized. We regularly assess the realizability of deferred tax assets.

No provision is made for undistributed earnings that are considered to be permanently reinvested to fund growth in foreign markets.

We account for uncertainty in income taxes using a "more-likely-than-not" recognition threshold. Due to the subjectivity inherent in the evaluation of uncertain tax positions, the tax benefit ultimately recognized may materially differ from our estimate. We recognize interest related to uncertain tax benefits as part of interest expense. We recognize penalties related to uncertain tax benefits as part of income tax expense.

Convertible Debentures

We separately account for the liability and equity components of our convertible debentures in a manner that reflects our nonconvertible debt borrowing rate. We estimate our non-convertible debt borrowing rate through a combination of discussions with our financial institutions and review of relevant market data. The convertible debenture discount is amortized to interest expense, using the effective interest method, over the implicit life of the debentures.

Stock-Based Compensation

Our stock-based employee compensation plans are comprised of stock-settled stock appreciation rights, restricted stock units, and performance-based awards. Compensation cost for all stock-based awards is measured at fair value on the date of grant, and compensation cost is recognized, net of forfeitures, over the service period for awards expected to vest. The fair value of stock-settled appreciation rights and performance-based awards with market conditions is determined using the Black-Scholes and Monte Carlo simulation models, respectively. The fair value of restricted stock units with service conditions and performance-based awards with performance conditions is determined by the grant-date closing price of WESCO's common stock. Expected volatilities are based on historical volatility of our common stock. We estimate the expected life of stock-settled stock appreciation rights using historical data pertaining to option exercises and employee terminations. The risk-free rate is based on the U.S. Treasury yields in effect at the time of grant. The forfeiture assumption is based on our historical employee behavior, which we review on an annual basis. No dividends are assumed for stock-based awards.

Results of Operations

The following table sets forth the percentage relationship to net sales of certain items in our Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the periods presented.

Year Ended December 31,	2015	2014	2013
Net sales	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Cost of goods sold	80.1	79.6	79.4
Selling, general and administrative expenses	14.0	13.6	13.3
Depreciation and amortization	0.9	0.9	0.9
Income from operations	5.0	5.9	6.4
Interest expense	0.9	1.0	1.1
Loss on debt extinguishment	_	_	0.2
Income before income taxes	4.1	4.9	5.1
Provision for income taxes	1.3	1.4	1.4
Net income attributable to WESCO International, Inc.	2.8%	3.5%	3.7%

2015 Compared to 2014

Net Sales. Sales in 2015 decreased 4.7% to \$7,518.5 million, compared with \$7,889.6 million in 2014. Normalized organic sales decreased 3.3%; foreign exchange rates negatively impacted sales by 3.4% and were partially offset by a positive impact from acquisitions of 2.0%. Additionally, management estimates that price had no measurable impact on net sales.

The following table sets forth normalized organic sales growth:

	Twelve Months Ended			
	December 31,			
Normalized Organic Sales:	2015	2014		
Change in net sales	(4.7)%	5.0 %		
Less: Impact from acquisitions	2.0 %	1.4 %		
Less: Impact from foreign exchange rates	(3.4)%	(1.6)%		
Less: Impact from number of workdays	— %	(0.4)%		
Normalized organic sales growth	(3.3)%	5.6 %		

Note: Normalized organic sales growth is a non-GAAP financial measure provided by the Company to provide a better understanding of the Company's sales growth trends. Normalized organic sales growth is calculated by deducting the percentage impact on net sales from acquisitions, foreign exchange rates and number of workdays from the overall percentage change in consolidated net sales.

Cost of Goods Sold. Cost of goods sold decreased 4.0% in 2015 to \$6,024.8 million, compared with \$6,278.6 million in 2014. Cost of goods sold as a percentage of net sales was 80.1% and 79.6% in 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Selling, General and Administrative ("SG&A") Expenses. SG&A expenses include costs associated with personnel, shipping and handling, travel, advertising, facilities, utilities and bad debts. SG&A expenses decreased by \$21.9 million, or 2.0%, to \$1,055.0 million in 2015. The decrease in SG&A expenses is primarily due to cost reduction actions implemented during 2015, foreign exchange rates, lower variable sales and compensation costs and ongoing discretionary spending controls. As a percentage of net sales, SG&A expenses increased to 14.0% in 2015, compared to 13.6% in 2014, reflecting lower sales volume and incremental costs related to recent acquisitions, which were not fully offset by cost control actions and initiatives.

SG&A payroll expenses for 2015 of \$735.9 million decreased by \$23.0 million compared to 2014. The decrease in SG&A payroll expenses was primarily due to a decrease in commissions, incentives and benefits of \$16.6 million and a decrease in temporary labor of \$4.7 million. These decreases are due to a 5.0% headcount reduction, exclusive of acquisitions, and a reduction in discretionary spending.

The remaining SG&A expenses for 2015 of \$319.1 million increased by \$1.2 million compared to 2014.

Depreciation and Amortization. Depreciation and amortization decreased \$3.0 million to \$65.0 million in 2015, compared with \$68.0 million in 2014.

Income from Operations. Income from operations decreased by \$92.5 million to \$373.7 million in 2015, compared to \$466.2 million in 2014. Income from operations as a percentage of net sales was 5.0% and 5.9% in 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Interest Expense. Interest expense totaled \$69.8 million in 2015, compared with \$82.1 million in 2014, a decrease of 14.9%. Non-cash interest expense, which includes the amortization of debt discount, interest related to uncertain tax positions, the amortization of deferred financing fees and accrued interest was \$3.5 million and \$8.1 million for 2015 and 2014, respectively. The resolution of transfer pricing matters associated with previously filed tax positions resulted in non-cash interest income of \$9.4 million in the fourth quarter of 2015. Cash interest expense decreased primarily as a result of the repayment of the Canadian sub-facility of the term loans due 2019 throughout 2015.

The following table sets forth the components of interest expense:

	Twelve Months Ended				
	December 31,				
	2015			2014	
(In millions)					
Amortization of debt discount	\$	6.1	\$	4.1	
Amortization of deferred financing fees		6.1		4.4	
Interest related to uncertain tax positions, net		(8.7)		1.0	
Accrued interest		_		(1.4)	
Non-cash interest expense	-	3.5		8.1	
Cash interest expense		66.3		74.0	
Total interest expense	\$	69.8	\$	82.1	

Income Taxes. Our effective income tax rate was 31.4% in 2015 compared to 28.3% in 2014. Our effective tax rate is affected by recurring items, such as the relative amounts of income earned in the United States and foreign jurisdictions, primarily Canada, the tax rates in these jurisdictions and changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The resolution of the tax matter described above in the discussion of interest expense, resulted in incremental income tax expense of \$11.7 million, which increased the effective tax rate by 2.9 percentage points.

Net Income. Net income decreased by \$67.1 million, or 24.3%, to \$208.4 million in 2015, compared to \$275.4 million in 2014.

Net (Loss) Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interest. Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest was \$2.3 million in 2015, compared to \$0.5 million in 2014. The losses in 2015 and 2014 were primarily due to foreign exchange losses on cash balances.

Net Income Attributable to WESCO International, Inc. Net income and diluted earnings per share attributable to WESCO International, Inc. on a consolidated basis totaled \$210.7 million and \$4.18 per share, respectively, in 2015, compared with \$275.9 million and \$5.18 per share, respectively, in 2014.

2014 Compared to 2013

Net Sales. Sales in 2014 increased 5.0% to \$7,889.6 million, compared with \$7,513.3 million in 2013. The increase in sales included positive impacts from organic growth and acquisitions of 5.6% and 1.4%, respectively, partially offset by the negative effects of foreign exchange rates and number of workdays of 1.6% and 0.4%, respectively. Additionally, management estimates a price impact on net sales of approximately 0.5%.

The following table sets forth normalized organic sales growth:

Tweive Months Ended			
Decemb	oer 31,		
2014	2013		
5.0 %	14.2 %		
1.4 %	14.6 %		
(1.6)%	(0.4)%		
(0.4)%	— %		
5.6 %	— %		
	2014 5.0 % 1.4 % (1.6)% (0.4)%		

Note: Normalized organic sales growth is a non-GAAP financial measure provided by the Company to provide a better understanding of the Company's sales growth trends. Normalized organic sales growth is calculated by deducting the percentage impact on net sales from acquisitions, foreign exchange rates and number of workdays from the overall percentage change in consolidated net sales.

Cost of Goods Sold. Cost of goods sold increased 5.2% in 2014 to \$6,278.6 million, compared with \$5,967.9 million in 2013. Cost of goods sold as a percentage of net sales was 79.6% and 79.4% in 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Selling, General and Administrative ("SG&A") Expenses. SG&A expenses include costs associated with personnel, shipping and handling, travel, advertising, facilities, utilities and bad debts. SG&A expenses increased by \$80.0 million, or 8.0%, to \$1,076.8 million in 2014. The increase in SG&A expenses is primarily due to higher employment related costs resulting from the growth in organic sales and the impact from the LaPrairie, Hazmasters and Hi-Line acquisitions. SG&A expenses in 2013 include a \$36.1 million favorable impact from the recognition of insurance coverage for a litigation-related charge recorded in 2012. Adjusted SG&A expenses increased \$43.9 million, or approximately 4.2%, from 2013. As a percentage of net sales, adjusted SG&A expenses decreased to 13.6% in 2014, compared with 13.7% in 2013, reflecting ongoing cost controls and incremental cost reduction actions implemented during 2014.

The following table sets forth adjusted selling, general and administrative expenses:

	Twelve Months Ended				
	December 31,				
Adjusted Selling, General and Administrative Expenses:	2014 2013			2013	
(In millions)					
Selling, general and administrative expenses	\$	1,076.8	\$	996.8	
Litigation recovery included in SG&A		_		36.1	
Adjusted selling, general and administrative expenses	\$	1,076.8	\$	1,032.9	
Percent of sales		13.6%		13.7%	

Note: Adjusted SG&A is provided by the Company to allow financial statement users to compare the Company's performance from period to period by adjusting for transactions management views as impacting the comparability of results.

SG&A payroll expenses for 2014 of \$758.9 million increased by \$38.7 million compared to 2013. The increase in SG&A payroll expenses was primarily due to an increase in salary expense of \$23.6 million and an increase in commissions, incentives and benefits of \$13.9 million. These increases are primarily due to an increase in headcount, which is the result of both recent acquisitions and organic sales growth.

The remaining SG&A expenses for 2014 of \$317.9 million increased by \$41.3 million compared to 2013 primarily due to the favorable impact of a litigation matter in 2013 and increased occupancy and transportation costs of \$5.8 in 2014 related to recent acquisitions and organic sales growth.

Depreciation and Amortization. Depreciation and amortization increased \$0.4 million to \$68.0 million in 2014, compared with \$67.6 million in 2013. The increase in depreciation and amortization was primarily due to the impact from recent acquisitions, partially offset by the reduction in capital expenditures in 2014

Income from Operations. Income from operations decreased by \$14.8 million to \$466.2 million in 2014, compared to \$481.0 million in 2013. Income from operations in 2014 increased by \$21.3 million, or 4.8%, from adjusted income from operations of \$444.9 million in 2013. Adjusted income from operations as a percentage of net sales was 5.9% in 2014 and 2013, respectively.

The following table sets forth adjusted income from operations:

	Twelve Months Ended					
	December 31,					
Adjusted Income from Operations:		2014 2013				
(In millions)						
Income from operations	\$	466.2	\$	481.0		
Litigation recovery included in SG&A		_		(36.1)		
Adjusted income from operations	\$	466.2	\$	444.9		
Percent of sales		5.9%		5.9%		

Note: Adjusted income from operations is provided by the Company to allow financial statement users to compare the Company's performance from period to period by adjusting for transactions management views as impacting the comparability of results.

Interest Expense. Interest expense totaled \$82.1 million in 2014, compared with \$85.6 million in 2013, a decrease of 4.1%. Non-cash interest expense, which includes the amortization of debt discount, interest related to uncertain tax positions, the amortization of deferred financing fees and accrued interest was \$8.1 million and \$10.2 million for 2014 and 2013, respectively.

The following table sets forth the components of interest expense:

	Twelve Months Ended				
		December 31,			
	201			2013	
(In millions)					
Amortization of debt discount	\$	4.1	\$	4.3	
Amortization of deferred financing fees		4.4		4.9	
Interest related to uncertain tax positions, net		1.0		0.6	
Accrued interest		(1.4)		0.4	
Non-cash interest expense	'	8.1		10.2	
Cash interest expense		74.0		75.4	
Total interest expense	\$	82.1	\$	85.6	

Loss on Debt Extinguishment. In 2013, the Company incurred a loss on debt extinguishment of \$13.2 million in connection with the repayment of \$500 million of the Company's Term Loan Facility. In 2014, no such loss was incurred.

Loss on Sale of Argentina Business. The Company recorded a loss in 2013 of \$2.3 million resulting from the sale and complete divestiture of its EECOL Electric Argentina operations. The Company did not record such a loss in 2014.

Income Taxes. Our effective income tax rate was 28.3% in 2014 compared to 27.2% in 2013. Our effective tax rate is affected by recurring items, such as the relative amounts of income earned in the United States and foreign jurisdictions, primarily Canada, and the tax rates in these jurisdictions. The relative amounts of income earned in the United States and Canada is affected by the exchange rate at which Canadian income is translated into U.S. dollars. The increase in the tax rate from 2013 to 2014 was primarily due to a discrete benefit recorded in 2013 for foreign tax credits as a result of the settlement

of the Company's 1998-2003 IRS examination and the impact of an unfavorable change in the Canadian to U.S. dollar foreign exchange rate on the translation of taxable income from WESCO's Canadian operations.

Our effective income tax rate was 26.0% in 2014, as adjusted for the favorable impact of a litigation matter.

Net Income. Net income decreased by \$1.1 million, or 0.4%, to \$275.4 million in 2014, compared to \$276.5 million in 2013. Net income in 2014 increased \$20.9 million compared to adjusted net income of \$254.5 million in 2013.

Net (Loss) Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interest. Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest was \$0.5 million in 2014 and was primarily due to foreign exchange losses on cash balances. Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest totaled \$0.1 million in 2013.

Net Income Attributable to WESCO International, Inc. Net income and diluted earnings per share attributable to WESCO International, Inc. on a consolidated basis totaled \$275.9 million and \$5.18 per share, respectively, in 2014, compared with \$276.4 million and \$5.25 per share, respectively, in 2013. Adjusted net income attributable to WESCO International, Inc. and adjusted diluted earnings per share was \$254.4 million and \$4.82, respectively, in 2013.

The following table sets forth adjusted net income and adjusted net income attributable to WESCO International, Inc.:

	Twelve Months Ended							
	December 31,							
Adjusted Net Income Attributable to WESCO International, Inc.:		2014		2013				
(In millions)								
Income before income taxes	\$	384.1	\$	379.9				
Litigation recovery included in SG&A		_		(36.1)				
Adjusted income before income taxes		384.1		343.8				
Adjusted provision for income taxes		108.7		89.3				
Adjusted net income		275.4		254.5				
Less: Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interest		(0.5)		0.1				
Adjusted net income attributable to WESCO International, Inc.	\$	275.9	\$	254.4				
Adjusted Diluted EPS:								
Diluted share count		53.3		52.7				
Adjusted diluted EPS	\$	5.18	\$	4.82				

Note: Adjusted net income and adjusted net income attributable to WESCO International, Inc. is provided by the Company to allow financial statement users to compare the Company's performance from period to period by adjusting for transactions management views as impacting the comparability of results. Adjusted diluted EPS is calculated by dividing adjusted net income attributable to WESCO International, Inc. by weighted-average common shares outstanding and common share equivalents.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Total assets were \$4.6 billion and \$4.8 billion at December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Total liabilities at December 31, 2015 and 2014 were \$2.8 billion. Stockholders' equity decreased by 8.0% to \$1.8 billion at December 31, 2015, compared with \$1.9 billion at December 31, 2014, primarily as a result of a \$225.8 million foreign currency translation loss recorded within accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) and the repurchase of \$150.0 million of common stock pursuant to the Company's stock repurchase plan. These decreases to stockholders' equity were partially offset by net income of \$210.7 million.

The following table sets forth our outstanding indebtedness:

As of December 31,	2015	2014
(In thousands)		
Term Loan Facility, less debt discount of \$1,026 and \$3,110 in 2015 and 2014, respectively	\$ 173,724	\$ 249,235
5.375% Senior Notes due 2021	500,000	500,000
Accounts Receivable Securitization Facility	525,000	430,000
Revolving Credit Facility	75,000	8,000
International lines of credit	43,314	46,787
6.0% Convertible Senior Debentures due 2029, less debt discount of \$163,316 and \$167,257 in 2015 and 2014,		
respectively	181,557	177,638
Capital leases	2,505	3,891
Other notes	_	9
Total debt	1,501,100	1,415,560
Less current and short-term portion	(44,339)	(49,130)
Total long-term debt	\$ 1,456,761	\$ 1,366,430

The required annual principal repayments for all indebtedness for the next five years and thereafter, as of December 31, 2015 is set forth in the following table:

(In thousands)	
2016	\$ 44,339
2017	827
2018	525,413
2019	174,951
2020	75,040
Thereafter	844,872
Total payments on debt	\$ 1,665,442
Debt discount on convertible debentures and term loan facility	(164,342)
Total debt	\$ 1,501,100

Our liquidity needs generally arise from fluctuations in our working capital requirements, capital expenditures, acquisitions and debt service obligations. As of December 31, 2015, we had \$438.7 million in available borrowing capacity under our Revolving Credit Facility and \$10.9 million in available borrowing capacity under our Receivables Facility, which combined with our cash of \$96.5 million provided liquidity of \$546.1 million. Cash included in our determination of liquidity represents cash in deposit and interest bearing investment accounts. We believe cash provided by operations and financing activities will be adequate to cover our current operational and business needs.

We monitor the depository institutions that hold our cash and cash equivalents on a regular basis, and we believe that we have placed our deposits with creditworthy financial institutions. We also communicate on a regular basis with our lenders regarding our financial and working capital performance, liquidity position and financial leverage. Our financial leverage ratio was 3.8 and 3.0 as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. In addition, we are in compliance with all covenants and restrictions contained in our debt agreements as of December 31, 2015.

The following table sets forth the Company's financial leverage ratio as of December 31, 2015 and 2014:

Twelve months ended December 31,	2015	2014
(In millions, except ratios)		
Income from operations	\$ 373.7 \$	466.2
Depreciation and amortization	65.0	68.0
EBITDA	\$ 438.7 \$	534.2

	December 31, 2015	 December 31, 2014
Current debt	\$ 44.3	\$ 49.1
Long-term debt	1,456.8	1,366.4
Debt discount related to convertible debentures and Term Loan Facility ⁽¹⁾	164.3	170.4
Total debt including debt discount	\$ 1,665.4	\$ 1,585.9
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	160.3	128.3
Total debt including debt discount, net of cash	\$ 1,505.1	\$ 1,457.6
Financial leverage ratio based on total debt	3.8	3.0
Financial leverage ratio based on total debt, net of cash	3.4	2.7

⁽¹⁾ The convertible debentures and term loan facility are presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheets in long-term debt net of the unamortized discount.

Note: Financial leverage is provided by the Company as an indicator of capital structure position. Financial leverage ratio based on total debt is calculated by dividing total debt, including debt discount, by EBITDA. Financial leverage ratio based on total debt, net of cash, is calculated by dividing total debt, including debt discount, net of cash, by EBITDA is defined as the trailing twelve months earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization.

At December 31, 2015, we had cash and cash equivalents totaling \$160.3 million, of which \$127.0 million was held by foreign subsidiaries. The cash held by some of our foreign subsidiaries could be subject to additional U.S. income taxes if repatriated. We believe that we are able to maintain a sufficient level of liquidity for our domestic operations and commitments without repatriation of the cash held by these foreign subsidiaries.

Over the next several quarters, we plan to closely manage working capital, and it is expected that excess cash will be directed primarily at debt reduction, acquisitions and share repurchases. Our near term focus will be maintaining ample liquidity and credit availability. We anticipate capital expenditures in 2016 to be at levels similar to 2015. We believe our balance sheet and ability to generate ample cash flow provides us with a durable business model and should allow us to fund expansion needs and growth initiatives.

We finance our operating and investing needs as follows:

Term Loan Facility

On December 12, 2012, WESCO Distribution, as U.S. borrower, WDCC Enterprises Inc. ("WDCC" and together with WESCO Distribution, the "Borrowers"), as Canadian borrower, and WESCO International entered into a Term Loan Agreement (the "Term Loan Agreement") among WESCO Distribution, WDCC, the Company, the lenders party thereto and Credit Suisse AG Cayman Islands Branch, as administrative agent and as collateral agent.

The Term Loan Agreement provided a seven-year term loan facility (the "Term Loan Facility"), which consisted of two separate sub-facilities: (i) a Canadian sub-facility in an aggregate principal amount of CAD \$150 million, issued at a 2.0% discount and (ii) a U.S. sub-facility in an aggregate principal amount of \$700 million, issued at a 1.0% discount. The proceeds of the Term Loan Facility were used to finance the acquisition of EECOL and to pay fees and expenses incurred in connection with the acquisition and certain other transactions. Subject to the terms of the Term Loan Agreement, the Borrowers may request incremental term loans from time to time in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed at any time \$300 million, with an equivalent principal amount in U.S. Dollars being calculated for any incremental term loan denominated in Canadian Dollars.

On November 19, 2013, the Borrowers and WESCO International entered into an amendment (the "Term Loan Amendment") to the Term Loan Agreement. The Term Loan Amendment, among other things, reduced the applicable margin on U.S. term loans by 0.50% and the LIBOR floor applicable to the U.S. sub-facility from 1.00% to 0.75%. The modified pricing terms were effective December 13, 2013.

On November 26, 2013, WESCO Distribution sold \$500 million aggregate principal amount of 5.375% Senior Notes due 2021 (the "2021 Notes"), and used the net proceeds plus excess cash to prepay \$500 million under the Company's U.S. sub-facility of the Term Loan Facility (see discussion below under "5.375% Senior Notes due 2021" for additional information). The prepayment satisfied all remaining quarterly repayment obligations under the U.S. subfacility. As a result, the Company recorded a non-cash pre-tax loss on debt extinguishment of \$13.2 million in the fourth quarter of 2013. WESCO will amortize the remaining debt discount and financing costs over the life of the instrument. As of December 31, 2015, the amount outstanding under the U.S. sub-facility was \$174.8 million. The Canadian sub-facility was fully repaid in 2015 using cash provided by Canadian operations.

Borrowings under the Term Loan Facility bear interest at base rates plus applicable margins. At December 31, 2015, the interest rate on borrowings under the U.S. sub-facility was 3.75%. At December 31, 2014, the interest rate on borrowings under the Canadian and U.S. sub-facilities were 5.3% and 3.75%, respectively. To the extent not previously paid, the outstanding U.S. sub-facility will become due and payable on December 12, 2019, with any unpaid incremental term loans becoming due and payable on the respective maturity dates applicable to those incremental term loans. At any time or from time to time, the Borrowers may prepay borrowings under the Term Loan Facility in whole or in part without premium or penalty. The Borrowers' obligations under the Term Loan Facility are secured by substantially all of the assets of the Borrowers, the Company and certain of the Company's other subsidiaries; provided that, with respect to borrowings under the U.S. sub-facility, the collateral does not include assets of certain foreign subsidiaries or more than 65% of the issued and outstanding equity interests in certain foreign subsidiaries.

The Term Loan Facility contains customary affirmative and negative covenants for credit facilities of this type. The Term Loan Facility also provides for customary events of default.

5.375% Senior Notes due 2021

In November 2013, WESCO Distribution issued \$500 million aggregate principal amount of 2021 Notes through a private offering exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). The 2021 Notes were issued at 100% of par and are governed by an indenture (the "Indenture") entered into on November 26, 2013 with WESCO International and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee. The 2021 Notes are unsecured senior obligations of WESCO Distribution and are guaranteed on a senior unsecured basis by WESCO International. The 2021 Notes bear interest at a stated rate of 5.375%, payable semi-annually in arrears on June 15 and December 15 of each year. In addition, WESCO recorded deferred financing fees related to the issuance of the 2021 Notes totaling \$8.2 million, which are being amortized over the life of the notes. The 2021 Notes mature on December 15, 2021. The net proceeds of the 2021 Notes were used to prepay a portion of the U.S. sub-facility of the term loans due 2019.

Under the terms of a registration rights agreement dated as of November 26, 2013 among WESCO Distribution, Inc., WESCO International, Inc. and Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, as the representative of the initial purchasers of the 5.375% Notes, WESCO Distribution and WESCO International agreed to register under the Securities Act notes having terms identical in all material respects to the 5.375% Notes (the "5.375% Exchange Notes") and to make an offer to exchange the 5.375% Exchange Notes for the 5.375% Notes. WESCO Distribution launched the exchange offer on June 12, 2014 and the exchange offer closed on July 17, 2014.

At any time on or after December 15, 2016, WESCO Distribution may redeem all or a part of the 2021 Notes. Between December 15, 2016 and December 14, 2017, WESCO Distribution may redeem all or a part of the 2021 Notes at a redemption price equal to 104.031% of the principal amount. Between December 15, 2017 and December 14, 2018, WESCO Distribution may redeem all or a part of the 2021 Notes at a redemption price equal to 102.688% of the principal amount. Between December 15, 2018 and December 14, 2019, WESCO Distribution may redeem all or a part of the 2021 Notes at a redemption price equal to 101.344% of the principal amount. On and after December 15, 2019, WESCO Distribution may redeem all or a part of the 2021 Notes at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount.

The Indenture governing the 2021 Notes contains customary covenants and customary events of default. In addition, upon a change of control, the holders of 2021 Notes have the right to require WESCO Distribution to repurchase all or any part of the 2021 Notes at a redemption price equal to 101% of the principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest.

Mortgage Financing Facility

In 2003, WESCO finalized a mortgage financing facility of \$51.0 million. This facility was extinguished with repayments of \$26.4 million in the first quarter of 2013. The interest rate on borrowings under this facility was fixed at 6.5%.

Accounts Receivable Securitization Facility

On September 24, 2015, WESCO Distribution, Inc. amended and restated its accounts receivable securitization facility (the "Receivables Facility") pursuant to the terms and conditions of a Fourth Amended and Restated Receivables Purchase Agreement (the "Receivables Purchase Agreement"), by and among WESCO Receivables Corp. ("WESCO Receivables"), WESCO Distribution, Inc., the various purchaser groups from time to time party thereto and PNC Bank, National Association, as Administrator. The Receivables Purchase Agreement amended and restated the receivables purchase agreement entered into on April 13, 2009.

The Receivables Purchase Agreement increased the purchase limit from \$500 million to \$550 million, with the opportunity to exercise an accordion feature which permits increases in the purchase limit of up to \$100 million, extended the term of the Receivables Facility to September 24, 2018 and added and amended certain defined terms. The interest rate spread and commitment fee of the Receivables Facility remained 0.95% and 0.45%, respectively.

Under the Receivables Facility, WESCO sells, on a continuous basis, an undivided interest in all domestic accounts receivable to WESCO Receivables Corp., a wholly owned special purpose entity (the "SPE"). The SPE sells, without recourse, a senior undivided interest in the receivables to financial institutions for cash while maintaining a subordinated undivided interest in the receivables, in the form of overcollateralization. WESCO has agreed to continue servicing the sold receivables for the third-party conduits and financial institutions at market rates; accordingly, no servicing asset or liability has been recorded.

As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, accounts receivable eligible for securitization totaled approximately \$684.7 million and \$673.6 million, respectively. The Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2015 and 2014 include \$525.0 million and \$430.0 million, respectively, of account receivable balances legally sold to third parties, as well as borrowings for equal amounts. At December 31, 2015 and 2014, the interest rate on borrowings under this facility was approximately 1.4% and 1.0%, respectively.

Revolving Credit Facility

On September 24, 2015, WESCO International, Inc., WESCO Distribution, Inc. and certain other subsidiaries of the Company entered into a \$600 million revolving credit facility (the "Revolving Credit Facility"), which contains a letter of credit sub-facility of up to \$125 million, pursuant to the terms and conditions of a Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement (the "Credit Agreement"). The Revolving Credit Facility contains an accordion feature allowing WESCO Distribution, Inc. to request increases to the borrowing commitments, subject to customary conditions. This accordion feature increased from \$100 million to \$200 million in the aggregate. The Revolving Credit Facility replaced WESCO Distribution Inc.'s prior revolving credit facility entered into on December 12, 2012.

The Revolving Credit Facility matures in September 2020 and consists of two separate sub-facilities: (i) a Canadian sub-facility with a borrowing limit of up to \$400 million, which is collateralized by substantially all assets of WESCO Canada and the other Canadian Borrowers, other than, among other things, real property, in each case, subject to customary exceptions and limitations, and (ii) a U.S sub-facility with a borrowing limit of up to \$600 million less the amount of outstanding borrowings under the Canadian sub-facility. The U.S. sub-facility is collateralized by substantially all assets of WESCO Distribution, Inc. and its subsidiaries which are party to the Credit Agreement, other than, among other things, real property and accounts receivable sold or intended to be sold pursuant to the Receivables Purchase Agreement. The applicable interest rate for borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility includes interest rate spreads based on available borrowing capacity that range between 1.25% and 1.75% for LIBOR-based borrowings and 0.25% and 0.75% for prime rate-based borrowings. At December 31, 2015, the interest rate on borrowings under this facility was approximately 1.7%.

The Credit Agreement requires ongoing compliance with certain customary affirmative and negative covenants. The Credit Agreement contains customary events of default.

During 2015, WESCO borrowed \$1,276.0 million in the aggregate under the Revolving Credit Facility and prior revolving credit facility and made repayments in the aggregate amount of \$1,209.0 million. During 2014, aggregate borrowings and repayments were \$1,046.5 million and \$1,059.7 million, respectively. WESCO had \$438.7 million available under the Revolving Credit facility at December 31, 2015, after giving effect to outstanding letters and international lines of credit, as compared to approximately \$497.5 million at December 31, 2014.

International Lines of Credit

Certain foreign subsidiaries of WESCO have entered into uncommitted lines of credit, which serve as overdraft facilities, to support local operations. The maximum borrowing limit varies by facility and ranges between \$2.0 million and \$19.0 million. The applicable interest rate for borrowings under these lines of credit varies by country and is governed by the applicable loan agreement. The international lines of credit are renewable on an annual basis and certain facilities are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by WESCO Distribution. Accordingly, these lines directly reduce availability under the Revolving Credit Facility.

6.0% Convertible Senior Debentures due 2029

On August 27, 2009, WESCO International completed an exchange offer pursuant to which it issued \$345.0 million in aggregate principal amount of 6.0% Convertible Senior Debentures due 2029 (the "2029 Debentures") in exchange for approximately \$299.7 million and \$57.7 million in aggregate principal amounts of its previously outstanding 1.75% Convertible Senior Debentures due 2026 and 2.625% Convertible Senior Debentures due 2025, respectively. As a result of the debt exchange, WESCO recorded a gain of \$6.0 million, which included the write-off of debt issuance costs. The 2029 Debentures were issued pursuant to an Indenture dated August 27, 2009 (the "2009 Indenture"), with The Bank of New York Mellon, as trustee, and are unconditionally guaranteed on an unsecured senior subordinate basis by WESCO Distribution.

WESCO separately accounts for the liability and equity components of its 2029 Debentures in a manner that reflects its non-convertible debt borrowing rate. WESCO utilized an interest rate of 13.875% to reflect the non-convertible debt borrowing rate of its offering upon issuance, which was determined based on discussions with its financial institutions and a review of relevant market data, and resulted in a \$181.2 million discount to the 2029 Debenture balance and a net increase in additional capital of \$106.5 million. In addition, the financing costs related to the issuance of the 2029 Debentures were allocated between the debt and equity components. WESCO is amortizing the debt discount and financing costs over the life of the instrument. For the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013, non-cash interest expense for the amortization of the debt discount and deferred financing fees was \$4.2 million, \$3.8 million and \$3.2 million, respectively. The amortization of the debt discount and deferred financing fees will approximate \$4.8 million in 2016, \$5.4 million in 2017, \$6.1 million in 2018, \$6.9 million in 2019, and \$7.9 million in 2020.

While the 2029 Debentures accrue interest at an effective interest rate of 13.875% (as described above), the coupon interest rate of 6.0% per annum is payable in cash semi-annually in arrears on each March 15 and September 15. Beginning with the six-month period commencing September 15, 2016, WESCO International will also pay contingent interest during any six-month period in which the trading price of the 2029 Debentures for each of the five trading days ending on the second trading day immediately preceding the first day of the applicable six-month interest period equals or exceeds 120% of the principal amount of the 2029 Debentures. During any six-month period when contingent interest shall be payable, the contingent interest payable per \$1,000 principal amount of 2029 Debentures will equal 0.25% of the average trading price of \$1,000 principal amount of the 2029 Debentures during the five trading days ending on the second trading day immediately preceding the first day of the applicable six-month interest period. The contingent interest feature is an embedded derivative that is not considered clearly and closely related to the host contract. Accordingly, the contingent interest component had no significant value at December 31, 2015 or 2014.

The 2029 Debentures are convertible into cash, and in certain circumstances, shares of WESCO International's common stock, \$0.01 par value, at any time on or after September 15, 2028, or prior to September 15, 2028 in certain circumstances. The 2029 Debentures will be convertible based on an initial conversion rate of 34.6433 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of the 2029 Debentures (equivalent to an initial conversion price of approximately \$28.87 per share). The conversion rate and conversion price may be adjusted under certain circumstances.

At any time on or after September 15, 2016, the Company may redeem all or a part of the 2029 Debentures plus accrued and unpaid interest (including contingent interest and additional interest, if any) to, but not including, the redemption date. If WESCO International undergoes certain fundamental changes, as defined in the 2009 Indenture, prior to maturity, holders of the 2029 Debentures will have the right, at their option, to require WESCO International to repurchase for cash some or all of their 2029 Debentures at a repurchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2029 Debentures being repurchased, plus accrued and unpaid interest (including contingent interest and additional interest, if any) to, but not including, the repurchase date.

The following table sets forth the components of WESCO's outstanding convertible debenture indebtedness:

	D	ecember 31, 2015		December 31, 2014				
	Principal N Balance Discount		Net Carrying Principal Amount Balance		Discount	Net Carrying Amount		
(In thousands)								
2029 Convertible Debentures	344,873	(163,316)	181,557	344,895	(167,257)	177,638		

Covenant Compliance

We were in compliance with all relevant covenants contained in our debt agreements as of December 31, 2015.

Cash Flow

An analysis of cash flows for 2015 and 2014 follows:

Operating Activities. Cash provided by operating activities for 2015 totaled \$283.1 million, compared with \$251.2 million of cash generated in 2014. Cash provided by operating activities included net income of \$208.4 million and adjustments to net income totaling \$121.2 million. Other sources of cash in 2015 were generated from decreases in other accounts receivable of \$57.2 million, trade receivables of \$40.1 million and inventory of \$2.4 million. Primary uses of cash in 2015 included a \$66.8 million decrease in other current and noncurrent liabilities, a \$55.9 million decrease in accounts payable, a \$15.0 million decrease in accounts payroll and benefit costs, and a \$8.5 million increase in prepaid expenses and other noncurrent assets. In 2014, primary sources of cash were net income of \$275.4 million and adjustments to net income totaling \$83.9 million. Other sources of cash in 2014 were generated from increases in accounts payable of \$37.6 million, accrued payroll and benefit cost of \$7.6 million, and other current and noncurrent liabilities of \$11.2 million. Primary uses of cash in 2014 included a \$89.0 million increase in trade receivables, a \$36.8 million increase in inventory, a \$27.0 million increase in prepaid expenses and other noncurrent assets, and a \$11.7 million increase in other accounts receivable.

Investing Activities. Net cash used in investing activities in 2015 was \$170.2 million, compared with \$144.1 million of net cash used in 2014. Capital expenditures were \$21.7 million and \$20.5 million in 2015 and 2014, respectively. Proceeds from the sale of assets were \$3.1 million and \$15.0 million in 2015 and 2014, respectively. During 2015, the Company paid \$151.6 million, primarily to acquire Hill Country and Needham. During 2014, the Company paid \$133.8 million to acquire LaPrairie, Hazmasters and Hi-Line. Acquisition payments in 2014 also included a post-close payment to EECOL in the amount of \$4.8 million.

Financing Activities. Net cash used in financing activities in 2015 was \$67.8 million, compared with \$95.5 million in 2014. During 2015, financing activities consisted of borrowings and repayments of \$1,276.0 million and \$1,209.0 million, respectively, related to our Revolving Credit Facility, borrowings and repayments of \$252.6 million and \$157.6 million, respectively, related to our Receivables Facility, and repayments of \$69.2 million related to our Term Loan Facility. Financing activities in 2015 also included borrowings and repayments on our various international lines of credit of \$102.0 million and \$100.3 million, respectively. Additionally, financing activities in 2015 included the repurchase of \$155.8 million of the Company's common stock, \$150.0 million of which was pursuant to the repurchase plan announced on December 17, 2014. During 2014, financing activities consisted of borrowings and repayments of \$1,046.5 million and \$1,059.7 million, respectively, related to our Revolving Credit Facility, borrowings and repayments of \$122.1 million and \$145.7 million, respectively, related to our Receivables Facility, repayments of \$38.8 million related to our Term Loan Facility. Financing activities in 2014 also included borrowings and repayments on our various international lines of credit of \$71.3 million and \$57.8 million, respectively.

Contractual Cash Obligations and Other Commercial Commitments

The following summarizes our contractual obligations, including interest, at December 31, 2015 and the effect such obligations are expected to have on liquidity and cash flow in future periods.

	2016	2017 to 2018	2	2019 to 2020	2021 - After	Total
(In millions)						
Contractual cash obligations (including interest):						
Debt, excluding debt discount	\$ 44.3	\$ 526.2	\$	250.0	\$ 845.0	\$ 1,665.5
Interest on indebtedness ⁽¹⁾	64.8	122.9		103.5	206.8	498.0
Non-cancelable operating leases	56.6	88.4		52.0	53.2	250.2
Total contractual cash obligations	\$ 165.7	\$ 737.5	\$	405.5	\$ 1,105.0	\$ 2,413.7

(1) Interest on the variable rate debt was calculated using the rates and balances outstanding at December 31, 2015.

Purchase orders for inventory requirements and service contracts are not included in the table above. Generally, our purchase orders and contracts contain clauses allowing for cancellation. We do not have significant agreements to purchase material or goods that would specify minimum order quantities. Also, we do not consider liabilities for uncertain tax benefits to be contractual obligations requiring disclosure due to the uncertainty surrounding the ultimate settlement and timing of these liabilities. As such, we have not included liabilities for uncertain tax benefits of \$6.5 million in the table above.

Inflation

The rate of inflation, as measured by changes in the producer price index, affects different commodities, the cost of products purchased and ultimately the pricing of our different products and product classes to our customers. Our pricing related to inflation did not have a measurable impact on our sales revenue for the year ended December 31, 2015. Historically, price changes from suppliers have been consistent with inflation and have not had a material impact on the results of operations.

Seasonality

Our operating results are not significantly affected by seasonal factors. Sales during the first quarter are affected by a reduced level of activity. Sales during the second, third and fourth quarters are generally 5 - 7% higher than the first quarter. Sales typically increase beginning in March, with slight fluctuations per month through October. During periods of economic expansion or contraction our sales by quarter have varied significantly from this pattern.

Impact of Recently Issued Accounting Standards

See Note 2 of our Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for information regarding the effect of new accounting pronouncements.

Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risks.

Foreign Currency Risks

Approximately 25% of our sales in 2015 were made by our foreign subsidiaries located in North America, South America, Europe, Africa, Asia and Australia and are denominated in foreign currencies. We may establish additional foreign subsidiaries in the future. Accordingly, we may derive a larger portion of our sales from international operations, and a portion of these sales may be denominated in foreign currencies. As a result, our future operating results could become subject to fluctuations in the exchange rates of those currencies in relation to the U.S. dollar. Furthermore, to the extent that we engage in international sales denominated in U.S. dollars, an increase in the value of the U.S. dollar relative to foreign currencies could make our products less competitive in international markets. We have monitored and will continue to monitor our exposure to currency fluctuations.

Interest Rate Risk

Fixed Rate Borrowings: Approximately 51% of our debt portfolio is comprised of fixed rate debt. At various times, we have refinanced our debt to mitigate the impact of interest rate fluctuations. As the 2021 Notes and 2029 Debentures were issued at fixed rates, interest expense would not be impacted by interest rate fluctuations, although market value would be. The fair value of the 2029 Debentures was \$514.2 million, at December 31, 2015. For the 2021 Notes, fair value approximated carrying value.(see Note 7 to the Consolidated Financial Statements).

Floating Rate Borrowings: The Company's variable rate borrowings at December 31, 2015 were comprised of the amounts outstanding under the Term Loan Facility, Receivables Facility, Revolving Credit Facility, and the international lines of credit. The fair value of these debt instruments at December 31, 2015 approximated carrying value, which totaled \$818.1 million. We entered into the Term Loan Facility on December 12, 2012 and the proceeds were primarily used to finance the acquisition of EECOL. Borrowings under the U.S. sub-facility of the term loans due 2019 bear interest at 0.75% or, if greater, the applicable LIBOR (London Interbank Offered Rate) or base rates plus applicable margins and therefore are subject to fluctuations in interest rates. We borrow under our Revolving Credit Facility and Receivables Facility for general corporate purposes, including working capital requirements and capital expenditures. Borrowings under our Revolving Credit Facility bear interest at the applicable LIBOR / CDOR (Canadian Dealer Offered Rate) or base rates plus applicable margins, whereas borrowings under the Receivables Facility bear interest at the 30 day LIBOR plus applicable margins. A 100 basis point increase or decrease in interest rates would not have a significant impact on future earnings under our current capital structure.

Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.

The information required by this item is set forth in our Consolidated Financial Statements contained in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Specific financial statements can be found at the pages listed below:

	PAGE
Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	34
Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2015 and 2014	<u>35</u>
Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the years ended	
<u>December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013</u>	<u>36</u>
Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013	<u>37</u>
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013	<u>38</u>
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	39

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of WESCO International, Inc.:

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated balance sheets and the related consolidated statements of income and comprehensive (loss) income, stockholders' equity and cash flows present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of WESCO International, Inc. and its subsidiaries at December 31, 2015 and 2014, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2015 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, in our opinion, the financial statement schedule listed in the accompanying index presents fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein when read in conjunction with the related consolidated financial statements. Also in our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2015, based on criteria established in Internal Control - Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). The Company's management is responsible for these financial statements and financial statement schedule, for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting appearing under Item 9A. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements, on the financial statement schedule, and on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our integrated audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement and whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audits of the financial statements included examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Our audit of internal control over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audits also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania February 22, 2016

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

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Trade accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$22,887 and \$21,084 in 2015 and 2		ď	160 270	ď	120 210
respectively 1,171,42	·	Þ	160,279	Þ	128,319
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Current deferred income taxes (Note 9) 8,55 (8) from taxes receivable 73,04 (9) 60,04 Prepaid expesses and other current assets 48,04 (9) 48,03 (3) Prepaid expesses and other current assets 2,257,34 (2) 2,237,33 (2) Property buildings and equipment, net (Note 6) 40,30 (4) 48,04 (2) Linglish gasses, net (Note 3) 1,681,62 (2) 1,753,44 (2) Lord received income taxes (Note 9) 1,681,62 (2) 3,73,60 (2) Liber asset 5,00 (2) 3,00 (2) Total assets 5,00 (2) 3,00 (2) Accounts payable 7,15,51 (2) 5,75,53 (2) Accounts payable 1,00 (2) 3,00 (2) Short-term det (Note 7) 43,14 (2) 46,00 (2) Current portion of long-term debt (Note 7) 43,14 (2) 46,00 (2) Current portion of long-term debt (Note 7) 3,13 (2) 46,00 (2) Current portion of long-term debt (Note 7) 4,50 (2) 43,14 (2) Current portion of long-term debt (Note 7) 4,50 (2) 43,14 (2) Other courtent liabilities 3,10 (2) 43,24 (2) <	Other accounts receivable		81,242		138,745
Internation server in the property server search server in the property shallings and equipment, net (Note 6) 7,36,16 2,275,13 2,205,13 2,205,13 2,205,13 2,205,13 2,205,13 2,205,13 2,205,13 2,205,13 2,205,23 <td< td=""><td>Inventories</td><td></td><td>810,067</td><td></td><td>819,502</td></td<>	Inventories		810,067		819,502
Prepaid expenses and other current assets 48.42 (2.53.33) Total current assets 2.257.53 2.257.33 2.257.33 2.259.33 2.	Current deferred income taxes (Note 9)		8,455		35,916
Total current assers 2,257,534 2,303,331 Property, buildings and equipment, net (Note 6) 180,272 180,272 tangalpile assers, net (Note 3) 403,644 420,844 Cookwill (Note 3) 1,681,662 1,753,444 Defered income taxes (Note 9) 5,95,02 3,886 Total assers 5,95,02 3,886 Total assers 5,95,02 3,886 Accounts payable 5,152 5,753,13 Accounts payable 5,152 6,733 Account payroll and benefit costs (Note 11) 5,152 6,733 Short-term debt (Note 7) 1,052 2,234 Current portion of long-term debt (Note 7) 1,052 2,234 District met metaxes payable 3,130 1,252 2,234 Other current liabilities 3,330 1,224 1,256 2,334 Other current liabilities 3,330 3,242 3,242 3,242 3,243 3,242 3,242 3,242 3,242 3,242 3,242 3,242 3,242 3,242 3,242 3,242 <td>Income taxes receivable</td> <td></td> <td>73,814</td> <td></td> <td>56,162</td>	Income taxes receivable		73,814		56,162
Property, buildings and equipment, net (Note 6) 166,739 182,722 transpile assets, net (Note 3) 436,64 429,84 Cookwill (Note 3) 18,164,65 17,554,44 Cherred income taxes (Note 9) 30,80 33,80 Labilities and Stockholders' Equity Accomed payroll and benefit costs (Note 11) 5,715,519 6,73,33 Accomed payroll and benefit costs (Note 11) 1,025 1,23,43 Accomed payroll and benefit costs (Note 11) 3,130 1,24,54 Charma portion of long-term debt (Note 7) 1,025 2,23 Accomed payroll and benefit costs (Note 13) 2,23 Accomed payroll and benefit costs (Note 13) 3,130 1,25 2,23 Accomed payroll and benefit costs (Note 13) 3,130 2,23 3,23 3,23 3,23 3,23 3,23	Prepaid expenses and other current assets		48,420		54,274
antagible assets, net (Note 3) 403,649 429,484 300-defered income taxes (Note 9) 1,815,640 1,735,440 obered assets 59,620 3,368 Total assets 5,458,420 \$ 4,758,433 Total assets Labilities and Stockholders' Equiv Exercise Labilities Total assets 715,513 \$ 765,13 Accounts payable \$ 715,519 \$ 765,13 Accounts payable \$ 11,288 67,933 Short-tern debt (Note 7) 43,314 467,83 Colspan="2">Content payable 31,172 36,044 Content asset spayable 31,172 36,044 Content asset payable 31,172 31,172 Other current liabilities 31,172 31,172 Total current liabilities 31,33 31,243 Content asset (Note 9) 31,35 31,243 Content asset (Note 9) 31,35 31,243 Content taxes (Note 9) 32,13 32,242	Total current assets		2,257,534		2,350,338
Goodwill (Note 3) 1,81,614 1,81,244 1,81,244 22,444 Lefter assets 5,96,62 3,36,88 3,86,88 <td>Property, buildings and equipment, net (Note 6)</td> <td></td> <td>166,739</td> <td></td> <td>182,725</td>	Property, buildings and equipment, net (Note 6)		166,739		182,725
defered income tases (Note 9) 18,221 22,424 cheeses 5,000 33,00 Tablates Liabilities and Stockholder's Fugiture Terrett Liabilities Commiss payable 5,715,51 5,755,31 Accrued payroll adherlitrosts (Note 11) 5,152,32 6,755,33 Short-tem debt (Note 7) 1,025 2,234 Current portion of long-term debt (Note 7) 3,101 36,00 More coverdarfs 3,101 36,00 More coverdarfs 3,102 32,00 More coverdarfs 3,102 32,00 More coverdarfs 3,103 32,00 More coverdarfs 3,104 32,00 More coverdarfs 3,102 32,00 More coverdarfs 3,102 32,00 More coverdarfs 3,103 32,00 More coverdarfs 3,103 32,00 More coverdarfs 3,104 32,00 More coverdarfs 3,104 32,00 More coverdarfs 3,104 <t< td=""><td>Intangible assets, net (Note 3)</td><td></td><td>403,649</td><td></td><td>429,840</td></t<>	Intangible assets, net (Note 3)		403,649		429,840
Scheme asset 55,000 33,000 Total assets Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity Current Liabilities Current Liabilities Accounts payable 715,513 765,133 Accounts payable (Note 7) 43,145 467,733 Current portion of long-term debt (Note 7) 34,147 36,047 Mack overdarfs 34,176 36,047 Asset with a support of long-term debt (Note 7) 34,176 36,047 Current profition of long-term debt (Note 7) 34,147 36,047 Asset with a support of long-term debt (Note 7) 34,147 36,047 Asset with a support of long-term debt (Note 7) 34,147 36,047 Asset with a support of long-term debt (Note 7) 34,147 36,047 Asset with a support of long-term debt (Note 7) 34,147 36,047 Asset with a support of long-term debt (Note 7) 34,147 36,047 Asset with a support of long-term debt (Note 7) 34,147 34,147 Asset with a s	Goodwill (Note 3)		1,681,662		1,735,440
Total assets Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity Accounts payable Scruity Scruit Liabilities Accounts payable Scruit Liabilities Accounts payable Scruit Liabilities Accounts payable Scruit Liabilities Accounts payable Scruit Liabilities Current portion of long-term debt (Note 1) S1,258 (67,93) Short-term debt (Note 7) S1,258 (78,93) Short-term debt (Note 7) S1,258 (78,93) Short-term debt (Note 7) S1,258 (78,93) All 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 10	Deferred income taxes (Note 9)		18,221		22,414
Carrent Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity Sample	Other assets		59,620		33,680
Current Liabilities: S 75.51.33 5 76.51.33 Accrued payrolland benefit cots (Note 11) 51.528 67.93.33 Accrued payrolland benefit cots (Note 17) 43.43 46.78 Current portion of long-term debt (Note 7) 34.34 34.04 Bank overdrafts 34.17 36.04 Income taxes payable 73.03 22.24 Other current liabilities 94.06 34.03 Order current liabilities 94.06 34.03 One termet keek (Note 9) 36.83 34.67 Other current liabilities 36.08 34.04 Order current liabilities 94.06 1.366.63 Order current liabilities 36.83 34.67 Order current liabilities 36.83 34.67 Total liabilities 36.83 34.67 Total liabilities 36.08 34.07 Total liabilities 36.08 34.07 Total liabilities 36.08 34.07 Total liabilities 36.08 34.07 Total liabilities 36.08	Total assets	\$	4,587,425	\$	4,754,437
Current Liabilities: S 75.51.33 5 76.51.33 Accrued payrolland benefit cots (Note 11) 51.528 67.93.33 Accrued payrolland benefit cots (Note 17) 43.43 46.78 Current portion of long-term debt (Note 7) 34.34 34.04 Bank overdrafts 34.17 36.04 Income taxes payable 73.03 22.24 Other current liabilities 94.06 34.03 Order current liabilities 94.06 34.03 One termet keek (Note 9) 36.83 34.67 Other current liabilities 36.08 34.04 Order current liabilities 94.06 1.366.63 Order current liabilities 36.83 34.67 Order current liabilities 36.83 34.67 Total liabilities 36.83 34.67 Total liabilities 36.08 34.07 Total liabilities 36.08 34.07 Total liabilities 36.08 34.07 Total liabilities 36.08 34.07 Total liabilities 36.08	Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity				
Accounts payable \$ 715,519 \$ 765,313 Accrued payroll and benefit costs (Note 11) 51,258 67,333 Short-term debt (Note 7) 43,314 46,788 Current portion of long-term debt (Note 7) 1,002 3,044 Bank overdrafts 34,170 36,044 Income taxes payable 29,212 29,313 Other current liabilities 345,071 1,063,87 Outget met debt, not of sits,4342 and \$170,367 in 2015 and 2014, respectively (Note 7) 345,071 1,063,87 Outget met debt, not of sits,4342 and \$170,367 in 2015 and 2014, respectively (Note 7) 345,071 1,063,87 Outget met debt, not of sits,4342 and \$170,367 in 2015 and 2014, respectively (Note 7) 345,072 345,072 Outget met debt, not of sits,4342 and \$170,367 in 2015 and 2014, respectively (Note 8) 346,072 345,072 Outget met debt, not of sits,4342 and \$170,367 in 2015 and 2014, respectively (Note 8) 52,813,582 346,072 Outget met debt, not of sits,4342 and \$170,367 in 2015 and 2014, respectively (Note 8) 5 2,813,582 346,072 Outget feet with the sits and contingencies (Note 13) 4 4 4 4 4 4	Current Liabilities:				
Accrued payroll and benefit costs (Note 11) 51,258 67,933 Short-term debt (Note 7) 43,314 46,783 Current portion of long-term debt (Note 7) 1,055 2,344 Bank overdrafts 34,170 36,044 Income taxes payable 29,212 23,333 Other current liabilities 947,801 1,063,877 Cong-term debt, net of discount of \$164,342 and \$170,367 in 2015 and 2014, respectively (Note 7) 1,456,761 1,366,430 Cong-term debt, net of discount of \$164,342 and \$170,367 in 2015 and 2014, respectively (Note 7) 364,83 364,742 Cong-term debt, net of discount of \$164,342 and \$170,367 in 2015 and 2014, respectively (Note 7) 1,456,761 1,366,430 Cong-term debt, net of discount of \$164,342 and \$170,367 in 2015 and 2014, respectively (Note 7) 364,838 346,742 Correct disconcurrent liabilities 364,838 346,742 342,222 Total liabilities 5,813,558 38,282,272 38,282,272 38,282,272 38,282,272 38,282,272 38,282,272 38,282,272 38,282,272 38,282,272 38,282,272 38,282,272 38,282,272 38,282,272 38,282,272 38,2		\$	715.519	\$	765,135
Short-tern debt (Note 7) 43,144 46,787 Current portion of long-term debt (Note 7) 1,025 2,344 Bak overdrafts 34,174 36,044 Income taxes padble 29,212 29,128 Other current liabilities 94,780 12,038 Order, term debt, net of discount of \$164,342 and \$170,367 in 2015 and 2014, respectively (Note 7) 1,456,761 1,366,432 Certerd income taxes (Note 9) 36,838 34,742 4,252 Total liabilities 44,154 49,222 Total liabilities 44,154 49,222 Preferred stock, \$0.10 par value; 20,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued or outstanding (Note 8) 5 5 Corrent dispension stock, \$0.10 par value; 210,000,000 shares authorized, \$8,597,380 and \$8,400,736 shares issued and \$2,417,3790 and 44,489,989 shares outstanding in 2015 and 2014, respectively (Note 8) 5 5 Class B nonvoting convertible common stock, \$0.10 par value; 20,000,000 shares authorized, \$8,597,380 and \$8,400,736 shares issued and \$2,417,470 and 44,489,989 shares outstanding in 2015 and 2014, respectively (Note 8) 4,42 4,42 Additional capital 1,117,421 1,103,36 4,42 Term authorized constrainting in 2015 and 2014, respectivel				_	
Current portion of long-term debt (Note 7) 1,025 2,345 Bank overdrafts 34,170 36,044 Income taxes payable 29,212 23,133 Other current liabilities 73,000 122,481 One-term debt, net of discount of \$164,342 and \$170,367 in 2015 and 2014, respectively (Note 7) 1,456,761 1,366,432 Orderent debt, net of discount of \$164,342 and \$170,367 in 2015 and 2014, respectively (Note 7) 364,838 364,742 Orderent debt, net of discount of \$164,342 and \$170,367 in 2015 and 2014, respectively (Note 7) 364,838 364,742 Orderent debt, net of discount of \$164,342 and \$170,367 in 2015 and 2014, respectively (Note 8) 2,813,554 364,843 Orderent debt, net of discount of \$164,342 and \$170,367 in 2015 and 2014, respectively 441,122 442,222 Total liabilities 2,813,554 364,843 442,222 Commitments and contingencies (Note 13) 5 5 5 Commitments and contingencies (Note 13) 5 5 5 Common stock, \$0.10 par value; 20,000,000 shares authorized, 85,973,80 and \$8,400,736 shares issued 5 5 Class B nonvoting convertible common stock, \$0.1 par value; 20,000,000 shares authorized, 18,400,736 sha					·
Bank overdrafts 34,170 36,044 Income taxes payable 29,212 23,133 Other current liabilities 73,303 122,484 Total current liabilities 947,801 1,663,877 Cong-term debt, net of discount of \$164,342 and \$170,367 in 2015 and 2014, respectively (Note 7) 36,833 346,742 Cong-term debt, net of discount of \$164,342 and \$170,367 in 2015 and 2014, respectively (Note 7) 36,833 346,742 Cong-term debt, net of discount of \$164,342 and \$170,367 in 2015 and 2014, respectively (Note 8) 44,154 49,222 Congress of Liabilities 44,154 49,222 Total liabilities 44,154 49,222 Commitments and contingencies (Note 13) 58,281,354 58,282,272 Commitments and contingencies (Note 13) 5 58 Class B nonvoting convertible common stock, \$.01 par value; 20,000,000 shares authorized, 4,339,431 issued and \$.21,173,790 and 44,489,989 shares outstanding in 2015 and 2014, respectively (Note 8) 11,11,1					
Content taxes payable			•		
Other current liabilities 73,303 122,488 Total current liabilities 947,801 1,063,877 Cong-term debt, net of discount of \$164,342 and \$170,367 in 2015 and 2014, respectively (Note 7) 1,456,761 1,366,430 Ceferred income taxes (Note 9) 364,838 346,742 Chern oncurrent liabilities 44,154 49,227 Commitments and contingencies (Note 13) 2,813,554 3,826,277 Commitments and contingencies (Note 13) 2,813,554 3,826,277 Commitments and contingencies (Note 13) 2,813,554 3,826,277 Commitments and contingencies (Note 13) 3 4,822,272 Commitments and contingencies (Note 13) 3 4,822,272 Commitments and contingencies (Note 13) 3 6,822,272 Commitments and contingencies (Note 13) 3 6,822,272 Commitments and contingencies (Note 13) 4 6,822,272 Commitments and contingencies (Note 13) 4 6,822,272 Commitments and contingencies (Note 13) 5,862,272 6,822,272 Class B nonvoting convertible common stock, \$.01 par value; 20,000,000 shares authorized, 4,339,431 issued and 5,842,442	Income taxes payable				
Total current liabilities 947,801 1,063,877 Cong-term debt, net of discount of \$164,342 and \$170,367 in 2015 and 2014, respectively (Note 7) 1,456,761 1,366,430 Ceferred income taxes (Note 9) 364,838 346,742 Other noncurrent liabilities 44,154 49,222 Commitments and contingencies (Note 13) 58,281,554 \$2,813,554 \$2,826,272 Commitments and contingencies (Note 13) 586			•		
cong-term debt, net of discount of \$164,342 and \$170,367 in 2015 and 2014, respectively (Note 7) 1,456,761 1,366,430 Deferred income taxes (Note 9) 364,838 346,742 Other noncurrent liabilities 44,154 49,222 Commitments and contingencies (Note 13) 52,813,554 \$2,826,273 Stockholders' Equity: Preferred stock, \$.01 par value; 20,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued or outstanding (Note 8) — — Common stock, \$.01 par value; 210,000,000 shares authorized, 58,597,380 and 58,400,736 shares issued and 42,173,790 and 44,489,989 shares outstanding in 2015 and 2014, respectively (Note 8) 586 586 Class B nonvoting convertible common stock, \$.01 par value; 20,000,000 shares authorized, 4,339,431 issued and no shares outstanding in 2015 and 2014, respectively (Note 8) 43 43 Additional capital 1,117,421 1,102,369 Retained earnings 1,854,456 1,643,914 Treasury stock, at cost; 20,763,021 and 18,250,178 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively (772,679) (616,364) Accumulated other comprehensive income (423,155) (201,893) Total WESCO International stockholders' equity 1,776,672 1,928,652 Noncontrolling interest (2,801)	Total current liabilities				
defered income taxes (Note 9) 364,838 346,742 Other noncurrent liabilities 44,154 49,222 Total liabilities 2,813,554 2,826,272 Commitments and contingencies (Note 13) 500 2,813,554 2,826,272 Stockholders' Equity: 500 500 500 500 Preferred stock, \$.01 par value; 20,000,000 shares authorized, 58,597,380 and 58,400,736 shares issued and 42,173,790 and 44,489,989 shares outstanding in 2015 and 2014, respectively (Note 8) 586 586 Class B nonvoting convertible common stock, \$.01 par value; 20,000,000 shares authorized, 4,339,431 issued and no shares outstanding in 2015 and 2014, respectively 43 4 Additional capital 1,117,421 1,102,369 Retained earnings 1,854,456 1,643,914 Treasury stock, at cost; 20,763,021 and 18,250,178 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively (772,679) (616,364) Accumulated other comprehensive income 423,155 (201,885) Total WESCO International stockholders' equity 1,776,672 1,928,652 Noncontrolling interest 2,173,871 1,928,652			·		
Other noncurrent liabilities 44,154 49,222 Total liabilities \$ 2,813,554 \$ 2,826,272 Commitments and contingencies (Note 13) ************************************					
Total liabilities \$ 2,813,554 \$ 2,826,277 Commitments and contingencies (Note 13) 5000000000000000000000000000000000000					-
Commitments and contingencies (Note 13) Stockholders' Equity: Preferred stock, \$.01 par value; 20,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued or outstanding (Note 8) Common stock, \$.01 par value; 210,000,000 shares authorized, 58,597,380 and 58,400,736 shares issued and 42,173,790 and 44,489,989 shares outstanding in 2015 and 2014, respectively (Note 8) Class B nonvoting convertible common stock, \$.01 par value; 20,000,000 shares authorized, 4,339,431 issued and no shares outstanding in 2015 and 2014, respectively Additional capital Retained earnings 1,854,456 1,643,914 Treasury stock, at cost; 20,763,021 and 18,250,178 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively Accumulated other comprehensive income Total WESCO International stockholders' equity Noncontrolling interest (2,801) (485 Total stockholders' equity 1,773,871 1,928,165		\$		\$	
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value; 20,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued or outstanding (Note 8) Common stock, \$.01 par value; 210,000,000 shares authorized, 58,597,380 and 58,400,736 shares issued and 42,173,790 and 44,489,989 shares outstanding in 2015 and 2014, respectively (Note 8) Class B nonvoting convertible common stock, \$.01 par value; 20,000,000 shares authorized, 4,339,431 issued and no shares outstanding in 2015 and 2014, respectively Additional capital Retained earnings Treasury stock, at cost; 20,763,021 and 18,250,178 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively Accumulated other comprehensive income Total WESCO International stockholders' equity Noncontrolling interest Total stockholders' equity 1,773,871 1,928,652 Total stockholders' equity 1,773,871 1,928,653		Ψ	2,013,334	Ψ	2,020,272
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value; 20,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued or outstanding (Note 8) Common stock, \$.01 par value; 210,000,000 shares authorized, 58,597,380 and 58,400,736 shares issued and 42,173,790 and 44,489,989 shares outstanding in 2015 and 2014, respectively (Note 8) Class B nonvoting convertible common stock, \$.01 par value; 20,000,000 shares authorized, 4,339,431 issued and no shares outstanding in 2015 and 2014, respectively Additional capital Retained earnings Treasury stock, at cost; 20,763,021 and 18,250,178 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively Accumulated other comprehensive income Total WESCO International stockholders' equity Noncontrolling interest (2,801) (483 Total stockholders' equity 1,773,871 1,928,652					
Common stock, \$.01 par value; 210,000,000 shares authorized, 58,597,380 and 58,400,736 shares issued and 42,173,790 and 44,489,989 shares outstanding in 2015 and 2014, respectively (Note 8) 586 584 Class B nonvoting convertible common stock, \$.01 par value; 20,000,000 shares authorized, 4,339,431 issued and no shares outstanding in 2015 and 2014, respectively 43 43 Additional capital 1,117,421 1,102,369 Retained earnings 1,854,456 1,643,914 Treasury stock, at cost; 20,763,021 and 18,250,178 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively (772,679) (616,366 Accumulated other comprehensive income (423,155) (201,897 Total WESCO International stockholders' equity 1,776,672 1,928,657 Noncontrolling interest (2,801) (483 Total stockholders' equity 1,773,871 1,928,165			_		<u> </u>
Class B nonvoting convertible common stock, \$.01 par value; 20,000,000 shares authorized, 4,339,431 issued and no shares outstanding in 2015 and 2014, respectively Additional capital Retained earnings Treasury stock, at cost; 20,763,021 and 18,250,178 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively Accumulated other comprehensive income (423,155) (201,892) Total WESCO International stockholders' equity Noncontrolling interest (2,801) (483) Total stockholders' equity 1,773,871 1,928,165	Common stock, \$.01 par value; 210,000,000 shares authorized, 58,597,380 and 58,400,736 shares issued and		506		504
no shares outstanding in 2015 and 2014, respectively 43 43 Additional capital 1,117,421 1,102,369 Retained earnings 1,854,456 1,643,914 Treasury stock, at cost; 20,763,021 and 18,250,178 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively (772,679) (616,360 Accumulated other comprehensive income (423,155) (201,892 Total WESCO International stockholders' equity 1,776,672 1,928,652 Noncontrolling interest (2,801) (482 Total stockholders' equity 1,773,871 1,928,165			586		584
Retained earnings 1,854,456 1,643,914 Treasury stock, at cost; 20,763,021 and 18,250,178 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively (772,679) (616,366) Accumulated other comprehensive income (423,155) (201,892) Total WESCO International stockholders' equity 1,776,672 1,928,652 Noncontrolling interest (2,801) (482) Total stockholders' equity 1,773,871 1,928,165			43		43
Treasury stock, at cost; 20,763,021 and 18,250,178 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively(772,679)(616,360)Accumulated other comprehensive income(423,155)(201,892)Total WESCO International stockholders' equity1,776,6721,928,652Noncontrolling interest(2,801)(482)Total stockholders' equity1,773,8711,928,162	Additional capital		1,117,421		1,102,369
Accumulated other comprehensive income(423,155)(201,892)Total WESCO International stockholders' equity1,776,6721,928,652Noncontrolling interest(2,801)(482)Total stockholders' equity1,773,8711,928,1652	Retained earnings		1,854,456		1,643,914
Total WESCO International stockholders' equity1,776,6721,928,652Noncontrolling interest(2,801)(482Total stockholders' equity1,773,8711,928,163	Treasury stock, at cost; 20,763,021 and 18,250,178 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively		(772,679)		(616,366)
Noncontrolling interest (2,801) (487) Total stockholders' equity 1,773,871 1,928,165	Accumulated other comprehensive income		(423,155)		(201,892)
Noncontrolling interest (2,801) (487) Total stockholders' equity 1,773,871 1,928,165	Total WESCO International stockholders' equity				1,928,652
Total stockholders' equity 1,773,871 1,928,165					(487)
					1,928,165
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity \$ 4.587.425 \$ 4.754.43'	Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	4,587,425	\$	4,754,437

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

WESCO INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

		Year E	nded December 31	,	
	2015		2014		2013
	 `	ousand	ls, except per share	data)	
Net sales	\$ 7,518,487	\$	7,889,626	\$	7,513,342
Cost of goods sold (excluding depreciation and amortization below)	6,024,826		6,278,584		5,967,892
Selling, general and administrative expenses	1,054,951		1,076,808		996,810
Depreciation and amortization	64,968		68,017		67,642
Income from operations	 373,742		466,217		480,998
Interest expense, net	69,832		82,064		85,607
Loss on debt extinguishment (Note 7)	_		_		13,225
Loss on sale of business	_		_		2,315
Income before income taxes	 303,910		384,153		379,851
Provision for income taxes (Note 9)	95,537		108,716		103,333
Net income	 208,373		275,437		276,518
Less: Net (loss) income attributable to noncontrolling interest	(2,314)		(469)		88
Net income attributable to WESCO International, Inc.	\$ 210,687	\$	275,906	\$	276,430
Other comprehensive (loss) income:					
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(225,795)		(120,293)		(83,172)
Post retirement benefit plan adjustment (Note 11)	4,532		(5,056)		7,673
Comprehensive (loss) income attributable to WESCO International, Inc.	\$ (10,576)	\$	150,557	\$	200,931
Earnings per share attributable to WESCO International, Inc. (Note 10)					
Basic	\$ 4.85	\$	6.21	\$	6.26
Diluted	\$ 4.18	\$	5.18	\$	5.25

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

	erest (106)	\$ (Loss) (1,044)
Stock-based compensation expense Stock-based compensation expense Stock-based compensation expense Stock-based conversion of Stock-b		\$
December 31, 2012 \$ 579 57,824,548 \$ 43 4,339,431 \$1,065,550 \$1,092,719 \$(604,050) (18,102,528) \$ Exercise of stock-based awards, including tax benefit of \$2,022 3 304,441 \$ 4 \$ 2,052 (6,380) (76,747) \$ 4 Stock-based compensation expense \$ 579,000 \$ 57,824,548 \$ 4 \$ 4,339,431 \$ 1,092,719 \$ (604,050) \$ (18,102,528) \$ 1,092,719 \$ (6,380) \$ (6,380) \$ (76,747)	(106)	\$ (1,044)
stock-based awards, including tax benefit of \$2,022		
compensation expense 15,917 Conversion of		
Conversion of		
Tax withholding related to vesting of restricted stock units and retirement of common stock — (22,110) (745) (763)		
common stock — (22,110) (745) (763) Noncontrolling		
interest	88	
Net income 276,430		
Translation adjustment		(83,172)
Benefit plan adjustments, net of tax effect of \$2,244		7,673
Balance, December 31, 2013 \$ 581 58,107,304 \$ 43 4,339,431 \$1,082,772 \$1,368,386 \$(610,430) (18,179,275) \$	(18)	\$ (76,543)
Exercise of stock-based awards, including tax benefit of \$4,899 3 308,399 5,741 (5,936) (70,903)		
Stock-based compensation expense 14,766		
Conversion of 2029 debentures — 134 (1)		
Tax withholding related to vesting of restricted stock units and retirement of		
common stock — (15,101) (909) (378)		
Noncontrolling interest	(469)	
Net income 275,906		
Translation adjustment		(120,293)
Benefit plan adjustments, net of tax effect of \$2,447		(5,056)

Balance, December 31, 2014	\$ 584	58,400,736	\$ 43	4,339,431	\$1,102,369	\$1,643,914	\$(616,366)	(18,250,178)	\$ (487)	\$ (201,892)
Exercise of stock-based awards, including tax benefit of \$1,403	2	230,206			1,344		(3,300)	(44,267)		
Stock-based compensation expense					12,899					
Conversion of 2029 debentures	_	427			(2)					
Repurchase of common stock					3,013		(153,013)	(2,468,576)		
Tax withholding related to vesting of restricted stock units and retirement of common stock	_	(33,989)			(2,202)	(145)				
Noncontrolling interest									(2,314)	
Net income						210,687				
Translation adjustment										(225,795)
Benefit plan adjustments, net of tax effect of \$1,661										4,532
Balance, December 31, 2015	\$ 586	58,597,380	\$ 43	4,339,431	\$1,117,421	\$1,854,456	\$(772,679)	(20,763,021)	\$ (2,801)	\$ (423,155)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

perating Activities:		2015		2014		2012
						2013
			(I	n thousands)		
tingomo	¢.	200 272	¢	275 427	¢	276 510
t income	\$	208,373	\$	275,437	\$	276,518
justments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization		64,968		68,017		67,642
Stock-based compensation expense		12,899		14,766		15,917
Amortization of debt issuance costs		6,120		4,426		4,880
Amortization of debt discount		6,075		4,420		4,308
Loss on debt extinguishment		0,075		4,130		13,229
Gain on sale of property, buildings and equipment		(45)		(7,733)		(4,174)
Gain) loss on sale of businesses		(1,319)		(7,733)		2,315
Excess tax benefit from stock-based compensation		(1,519)		(5,705)		(3,631)
nterest related to uncertain tax positions, net		(8,739)		964		599
Deferred income taxes		42,850		4,979		20,634
Changes in assets and liabilities:		42,030		4,979		20,034
Trade receivables, net		40,102		(89,029)		(30,464)
Other accounts receivable		57,242		(11,659)		(42,983)
Inventories, net		2,410		(36,847)		(9,339)
Prepaid expenses and other assets		(8,517)		(27,020)		(19,196)
Accounts payable		(55,914)		37,587		37,789
Accrued payroll and benefit costs		(15,015)		7,619		(19,163)
Other current and noncurrent liabilities		(66,872)		11,218		260
Net cash provided by operating activities		283,049		251,156		315,141
vesting Activities:		(24.650)		(20 5 40)		(27,025)
pital expenditures		(21,658)		(20,548)		(27,825)
quisition payments, net of cash acquired		(151,595)		(138,630)		10.007
oceeds from sale of assets		3,023		14,991		10,807
ner investing activities		(450,000)		(1.14.107)		(1,205)
Net cash used in investing activities		(170,230)		(144,187)		(18,223)
nancing Activities:		100.000		7 4 200		50.005
oceeds from issuance of short-term debt		102,033		71,308		72,895
payments of short-term debt		(101,353)		(57,827)		(58,288)
oceeds from issuance of long-term debt		1,528,578		1,168,580		1,429,956
payments of long-term debt		(1,435,820)		(1,244,173)		(1,682,189)
payment of deferred acquisition payable		_		(29,395)		
bt issuance costs		(3,359)		(472)		(12,222)
oceeds from the exercise of stock options				838		30
cess tax benefit from stock-based compensation		1,569		5,705		3,631
purchase of common stock (Note 10)		(155,805)		(7,222)		(7,890)
crease in bank overdrafts		(2,013)		(1,258)		(1,954)
yments on capital lease obligations		(1,645)		(1,574)		(1,488)
Net cash used in financing activities		(67,815)		(95,490)		(257,519)
ect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(13,044)		(6,885)		(1,773)
t change in cash and cash equivalents		31,960		4,594		37,626
sh and cash equivalents at the beginning of period		128,319		123,725		86,099
sh and cash equivalents at the end of period	\$	160,279	\$	128,319	\$	123,725
pplemental disclosures:						
sh paid for interest	\$	66,342	\$	74,016	\$	75,462
sh paid for taxes		74,213		107,147		90,678
n-cash investing and financing activities:						
Property, buildings and equipment acquired through capital leases The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consol		288		1,091		1,970

 $\label{thm:companying} \ notes\ are\ an\ integral\ part\ of\ the\ consolidated\ financial\ statements.$

1. ORGANIZATION

WESCO International, Inc. ("WESCO International") and its subsidiaries (collectively, "WESCO"), headquartered in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, is a full-line distributor of electrical, industrial and communications maintenance, repair and operating ("MRO") and original equipment manufacturers ("OEM") products, construction materials, and advanced supply chain management and logistics services used primarily in the industrial, construction, utility and commercial, institutional and government markets. We serve over 80,000 active customers globally through approximately 500 full service branches primarily located in North America, with operations in 14 additional countries, and nine distribution centers located in the United States and Canada.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of WESCO International, Inc. and all of its subsidiaries. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Revision

The Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013 include certain reclassifications to previously reported amounts to conform to the current period presentation. Specifically, treasury stock and related shares that were previously reported as tax withholding related to vesting of restricted units and retirement of common stock are presented herein as a component of the exercise of stock-based awards. Additionally, the Consolidated Balance Sheet at December 31, 2014, as presented herein, separately reports income taxes payable. Previously, the amount of income taxes payable was reported as a component of other current liabilities.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying disclosures. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions WESCO may undertake in the future, actual results may ultimately differ from the estimates.

Revenue Recognition

Revenues are recognized for product sales when title, ownership and risk of loss pass to the customer or for services when the service is rendered. In the case of stock sales and special orders, a sale occurs at the time of shipment from WESCO's distribution point, as the terms of WESCO's sales are typically FOB shipping point. In cases where WESCO processes customer orders but ships directly from its suppliers, revenue is recognized once product is shipped and title has passed. In all cases, revenue is recognized once the sales price to the customer is fixed or is determinable and WESCO has reasonable assurance as to the collectability.

In certain customer arrangements, WESCO provides services such as inventory management. WESCO may perform some or all of the following services for customers: determine inventory stocking levels; establish inventory reorder points; launch purchase orders; receive material; pack away material; and pick material for order fulfillment. WESCO recognizes revenue for services rendered during the period based upon a previously negotiated fee arrangement. WESCO also sells inventory to these customers and recognizes revenue at the time title and risk of loss transfers to the customer. The amount of revenue attributed to these services totaled \$35.1 million, \$31.0 million, and \$24.2 million in 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

WESCO includes warehousing, purchasing, branch operations, information services, and marketing and selling expenses in this category, as well as other types of general and administrative costs.

Supplier Volume Rebates

WESCO receives volume rebates from certain suppliers based on contractual arrangements with such suppliers. Volume rebates are included within other accounts receivable in the Consolidated Balance Sheets, and represent the estimated amounts due to WESCO under the rebate provisions of the various supplier contracts. The corresponding rebate income is recorded as a reduction of cost of goods sold. The appropriate level of such income is derived from the level of actual purchases made by WESCO from suppliers. Receivables under the supplier rebate program were \$62.6 million at December 31, 2015 and \$82.6 million at December 31, 2014. Supplier volume rebate rates have historically ranged between approximately 0.9% and 1.4% of sales depending on market conditions. In 2015, the rebate rate was 1.0%.

Shipping and Handling Costs and Fees

WESCO records the costs and fees associated with transporting its products to customers as a component of selling, general and administrative expenses. These costs totaled \$59.4 million, \$63.6 million and \$63.8 million in 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents are defined as highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less when purchased.

Asset Securitization

WESCO maintains control of the receivables transferred pursuant to its accounts receivable securitization program (the "Receivables Facility"); therefore, the transfers do not qualify for "sale" treatment. As a result, the transferred receivables remain on the balance sheet, and WESCO recognizes the related secured borrowing. The expenses associated with the Receivables Facility are reported as interest expense in the Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income (Loss).

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

WESCO maintains allowances for doubtful accounts for estimated losses resulting from the inability of its customers to make required payments. WESCO has a systematic procedure using estimates based on historical data and reasonable assumptions of collectability made at the local branch level and on a consolidated corporate basis to calculate the allowance for doubtful accounts. If the financial condition of WESCO's customers were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional allowances may be required. The allowance for doubtful accounts was \$22.6 million at December 31, 2015 and \$21.1 million at December 31, 2014. The total amount recorded as selling, general and administrative expense related to bad debts was \$6.1 million, \$5.9 million and \$2.9 million for 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Inventories

Inventories primarily consist of merchandise purchased for resale and are stated at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined principally under the average cost method. WESCO makes provisions for obsolete or slow-moving inventories as necessary to reflect reduction in inventory value. WESCO writes down its inventory to its net realizable value based on internal factors derived from historical analysis of actual losses. Retrospectively, WESCO identifies items at risk of becoming obsolete, which are defined as excess of 36 months supply relative to demand or movement. WESCO then analyzes the ultimate disposition of previously identified excess inventory items when they are sold, returned to supplier, or scrapped. This item by item analysis allows WESCO to develop an estimate of the historical likelihood that an item identified as being in excess supply ultimately becomes obsolete. WESCO applies the estimate to inventory items currently in excess of 36 months supply, and reduces its inventory carrying value by the derived amount. Reserves for excess and obsolete inventories were \$24.7 million and \$19.9 million at December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The total expense related to excess and obsolete inventories, included in cost of goods sold, was \$8.6 million, \$6.2 million and \$7.5 million for 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively. WESCO absorbs into the cost of inventory certain overhead expenses related to inventory such as purchasing, receiving and storage and at December 31, 2015 and 2014, \$65.0 million and \$62.5 million, respectively, of these costs were included in ending inventory.

Other Assets

WESCO amortizes deferred financing fees over the term of the various debt instruments. Deferred financing fees in the amount of \$3.4 million were incurred during the year ending December 31, 2015. As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, the amount of other assets related to unamortized deferred financing fees was \$17.7 million and \$20.7 million, respectively.

Property, Buildings and Equipment

Property, buildings and equipment are recorded at cost. Depreciation expense is determined using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Leasehold improvements are amortized over either their respective lease terms or their estimated lives, whichever is shorter. Estimated useful lives range from five to forty years for leasehold improvements and buildings and three to ten years for furniture, fixtures and equipment.

Capitalized computer software costs are amortized using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life, typically three to five years, and are reported at the lower of unamortized cost or net realizable value.

Expenditures for new facilities and improvements that extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Ordinary repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. When property is retired or otherwise disposed of, the cost and the related accumulated

depreciation are removed from the accounts and any related gains or losses are recorded and reported as selling, general and administrative expenses.

WESCO assesses its long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying amount of any such assets may not be fully recoverable. Changes in circumstances include technological advances, changes in our business model, capital structure, economic conditions or operating performance. Our evaluation is based upon, among other things, utilization, serviceability and our assumptions about the estimated future undiscounted cash flows these assets are expected to generate. When the sum of the undiscounted cash flows is less than the carrying value of the asset or asset group, we will recognize an impairment loss to the extent that carrying value exceeds fair value. We apply our best judgment when performing these evaluations.

Upon closure of any branch, asset usefulness and remaining life are evaluated and charges are taken as appropriate. Of WESCO's \$166.7 million net book value of property, plant and equipment as of December 31, 2015, \$100.8 million consists of land, buildings and leasehold improvements and are geographically dispersed among WESCO's 500 branches and nine distribution centers, mitigating the risk of impairment. Approximately \$30.9 million of assets consist of computer equipment and capitalized software and are evaluated for use and serviceability relative to carrying value. The remaining fixed assets, mainly furniture and fixtures, warehousing equipment and transportation equipment, are similarly evaluated for serviceability and use.

Goodwill and Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets

Goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets are tested for impairment annually during the fourth quarter using information available at the end of September, or more frequently if triggering events occur indicating that their carrying value may not be recoverable. WESCO tests for goodwill impairment on a reporting unit level and the evaluation involves comparing the fair value of each reporting unit with its carrying value. The fair values of the reporting units are determined using a combination of a discounted cash flow analysis and market multiples. Assumptions used for these fair value techniques are based on a combination of historical results, current forecasts, market data and recent economic events. WESCO evaluates the recoverability of indefinite-lived intangible assets using a discounted cash flow analysis based on projected financial information. The determination of fair value involves significant management judgment and could be negatively affected by the current weak market conditions, including the challenging macroeconomic indicators in the markets in which WESCO operates and those where its customers are based. Management applies its best judgment when assessing the reasonableness of financial projections. At December 31, 2015 and 2014, goodwill and indefinite-lived trademarks totaled \$1,773.6 million and \$1,840.0 million, respectively.

The estimated fair values of most of WESCO's reporting units were at least 25% greater than their respective carrying values. One reporting unit with goodwill of \$186.7 million had a fair value that was approximately 5% greater than its carrying value. In performing the quantitative assessment for this reporting unit, managment used revenue growth rates of 2.9% to 5.7%, a terminal growth rate of 3% and a discount rate of 9.3%. Management believes that the terminal growth rate is supported by WESCO's historical growth rate, near-term projections and long-term expected market growth. The discount rate reflects marketplace participants' cost of capital. Had management used a discount rate that was 25 basis points higher or a terminal growth rate that was 25 basis points lower than those assumed, the fair value of this reporting unit would have continued to exceed its carrying amount.

A possible indicator of goodwill impairment is the relationship of a company's market capitalization to its book value. As of December 31, 2015, WESCO's market capitalization exceeded its book value and there were no impairment losses identified as a result of our annual test. Fair value determinations require considerable judgment and are sensitive to changes in underlying assumptions and factors. As a result, there can be no assurance that the estimates and assumptions made for purposes of the annual goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible impairment test will prove to be an accurate prediction of future results.

Definite Lived Intangible Assets

Intangible assets are amortized over 2 to 20 years. A portion of intangible assets related to certain customer relationships are amortized using an accelerated method whereas all other intangible assets subject to amortization use a straight-line method that reflects the pattern in which the economic benefits of the respective assets are consumed or otherwise used. Intangible assets are tested for impairment if events or circumstances occur indicating that the respective asset might be impaired.

Insurance Programs

WESCO uses commercial insurance for auto, workers' compensation, casualty and health claims as a risk-reduction strategy to minimize catastrophic losses. The Company's strategy involves large deductible policies where WESCO must pay all costs up to the deductible amount. WESCO estimates the reserve based on historical incident rates and costs. The assumptions

included in developing this accrual include the period of time from incurrence of a claim until the claim is paid by the insurance provider. The total liability related to the insurance programs was \$9.8 million and \$12.1 million at December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Income Taxes

WESCO accounts for income taxes under the asset and liability method, which requires the recognition of deferred income taxes for events that have future tax consequences. Under this method, deferred income taxes are recognized (using enacted tax laws and rates) based on the future income tax effects of differences in the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting and tax purposes. The effect of a tax rate change on deferred tax assets and liabilities is recognized in income in the period of change.

WESCO recognizes deferred tax assets at amounts that are expected to be realized. To make such determination, management evaluates all positive and negative evidence, including but not limited to, prior, current and future taxable income, tax planning strategies and future reversals of existing temporary differences. A valuation allowance is recognized if it is "more likely than not" that some or all of a deferred tax asset will not be realized. WESCO regularly assesses the realizability of deferred tax assets.

No provision is made for undistributed earnings that are considered to be permanently reinvested to fund growth in foreign markets.

We account for uncertainty in income taxes using a "more-likely-than-not" recognition threshold. Due to the subjectivity inherent in the evaluation of uncertain tax positions, the tax benefit ultimately recognized may materially differ from our estimate. We recognize interest related to uncertain tax benefits as part of interest expense. We recognize penalties related to uncertain tax benefits as part of income tax expense.

Convertible Debentures

WESCO separately accounts for the liability and equity components of its convertible debentures in a manner that reflects its non-convertible debt borrowing rate. WESCO estimates its non-convertible debt borrowing rate through a combination of discussions with its financial institutions and review of relevant market data. The discounts to the convertible note balances are amortized to interest expense, using the effective interest method, over the implicit life of the Debentures.

Foreign Currency

The local currency is the functional currency for the majority of WESCO's operations outside the United States. Assets and liabilities of these operations are translated to U.S. dollars at the exchange rate in effect at the end of each period. Income statement accounts are translated at an exchange rate that approximates the average for the period. Translation adjustments arising from the use of differing exchange rates from period to period are included as a component of other comprehensive income (loss) within stockholders' equity. Gains and losses from foreign currency transactions are included in net income for the period.

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

In connection with the December 14, 2012 acquisition of EECOL, the Company assumed a contributory defined benefit plan covering substantially all Canadian employees of EECOL. The plan provides retirement benefits based on earnings and credited service, and participants contribute 2% of their earnings to the plan.

The Company also assumed EECOL's Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan (SERP), which provides additional pension benefits to certain executives based on earnings, credited service, and executive service. Participants in the SERP contribute 4% of their earnings to the SERP.

Liabilities and expenses for pension benefits are determined using actuarial methodologies and incorporate significant assumptions, including the interest rate used to discount the future estimated cash flows, the expected long-term rate of return on plan assets, and several assumptions relating to the employee workforce (salary increases, retirement age, and mortality).

The interest rate used to discount future estimated cash flows is determined using a high quality corporate bonds yield curve model developed with the assistance of an external actuary. The cash flows of the plans' projected benefit obligations are discounted using a single equivalent rate derived from yields on high quality corporate bonds. The yield curve model parallels the plans' projected cash flows. The discount rate used to determine benefit obligations for the Canadian pension was 4.2% in 2015. An increase in the discount rate of one quarter percent would decrease the projected benefit obligation by \$4.3 million, and a decrease in the discount rate of one quarter percent would increase the projected benefit obligation by \$4.8 million. The

impact of a change in the discount rate of one quarter percent would be either a charge or credit of \$0.3 million to earnings in the following year.

The expected long-term rate of return on plan assets is applied to the fair market-related value of plan assets.

Stock-Based Compensation

WESCO's stock-based employee compensation plans are comprised of stock-settled stock appreciation rights, restricted stock units, and performance-based awards. Compensation cost for all stock-based awards is measured at fair value on the date of grant, and compensation cost is recognized, net of forfeitures, over the service period for awards expected to vest. The fair value of stock-settled appreciation rights and performance-based awards with market conditions is determined using the Black-Scholes and Monte Carlo simulation models, respectively. The fair value of restricted stock units with service conditions and performance-based awards with performance conditions is determined by the grant-date closing price of WESCO's common stock. Expected volatilities are based on historical volatility of our common stock. WESCO estimates the expected life of stock-settled stock appreciation rights using historical data pertaining to option exercises and employee terminations. The risk-free rate is based on the U.S. Treasury yields in effect at the time of grant. The forfeiture assumption is based on our historical employee behavior, which we review on an annual basis. No dividends are assumed for stock-based awards.

Treasury Stock

Common stock purchased for treasury is recorded at cost. At the date of subsequent reissue, the treasury stock account is reduced by the cost of such stock, with cost determined on a weighted-average basis.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and other accrued liabilities, and outstanding indebtedness. The estimated fair value of the Company's outstanding indebtedness described in Note 7 at December 31, 2015 and 2014 was \$1,821.2 million and \$2,177.6 million, respectively. At December 31, 2015 and 2014, the fair value of WESCO's 2029 Debentures was \$514.2 million and \$936.1 million, respectively. The reported carrying amounts of WESCO's other debt instruments approximate their fair values. The Company uses a market approach to fair value all of its debt instruments, utilizing quoted prices in active markets, interest rates and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving similar instruments. For all of the Company's remaining financial instruments, carrying values are considered to approximate fair value due to their short maturities.

Environmental Expenditures

WESCO has facilities and operations that distribute certain products that must comply with environmental regulations and laws. Expenditures for current operations are expensed or capitalized, as appropriate. Expenditures relating to existing conditions caused by past operations, and that do not contribute to future revenue, are expensed. Liabilities are recorded when remedial efforts are probable and the costs can be reasonably estimated.

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

None.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2015, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued updated guidance to remove the requirement to categorize within the fair value hierarchy all investments for which fair value is measured using the net asset value (NAV) per share practical expedient. The practical expedient criteria differ from the criteria used to categorize other fair value measurements within the hierarchy. Currently, investments valued using the practical expedient are categorized within the fair value hierarchy on the basis of whether the investment is redeemable with the investee at NAV on the measurement date, never redeemable with the investee at NAV, or redeemable with the investee at NAV at a future date. Under this updated guidance, investments for which fair value is measured at NAV per share (or its equivalent) using the practical expedient should not be categorized in the fair value hierarchy. A reporting entity should continue to disclose information on investments for which fair value is measured at net asset value (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient to help users understand the nature and risks of the investments and whether the investments, if sold, are probable of being sold at amounts different from net asset value. The guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within those fiscal years, and should be applied retrospectively. The retrospective approach requires that an investment for which fair value is measured using the net asset value per share practical expedient be removed from the fair value hierarchy in all periods presented in an entity's financial statements. Earlier application is permitted. Management has not yet evaluated the future impact of this guidance on WESCO's consolidated financial statements and notes thereto.

In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-14, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers: Deferral of Effective Date.* The Company previously reported that in May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, which provides a framework for addressing revenue recognition issues and replaces almost all existing revenue recognition guidance in current U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The core principle of ASU 2014-09 is for companies to recognize revenue for the transfer of goods or services to customers in amounts that reflect the consideration to which the company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. ASU 2014-09 will also result in enhanced disclosures about revenue, provide guidance for transactions that were not previously addressed comprehensively, and improve guidance for multiple-element arrangements. The amendments in ASU 2015-14 defer the effective date of the new revenue recognition guidance to annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within that reporting period. Early adoption is permitted to the original effective date of December 15, 2016, including interim periods within that reporting period. Management is currently evaluating the future impact of this guidance on WESCO's consolidated financial statements and notes thereto.

In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-15, *Presentation and Subsequent Measurement of Debt Issuance Costs Associated with Line-of-Credit Arrangements*. The Company previously reported that in April 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-03, *Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs*, which simplifies the presentation of debt issuance costs by requiring that debt issuance costs related to a recognized liability be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability, consistent with debt discounts. The amendments in ASU 2015-15 address the absence of authoritative guidance within ASU 2015-03 for debt issuance costs related to line-of-credit arrangements such that the SEC staff would not object to an entity deferring and presenting debt issuance costs as an asset and subsequently amortizing the deferred debt issuance costs ratably over the term of the line-of-credit arrangement, regardless of whether there are any outstanding borrowings on the line-of-credit arrangement. ASU 2015-15 and ASU 2015-03 are effective for financial statements of public business entities issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted for financial statements that have not been previously issued. The adoption of this guidance is not expected to have a material impact on WESCO's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In September 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-16, *Business Combinations: Simplifying the Accounting for Measurement-Period Adjustments*. The amendments in this ASU require that an acquirer recognize adjustments to provisional amounts that are identified during the measurement period in the reporting period in which the adjustment amounts are determined; calculated as if the accounting had been completed at the acquisition date. For public business entities, the amendments in this ASU are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, including interim periods within those fiscal years. The amendments in this ASU should be applied prospectively with earlier application permitted for financial statements that have not been issued. The adoption of this guidance will not have a material impact on WESCO's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In November 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-17, *Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Taxes*. This ASU is part of the FASB's simplification initiative directed at reducing complexity in accounting standards. To simplify presentation, the new guidance requires that all deferred tax assets and liabilities, along with any related valuation allowance, be classified as noncurrent on the balance sheet. As a result, each jurisdiction will now only have one net noncurrent deferred tax asset or liability. The guidance does not change the existing requirement that only permits offsetting within a jurisdiction. For public business entities, the amendments are effective in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim periods within those years. Early adoption is permitted for all entities as of the beginning of an interim or annual reporting period. The guidance may be applied either prospectively, for all deferred tax assets and liabilities, or retrospectively (i.e., reclassifying the comparative balance sheet). Management is currently evaluating the impact of this accounting standard on the Company's consolidated financial statements and notes thereto, and expects to adopt this guidance in the fiscal year ending December 31, 2016.

Other pronouncements issued by the FASB or other authoritative accounting standards groups with future effective dates are either not applicable or are not expected to be significant to WESCO's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

3. GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Goodwill

The following table sets forth the changes in the carrying amount of goodwill:

	Y	Year Ended December 3			
	201	5	2014		
		(In thousands))		
Beginning balance January 1	\$ 1,	735,440 \$	1,734,391		
Foreign currency exchange rate changes	(113,719)	(61,347)		
Additions to goodwill for acquisitions		59,941	62,396		
Ending balance December 31	\$ 1,	681,662 \$	1,735,440		

WESCO has never recorded an impairment loss related to goodwill.

Intangible Assets

The components of intangible assets are as follows:

	D	eceml	ber 31, 2015										
	Life	Gross Carrying Amount (1)		Accumulated Amortization (1)		Net Carrying Amount		Gross Carrying Amount (1)		Accumulated Amortization (1)			Net Carrying Amount
			(In thousands)										
Intangible assets:													
Trademarks	Indefinite	\$	91,945	\$	_	\$	91,945	\$	104,532	\$	_	\$	104,532
Trademarks	4-15		22,793		(1,581)		21,212		5,085		(594)		4,491
Non-compete agreements	2-7		429		(201)		228		295		(95)		200
Customer relationships	2-20		339,820		(95,634)		244,186		342,224		(76,267)		265,957
Distribution agreements	10-19		38,726		(16,595)		22,131		40,222		(14,340)		25,882
Patents	10		48,310		(24,363)		23,947		48,310		(19,532)		28,778
		\$	542,023	\$	(138,374)	\$	403,649	\$	540,668	\$	(110,828)	\$	429,840

⁽¹⁾ Excludes the original cost and accumulated amortization of fully-amortized intangible assets.

Amortization expense related to intangible assets totaled \$36.9 million, \$39.0 million and \$38.6 million for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

The following table sets forth the estimated amortization expense for intangibles for the next five years:

	F	Estimated	
	Amortization		
	Expense		
For the year ended December 31,	(In	thousands)	
2016	\$	36,795	
2017		35,970	
2018		34,539	
2019		33,341	
2020		30,291	

WESCO has never recorded an impairment loss related to intangible assets.

4. CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK AND SIGNIFICANT SUPPLIERS

WESCO distributes its products and services and extends credit to a large number of customers in the industrial, construction, utility, commercial, institutional, and governmental markets. Therefore, WESCO could potentially incur risk due to supplier concentration. Our largest supplier is Eaton Corporation, accounting for approximately 11% of our purchases in 2015 and 12% in 2014 and 2013, respectively. Based upon WESCO's broad customer base, the Company has concluded that it has no material credit risk as a result of customer concentration.

5. ACQUISITIONS

The following table sets forth the consideration paid for acquisitions:

Year Ended December 31,	2015	2014	2013
(In thousands)			
Details of acquisitions:			
Fair value of assets acquired	\$ 192,099 \$	153,597 \$	_
Fair value of liabilities assumed	(39,836)	(19,772)	_
Cash paid for acquisitions	\$ 152,263 \$	133,825 \$	_
Supplemental cash flow disclosure related to acquisitions:			
Cash paid for acquisitions	\$ 152,263 \$	133,825 \$	_
Less: cash acquired	(668)	_	_
Cash paid for acquisitions, net of cash acquired	\$ 151,595 \$	133,825 \$	_

The fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed during the year ended December 31, 2015, which are primarily for the acquisitions of Hill Country Electric Supply, LP ("Hill Country") and Needham Electric Supply Corporation ("Needham"), are based upon preliminary calculations and valuations. WESCO's estimates and assumptions for its preliminary purchase price allocations are subject to change as it obtains additional information for its estimates during the respective measurement periods (up to one year from the respective acquisition dates).

Acquisition of Needham Electric Supply Corporation

On October 30, 2015, WESCO Distribution, Inc. completed the acquisition of Needham, an electrical distributor focused on the commercial construction and lighting national account markets from 24 locations in Massachusetts, New Hampshire and Vermont with approximately \$115 million in annual sales. WESCO funded the purchase price paid at closing with cash and borrowings under its Revolving Credit Facility. The purchase price was allocated to the respective assets and liabilities based upon their estimated fair values as of the acquisition date. The preliminary fair value of intangibles was estimated by management and the allocation resulted in intangible assets of \$31.0 million and goodwill of \$35.7 million. The intangible assets include customer relationships of \$24.5 million amortized over 12 and 14 years, and trademarks of \$6.5 million amortized over 13 years. No residual value is estimated for the intangible assets being amortized. Management believes that the majority of goodwill is deductible for tax purposes.

Acquisition of Hill Country Electric Supply, LP

On May 1, 2015, WESCO Distribution, Inc. completed the acquisition of Hill Country, an electrical distributor focused on the commercial construction market from nine locations in Central and South Texas with approximately \$140 million in annual sales. WESCO funded the purchase price paid at closing with borrowings under its prior revolving credit facility. The purchase price was allocated to the respective assets and liabilities based upon their estimated fair values as of the acquisition date. The preliminary fair value of intangibles was estimated by management and the allocation resulted in intangible assets of \$21.1 million and goodwill of \$15.8 million. The intangible assets include customer relationships of \$13.1 million amortized over 11 years, non-compete agreements of \$0.2 million amortized over 5 years, and trademarks of \$7.8 million amortized over 12 years. No residual value is estimated for the intangible assets being amortized. Management believes that the majority of goodwill is deductible for tax purposes.

Acquisitions of LaPrairie, Inc., Hazmasters, Inc. and Hi-Line Utility Supply

On February 1, 2014, WESCO Distribution, Inc., through its wholly-owned Canadian subsidiary, completed the acquisition of LaPrairie, Inc. ("LaPrairie"), a wholesale distributor of electrical products with approximately \$30 million in annual sales servicing the transmission, distribution, and substation needs of utilities and utility contractors from a single location in Newmarket, Ontario. WESCO funded the purchase price paid at closing with cash. The purchase price was allocated to the

respective assets and liabilities based upon their estimated fair values as of the acquisition date. The fair value of intangibles was determined by management and the allocation resulted in intangible assets of \$11.0 million and goodwill of \$8.9 million. The majority of goodwill is deductible for tax purposes.

On March 17, 2014, WESCO Distribution, Inc., through its wholly-owned Canadian subsidiary, completed the acquisition of Hazmasters, Inc. ("Hazmasters"), a leading independent Canadian distributor of safety products with approximately \$80 million in annual sales servicing customers in the industrial, construction, commercial, institution, and government markets from 14 branches across Canada. WESCO funded the purchase price paid at closing with cash and borrowings under its prior revolving credit facility. The purchase price was allocated to the respective assets and liabilities based upon their estimated fair values as of the acquisition date. The fair value of intangibles was estimated by management and the allocation resulted in intangible assets of \$28.1 million and goodwill of \$29.5 million, which is not deductible for tax purposes.

On June 11, 2014, WESCO Distribution, Inc., completed the acquisition of Hi-Line Utility Supply ("Hi-Line"), a provider of utility MRO and safety products, as well as rubber goods testing and certification services, with approximately \$30 million in annual sales from locations in Chicago, Illinois and Millbury, Massachusetts. WESCO funded the purchase price paid at closing with cash. The purchase price was allocated to the respective assets and liabilities based upon their estimated fair values as of the acquisition date. The fair value of intangibles was estimated by management and the allocation resulted in intangible assets of \$14.2 million and goodwill of \$24.0 million. The majority of goodwill is deductible for tax purposes.

For the acquisitions of LaPrairie, Hazmasters, and Hi-Line that were made in 2014, the intangible assets include customer relationships of \$38.9 million amortized over 2 to 12 years, supplier relationships of \$3.2 million amortized over 10 years, trademarks of \$10.9 million, and other intangibles of \$0.3 million. Certain trademarks have been assigned an indefinite life while others are amortized over 5 years and 10 years. No residual value is estimated for the intangible assets being amortized.

6. PROPERTY, BUILDINGS AND EQUIPMENT

The following table sets forth the components of property, buildings and equipment:

	As of December 31,						
		2015		2014			
	(In thousands)						
Buildings and leasehold improvements	\$	118,520	\$	126,465			
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		176,247		176,302			
Software costs		86,259		77,288			
	'	381,026		380,055			
Accumulated depreciation and amortization		(243,005)		(229,196)			
	'	138,021		150,859			
Land		26,121		30,818			
Construction in progress		2,597		1,048			
	\$	166,739	\$	182,725			

Depreciation expense was \$17.8 million, \$18.5 million and \$18.2 million, and capitalized software amortization was \$10.3 million, \$10.5 million and \$10.8 million, in 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The unamortized software cost was \$24.5 million and \$24.1 million as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Furniture, fixtures and equipment include capitalized leases of \$12.5 million and \$13.2 million and related accumulated amortization of \$8.3 million and \$7.3 million as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

7. DEBT

The following table sets forth WESCO's outstanding indebtedness:

	As of December 31,					
		2015		2014		
		(In the	usands)		
Term Loan Facility, less debt discount of \$1,026 and \$3,110 in 2015 and 2014, respectively	\$	173,724	\$	249,235		
5.375% Senior Notes due 2021		500,000		500,000		
Accounts Receivable Securitization Facility		525,000		430,000		
Revolving Credit Facility		75,000		8,000		
International lines of credit		43,314		46,787		
6.0% Convertible Senior Debentures due 2029, less debt discount of \$163,316 and \$167,257 in 2015 and 2014,						
respectively		181,557		177,638		
Capital leases		2,505		3,891		
Other notes		_		9		
Total debt		1,501,100		1,415,560		
Less current and short-term portion		(44,339)		(49,130)		
Total long-term debt	\$	1,456,761	\$	1,366,430		

Term Loan Facility

On December 12, 2012, WESCO Distribution, as U.S. borrower, WDCC Enterprises Inc. ("WDCC" and together with WESCO Distribution, the "Borrowers"), as Canadian borrower, and WESCO International entered into a Term Loan Agreement (the "Term Loan Agreement") among WESCO Distribution, WDCC, the Company, the lenders party thereto and Credit Suisse AG Cayman Islands Branch, as administrative agent and as collateral agent.

The Term Loan Agreement provided a seven-year term loan facility (the "Term Loan Facility"), which consisted of two separate sub-facilities: (i) a Canadian sub-facility in an aggregate principal amount of CAD \$150 million, issued at a 2.0% discount and (ii) a U.S. sub-facility in an aggregate principal amount of \$700 million, issued at a 1.0% discount. The proceeds of the Term Loan Facility were used to finance the acquisition of EECOL, and to pay fees and expenses incurred in connection with the acquisition and certain other transactions. Subject to the terms of the Term Loan Agreement, the Borrowers may request incremental term loans from time to time in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed at any time \$300 million, with an equivalent principal amount in U.S. Dollars being calculated for any incremental term loan denominated in Canadian Dollars.

On November 19, 2013, the Borrowers and WESCO International entered into an amendment (the "Term Loan Amendment") to the Term Loan Agreement. The Term Loan Amendment, among other things, reduced the applicable margin on U.S. term loans by 0.50% and the LIBOR floor applicable to the U.S. sub-facility from 1.00% to 0.75%. The modified pricing terms were effective December 13, 2013.

On November 26, 2013, WESCO Distribution sold \$500 million aggregate principal amount of 5.375% Senior Notes due 2021 (the "2021 Notes"), and used the net proceeds plus excess cash to prepay \$500 million under the Company's U.S. sub-facility of the Term Loan Facility (see discussion below under "5.375% Senior Notes due 2021" for additional information). The prepayment satisfied all remaining quarterly repayment obligations under the U.S. sub-facility. As a result, the Company recorded a non-cash pre-tax loss on debt extinguishment of \$13.2 million in the fourth quarter of 2013. WESCO will amortize the remaining debt discount and financing costs over the life of the instrument. As of December 31, 2015, the amount outstanding under the U.S. sub-facility was \$174.8 million. The Canadian sub-facility was fully repaid in 2015 using cash provided by Canadian operations.

Borrowings under the Term Loan Facility bear interest at base rates plus applicable margins. At December 31, 2015, the interest rate on borrowings under the U.S. sub-facility was 3.75%. At December 31, 2014, the interest rates on borrowings under the Canadian and U.S. sub-facilities were approximately 5.3% and 3.75%, respectively. To the extent not previously paid, the outstanding U.S. sub-facility will become due and payable on December 12, 2019, with any unpaid incremental term loans becoming due and payable on the respective maturity dates applicable to those incremental term loans. At any time or from time to time, the Borrowers may prepay borrowings under the Term Loan Facility in whole or in part without premium or penalty. The Borrowers' obligations under the Term Loan Facility are secured by substantially all of the assets of the Borrowers, the

Company and certain of the Company's other subsidiaries; provided that, with respect to borrowings under the U.S. sub-facility, the collateral does not include assets of certain foreign subsidiaries or more than 65% of the issued and outstanding equity interests in certain foreign subsidiaries.

The Term Loan Facility contains customary affirmative and negative covenants for credit facilities of this type. The Term Loan Facility also provides for customary events of default.

5.375% Senior Notes due 2021

In November 2013, WESCO Distribution issued \$500 million aggregate principal amount of 2021 Notes through a private offering exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). The 2021 Notes were issued at 100% of par and are governed by an indenture (the "Indenture") entered into on November 26, 2013 with WESCO International and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee. The 2021 Notes are unsecured senior obligations of WESCO Distribution and are guaranteed on a senior unsecured basis by WESCO International. The 2021 Notes bear interest at a stated rate of 5.375%, payable semi-annually in arrears on June 15 and December 15 of each year. In addition, WESCO recorded deferred financing fees related to the issuance of the 2021 Notes totaling \$8.2 million, which are being amortized over the life of the notes. The 2021 Notes mature on December 15, 2021. The net proceeds of the 2021 Notes were used to prepay a portion of the U.S. sub-facility of the term loans due 2019.

Under the terms of a registration rights agreement dated as of November 26, 2013 among WESCO Distribution, Inc., WESCO International, Inc. and Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, as the representative of the initial purchasers of the 5.375% Notes, WESCO Distribution and WESCO International agreed to register under the Securities Act notes having terms identical in all material respects to the 5.375% Notes (the "5.375% Exchange Notes") and to make an offer to exchange the 5.375% Exchange Notes for the 5.375% Notes. WESCO Distribution launched the exchange offer on June 12, 2014 and the exchange offer closed on July 17, 2014.

At any time on or after December 15, 2016, WESCO Distribution may redeem all or a part of the 2021 Notes. Between December 15, 2016 and December 14, 2017, WESCO Distribution may redeem all or a part of the 2021 Notes at a redemption price equal to 104.031% of the principal amount. Between December 15, 2017 and December 14, 2018, WESCO Distribution may redeem all or a part of the 2021 Notes at a redemption price equal to 102.688% of the principal amount. Between December 15, 2018 and December 14, 2019, WESCO Distribution may redeem all or a part of the 2021 Notes at a redemption price equal to 101.344% of the principal amount. On and after December 15, 2019, WESCO Distribution may redeem all or a part of the 2021 Notes at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount.

The Indenture governing the 2021 Notes contains customary covenants and customary events of default. In addition, upon a change of control, the holders of 2021 Notes have the right to require WESCO Distribution to repurchase all or any part of the 2021 Notes at a redemption price equal to 101% of the principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest.

Mortgage Financing Facility

In 2003, WESCO finalized a mortgage financing facility of \$51.0 million. This facility was extinguished with repayments of \$26.4 million in the first quarter of 2013. The interest rate on borrowings under this facility was fixed at 6.5%.

Accounts Receivable Securitization Facility

On September 24, 2015, WESCO Distribution, Inc. amended and restated its accounts receivable securitization facility (the "Receivables Facility") pursuant to the terms and conditions of a Fourth Amended and Restated Receivables Purchase Agreement (the "Receivables Purchase Agreement"), by and among WESCO Receivables Corp. ("WESCO Receivables"), WESCO Distribution, Inc., the various purchaser groups from time to time party thereto and PNC Bank, National Association, as Administrator. The Receivables Purchase Agreement amended and restated the receivables purchase agreement entered into on April 13, 2009.

The Receivables Purchase Agreement increased the purchase limit from \$500 million to \$550 million, with the opportunity to exercise an accordion feature which permits increases in the purchase limit of up to \$100 million, extended the term of the Receivables Facility to September 24, 2018 and added and amended certain defined terms. The interest rate spread and commitment fee of the Receivables Facility remained 0.95% and 0.45%, respectively.

Under the Receivables Facility, WESCO sells, on a continuous basis, an undivided interest in all domestic accounts receivable to WESCO Receivables, a wholly owned special purpose entity (the "SPE"). The SPE sells, without recourse, a senior undivided interest in the receivables to financial institutions for cash while maintaining a subordinated undivided interest in the receivables, in the form of overcollateralization. WESCO has agreed to continue servicing the sold receivables for the third-party conduits and financial institutions at market rates; accordingly, no servicing asset or liability has been recorded.

As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, accounts receivable eligible for securitization totaled approximately \$684.7 million and \$673.6 million, respectively. The Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2015 and 2014 include \$525.0 million and \$430.0 million, respectively, of account receivable balances legally sold to third parties, as well as borrowings for equal amounts. At December 31, 2015 and 2014, the interest rate on borrowings under this facility was approximately 1.4% and 1.0%, respectively.

Revolving Credit Facility

On September 24, 2015, WESCO International, Inc., WESCO Distribution, Inc. and certain other subsidiaries of the Company entered into a \$600 million revolving credit facility (the "Revolving Credit Facility"), which contains a letter of credit sub-facility of up to \$125 million, pursuant to the terms and conditions of a Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement (the "Credit Agreement"). The Revolving Credit Facility contains an accordion feature allowing WESCO Distribution, Inc. to request increases to the borrowing commitments, subject to customary conditions. This accordion feature increased from \$100 million to \$200 million in the aggregate. The Revolving Credit Facility replaced WESCO Distribution Inc.'s prior revolving credit facility entered into on December 12, 2012.

The Revolving Credit Facility matures in September 2020 and consists of two separate sub-facilities: (i) a Canadian sub-facility with a borrowing limit of up to \$400 million, which is collateralized by substantially all assets of WESCO Canada and the other Canadian Borrowers, other than, among other things, real property, in each case, subject to customary exceptions and limitations, and (ii) a U.S sub-facility with a borrowing limit of up to \$600 million less the amount of outstanding borrowings under the Canadian sub-facility. The U.S. sub-facility is collateralized by substantially all assets of WESCO Distribution, Inc. and its subsidiaries which are party to the Credit Agreement, other than, among other things, real property and accounts receivable sold or intended to be sold pursuant to the Receivables Purchase Agreement. The applicable interest rate for borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility includes interest rate spreads based on available borrowing capacity that range between 1.25% and 1.75% for LIBOR-based borrowings and 0.25% and 0.75% for prime rate-based borrowings. At December 31, 2015, the interest rate on borrowings under this facility was approximately 1.7%.

The Credit Agreement requires ongoing compliance with certain customary affirmative and negative covenants. The Credit Agreement also contains customary events of default.

During 2015, WESCO borrowed \$1,276.0 million in the aggregate under the Revolving Credit Facility and the prior revolving credit agreement and made repayments in the aggregate amount of \$1,209.0 million. During 2014, aggregate borrowings and repayments were \$1,046.5 million and \$1,059.7 million, respectively. WESCO had \$438.7 million available under the Revolving Credit facility at December 31, 2015, after giving effect to outstanding letters and international lines of credit, as compared to approximately \$497.5 million at December 31, 2014.

International Lines of Credit

Certain foreign subsidiaries of WESCO have entered into uncommitted lines of credit, which serve as overdraft facilities, to support local operations. The maximum borrowing limit varies by facility and ranges between \$2.0 million and \$19.0 million. The applicable interest rate for borrowings under these lines of credit varies by country and is governed by the applicable loan agreement. The international lines of credit are renewable on an annual basis and certain facilities are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by WESCO Distribution. Accordingly, these lines directly reduce availability under the Revolving Credit Facility.

6.0% Convertible Senior Debentures due 2029

On August 27, 2009, WESCO International completed an exchange offer pursuant to which it issued \$345.0 million in aggregate principal amount of 6.0% Convertible Senior Debentures due 2029 (the "2029 Debentures") in exchange for approximately \$299.7 million and \$57.7 million in aggregate principal amounts of its previously outstanding 1.75% Convertible Senior Debentures due 2026 and 2.625% Convertible Senior Debentures due 2025, respectively. As a result of the debt exchange, WESCO recorded a gain of \$6.0 million, which included the write-off of debt issuance costs. The 2029 Debentures were issued pursuant to an Indenture dated August 27, 2009 (the "2009 Indenture"), with The Bank of New York Mellon, as trustee, and are unconditionally guaranteed on an unsecured senior subordinate basis by WESCO Distribution.

WESCO separately accounts for the liability and equity components of its 2029 Debentures in a manner that reflects its non-convertible debt borrowing rate. WESCO utilized an interest rate of 13.875% to reflect the non-convertible debt borrowing rate of its offering upon issuance, which was determined based on discussions with its financial institutions and a review of relevant market data, and resulted in a \$181.2 million discount to the 2029 Debenture balance and a net increase in additional capital of \$106.5 million. As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, the net equity included in additional capital related to the 2029 Debentures totaled \$106.3 million, respectively. In addition, the financing costs related to the issuance of the 2029 Debentures were allocated between the debt and equity components. WESCO is amortizing the debt discount and financing costs over the life of the instrument. For the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013, non-cash interest expense for the amortization of the

debt discount and deferred financing fees was \$4.2 million, \$3.8 million and \$3.2 million, respectively. The amortization of the debt discount and deferred financing fees will approximate \$4.8 million in 2016, \$5.4 million in 2017, \$6.1 million in 2018, \$6.9 million in 2019, and \$7.9 million in 2020.

While the 2029 Debentures accrue interest at an effective interest rate of 13.875% (as described above), the coupon interest rate of 6.0% per annum is payable in cash semi-annually in arrears on each March 15 and September 15. Beginning with the six-month period commencing September 15, 2016, WESCO International will also pay contingent interest during any six-month period in which the trading price of the 2029 Debentures for each of the five trading days ending on the second trading day immediately preceding the first day of the applicable six-month interest period equals or exceeds 120% of the principal amount of the 2029 Debentures. During any six-month period when contingent interest shall be payable, the contingent interest payable per \$1,000 principal amount of 2029 Debentures will equal 0.25% of the average trading price of \$1,000 principal amount of the 2029 Debentures during the five trading days ending on the second trading day immediately preceding the first day of the applicable six-month interest period. The contingent interest feature is an embedded derivative that is not considered clearly and closely related to the host contract. Accordingly, the contingent interest component had no significant value at December 31, 2015 or 2014.

The 2029 Debentures are convertible into cash, and in certain circumstances, shares of WESCO International's common stock, \$0.01 par value, at any time on or after September 15, 2028, or prior to September 15, 2028 in certain circumstances. The 2029 Debentures will be convertible based on an initial conversion rate of 34.6433 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of the 2029 Debentures (equivalent to an initial conversion price of approximately \$28.87 per share). The conversion rate and conversion price may be adjusted under certain circumstances.

At any time on or after September 15, 2016, the Company may redeem all or a part of the 2029 Debentures plus accrued and unpaid interest (including contingent interest and additional interest, if any) to, but not including, the redemption date. If WESCO International undergoes certain fundamental changes, as defined in the 2009 Indenture, prior to maturity, holders of the 2029 Debentures will have the right, at their option, to require WESCO International to repurchase for cash some or all of their 2029 Debentures at a repurchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2029 Debentures being repurchased, plus accrued and unpaid interest (including contingent interest and additional interest, if any) to, but not including, the repurchase date.

The following table sets forth the components of WESCO's outstanding convertible debenture indebtedness:

		December 31, 2015						December 31, 2014							
	Princ	ipal Balance		Discount		Net Carrying Amount	Prin	cipal Balance		Discount		Net Carrying Amount			
(In thousands)															
2029 Convertible Debentures	\$	344,873	\$	(163,316)	\$	181,557	\$	344,895	\$	(167,257)	\$	177,638			

Covenant Compliance

WESCO was in compliance with all relevant covenants contained in its debt agreements as of December 31, 2015.

The following table sets forth the aggregate principal repayment requirements for all indebtedness for the next five years and thereafter, as of December 31, 2015:

(In thousands)	
2016	\$ 44,339
2017	827
2018	525,413
2019	174,951
2020	75,040
Thereafter	844,872
Total payments on debt	1,665,442
Debt discount on convertible debentures and term loan facility	(164,342)
Total debt	\$ 1,501,100

WESCO's credit agreements contain various restrictive covenants that, among other things, impose limitations on (i) dividend payments or certain other restricted payments or investments; (ii) the incurrence of additional indebtedness and

guarantees; (iii) creation of liens; (iv) mergers, consolidation or sales of substantially all of WESCO's assets; (v) certain transactions among affiliates; (vi) payments by certain subsidiaries to WESCO; and (vii) capital expenditures. In addition, the Revolving Credit Facility and Term Loan Facility require WESCO to meet certain fixed charge coverage tests depending on availability or liquidity, respectively.

8. CAPITAL STOCK

Preferred Stock

There are 20 million shares of preferred stock authorized at a par value of \$.01 per share. The Board of Directors has the authority, without further action by the stockholders, to issue all authorized preferred shares in one or more series and to fix the number of shares, designations, voting powers, preferences, optional and other special rights and the restrictions or qualifications thereof. The rights, preferences, privileges and powers of each series of preferred stock may differ with respect to dividend rates, liquidation values, voting rights, conversion rights, redemption provisions and other matters.

Common Stock

There are 210 million shares of common stock and 20 million shares of Class B common stock authorized at a par value of \$.01 per share. The Class B common stock is identical to the common stock, except for voting and conversion rights. The holders of Class B common stock have no voting rights. With certain exceptions, Class B common stock may be converted, at the option of the holder, into the same number of shares of common stock.

The terms of the Revolving Credit Facility and the Term Loan Agreement provide certain restrictions on declaring or paying dividends. At December 31, 2015 and 2014, no dividends had been declared and, therefore, no retained earnings were reserved for dividend payments.

9. INCOME TAXES

The following table sets forth the components of income before income taxes by jurisdiction:

	-	Year Ended December 31,						
		2015		2014		2013		
		(In thousands)						
	\$	288,881	\$	326,934	\$	338,069		
		15,029		57,219		41,782		
come taxes	\$	303,910	\$	384,153	\$	379,851		

The following table sets forth the components of the provision (benefit) for income taxes:

	Year Ended December 31,					
		2015		2014		2013
				(In thousands)		
Current taxes:						
Federal ⁽¹⁾	\$	45,812	\$	69,495	\$	48,740
State		4,565		7,161		4,669
Foreign		2,309		27,081		29,290
Total current taxes		52,686		103,737		82,699
Deferred taxes:						
Federal		29,593		14,525		32,979
State		3,767		2,522		4,705
Foreign		9,491		(12,068)		(17,050)
Total deferred taxes		42,851		4,979		20,634
Provision for income taxes	\$	95,537	\$	108,716	\$	103,333

⁽¹⁾ Tax benefits related to stock-based awards and other equity instruments recorded directly to additional paid in capital totaled \$1.6 million, \$5.0 million and \$2.3 million in 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

The following table sets forth the reconciliation between the federal statutory income tax rate and the effective tax rate:

	Year Ended December 31,				
	2015	2014	2013		
Federal statutory rate	35.0 %	35.0 %	35.0 %		
State taxes, net of federal tax benefit	2.2	1.9	2.0		
Nondeductible expenses	1.2	0.7	1.0		
Foreign tax rate differences	(1.1)	(1.4)	(0.9)		
Tax effect of intercompany financing	(8.8)	(7.8)	(8.4)		
Federal tax credits	_	_	(1.4)		
Adjustment related to uncertain tax positions	2.7	(0.2)	0.5		
Other	0.2	0.1	(0.6)		
Effective tax rate	31.4 %	28.3 %	27.2 %		

As of December 31, 2015, WESCO's foreign subsidiaries had unremitted earnings of approximately \$623.7 million, of which \$524.6 million was attributable to the Company's Canadian operations. WESCO asserts that these earnings are permanently reinvested to fund growth in the foreign markets and, therefore, has not provided a deferred tax liability on these earnings. Additionally, WESCO's current plans do not require that these earnings be repatriated to fund liquidity needs in the U.S. It is not practicable for WESCO to determine the deferred tax liability associated with repatriation of these earnings as such determination involves material uncertainties, however, if these earnings were repatriated and taxed at the U.S. statutory rate of 35%, the unrecognized deferred tax liability would be approximately \$218.3 million.

The following table sets forth deferred tax assets and liabilities:

	 As of December 31,								
	 20)15			2014				
			(In tho	usand	s)				
	Assets		Liabilities		Assets		Liabilities		
Accounts receivable	\$ 4,736	\$	_	\$	3,510	\$	_		
Inventory	_		5,410		_		2,517		
Depreciation	_		11,671		_		13,074		
Amortization of intangible assets	_		240,106		_		246,895		
Convertible debt interest	_		161,700		_		139,315		
Employee benefits	16,702		_		15,297		_		
Stock-based compensation	27,531		_		27,068		_		
Canada royalty and management fee	_		_		25,277		_		
Foreign tax credits	11,494		_		11,239		_		
Tax loss carryforwards	21,095		_		25,522		_		
Other	6,768		7,715		11,647		6,231		
Total deferred taxes	\$ 88,326	\$	426,602	\$	119,560	\$	408,032		

As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, WESCO had deferred tax assets of \$12.6 million and \$18.3 million, respectively, related to Canadian net operating loss carryforwards. The decrease is primarily due to the settlement of transfer pricing issues between the United States and Canada. The settlement reduced royalty expense that was deductible in Canada in prior years and as a result, reduced Canadian net operating loss carryforwards. The Canadian net operating loss carryforwards expire beginning in 2029 through 2035. Additionally, WESCO had deferred tax assets of \$5.3 million and \$3.8 million as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, related to non-Canadian foreign net operating loss carryforwards. These net operating loss carryforwards expire beginning in 2018, while some may be carried forward indefinitely. As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, WESCO had deferred tax assets of \$3.2 million and \$3.4 million, respectively, related to state net operating loss carryforwards. These carryforwards expire beginning in 2021 through 2029. The Company has determined, based upon an evaluation of all available positive and negative evidence, that it "more-likely-than-not" will utilize all of its net operating loss carryforwards before expiration and, accordingly, has not recorded a valuation allowance.

As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, WESCO had deferred tax assets of \$11.5 million and \$11.2 million, respectively, related to U.S. foreign tax credit ("FTC") carryforwards. These FTC carryforwards expire beginning in 2016 through 2024. The Company has determined that prudent and feasible tax planning strategies exist and it intends to implement these tax planning strategies to prevent these FTC carryforwards from expiring unused. Accordingly, a valuation allowance has not been recorded.

The Company is under examination by tax authorities in the United States and Canada and remains subject to examination until the applicable statutes of limitation expire. The statutes of limitation for the material jurisdictions in which the Company files income tax returns remain open as follows:

United States — Federal	2004 and forward
United States — Material States	2012 and forward
Canada	2004 and forward

The statutes of limitation with respect to the Company's 2004 to 2007 U.S. federal income tax returns are open by waiver only in connection with the Mutual Agreement Procedure ("MAP") concluded in the fourth quarter of 2015 between the Competent Authorities of the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") and Canada Revenue Agency ("CRA") with respect to transfer pricing matters and matters pending before the Appeals Division of Canada Revenue Agency. The statute of limitation with respect to the Company's 2008 U.S. federal income tax return is open by waiver only in connection with the Advance Pricing Agreement ("APA") concluded in the fourth quarter of 2015 between the IRS and CRA. The APA resolves certain transfer pricing matters for the 2008 to 2018 tax years. The statutes of limitation with respect to the Company's 2009 to 2011 U.S. Federal income tax returns are open by waiver only in connection with the IRS examination of those years and the APA.

The following table sets forth the reconciliation of gross unrecognized tax benefits:

	As of December 31,					
	2015			2014		2013
				(In thousands)		
Beginning balance January 1	\$	20,033	\$	25,548	\$	21,075
Additions based on tax positions related to the current year		46		69		1,573
Additions for tax positions of prior years		402		191		4,566
Additions for acquired tax positions		_		308		1,428
Reductions for tax positions of prior years		(378)		(5,608)		_
Settlements		(9,638)		(209)		(2,226)
Lapse in statute of limitations		(1,497)		(40)		(310)
Foreign currency exchange rate changes		(3,532)		(226)		(558)
Ending balance December 31	\$	5,436	\$	20,033	\$	25,548

The total amount of unrecognized tax benefits were \$5.4 million, \$20.0 million, and \$25.5 million as of December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The amount of unrecognized tax benefits that would affect the effective tax rate if recognized in the consolidated financial statements was \$6.2 million, \$20.4 million, and \$25.7 million, respectively. The amounts for 2014 and 2013 primarily related to transfer pricing adjustments made by Canada Revenue Agency, which were subject to MAP and APA proceedings under the U.S./Canada income tax treaty. These proceedings concluded in the fourth quarter of 2015.

It is reasonably possible that the amount of unrecognized tax benefits will decrease by approximately \$2.8 million within the next twelve months due to the effective settlement of uncertain tax positions related to Internal Revenue Service audits or the expiration of statutes of limitation. Of this amount, approximately \$1.6 million could impact the effective tax rate.

The Company classifies interest related to unrecognized tax benefits as interest income or expense. In 2015, interest income of \$8.7 million was recognized as a result of the conclusion of the MAP and APA proceedings for the 2004 to 2015 tax years discussed above. Interest expense on unrecognized tax benefits was \$1.0 million and \$0.6 million for 2014 and 2013, respectively. As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, WESCO had an accrued liability of \$2.1 million and \$12.7 million, respectively, for interest expense related to unrecognized tax benefits. The Company classifies penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits as part of income tax expense. Penalties recorded in income tax expense were minimal in 2015, 2014, and 2013.

10. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share are computed by dividing net income by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the periods. Diluted earnings per share are computed by dividing net income by the weighted-average common shares and common share equivalents outstanding during the periods. The dilutive effect of common share equivalents is considered in the diluted earnings per share computation using the treasury stock method, which includes consideration of dilutive equity awards and contingently convertible debt.

The following tables set forth the details of basic and diluted earnings per share:

	Year Ended December 31,					
	2015		2014			2013
(In thousands, except per share data)						
Net income attributable to WESCO International, Inc.	\$	210,687	\$	275,906	\$	276,430
Weighted-average common shares outstanding used in computing basic earnings per share		43,433		44,440		44,148
Common shares issuable upon exercise of dilutive stock-based awards		626		997		1,121
Common shares issuable from contingently convertible debentures (see below for basis of calculation)		6,314		7,821		7,381
Weighted-average common shares outstanding and common share equivalents used in computing diluted earnings per share		50,373		53,258		52,650
Earnings per share attributable to WESCO International, Inc.						
Basic	\$	4.85	\$	6.21	\$	6.26
Diluted	\$	4.18	\$	5.18	\$	5.25

The computation of diluted earnings per share attributable to WESCO International, Inc. excluded stock-based awards of approximately 1.2 million as of December 31, 2015 and 0.3 million as of December 31, 2014 and 2013. These amounts were excluded because their effect would have been antidilutive.

Because of WESCO's obligation to settle the par value of the 2029 Debentures in cash upon conversion, WESCO is required to include shares underlying the 2029 Debentures in its diluted weighted-average shares outstanding when the average stock price per share for the period exceeds the conversion price of the debentures. Only the number of shares that would be issuable (under the treasury stock method of accounting for share dilution) are included, which is based upon the amount by which the average stock price exceeds the conversion price. The conversion price of the 2029 Debentures is \$28.87. Share dilution as of December 31, 2015 is limited to a maximum of 11,947,533 shares for the 2029 Debentures. For the periods ended December 31, 2015, 2014, and 2013, the effect of the 2029 Debentures on diluted earnings per share attributable to WESCO International, Inc. was a decrease of \$0.60, \$0.89, and \$0.86, respectively.

In December 2014, the Company's Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$300 million of the Company's common stock through December 31, 2017. During the year ended December 31, 2015, the Company entered into accelerated stock repurchase agreements (the "ASR Transactions") with certain financial institutions to purchase shares of its common stock. In exchange for up-front cash payments totaling \$150 million, the Company received 2,468,576 shares. The total number of shares ultimately delivered under the ASR Transactions was determined by the average of the volume-weighted-average prices of the Company's common stock for each exchange business day during the respective settlement valuation periods. WESCO funded the repurchases with borrowings under its prior revolving credit facility. For purposes of computing earnings per share, share repurchases have been reflected as a reduction to common shares outstanding on the respective share delivery dates.

11. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

Defined Contribution Plans

A majority of WESCO's employees are covered by defined contribution retirement savings plans for their service rendered subsequent to WESCO's formation. WESCO also offers a deferred compensation plan for select individuals. For U.S. participants, WESCO will make contributions in an amount equal to 50% of the participant's total monthly contributions up to a maximum of 6% of eligible compensation. For Canadian participants, WESCO will make contributions in an amount ranging from 3% to 5% of the participant's eligible compensation based on years of continuous service. In addition, for U.S. participants, employer contributions may be made at the discretion of the Board of Directors. A discretionary employer contribution charge of \$9.7 million was incurred in 2014. For the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013, WESCO incurred charges of \$18.1 million, \$28.3 million, and \$22.1 million, respectively, for all such plans. Contributions are made in cash to employee retirement savings plan accounts. The deferred compensation plan is an unfunded plan. As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company's obligation under the deferred compensation plan was \$23.5 million and \$22.5 million, respectively. Employees have the option to transfer balances allocated to their accounts in the defined contribution retirement savings plan and the deferred compensation plan into any of the available investment options.

Defined Benefit Plans

In connection with the December 14, 2012 acquisition of EECOL, the Company assumed a contributory defined benefit plan (the "Plan") covering substantially all Canadian employees of EECOL. The Plan provides retirement benefits based on earnings and credited service, and participants contribute 2% of their earnings to the Plan. Participants become 100% vested after two years of continuous service.

The Company also assumed EECOL's Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan (the "SERP"), which provides additional pension benefits to certain executives based on earnings, credited service and executive service. Participants in the SERP are vested after two years of continuous service and contribute 4% of their earnings to the SERP.

The following tables present the changes in benefit obligations, plan assets and funded status for the pension plans and the components of net periodic pension cost.

		Year Ended December 31,					
(In thousands)		2015		2014			
Accumulated Benefit Obligation (ABO) at December 31	\$	67,614	\$	70,594			
Change in Projected Benefit Obligation (PBO)							
PBO at beginning of year	\$	106,325	\$	96,860			
Service cost		4,537		3,610			
Interest cost		4,012		4,600			
Participant contributions		735		857			
Actuarial (gain) loss, including assumption changes		(6,687)		12,791			
Benefits paid		(3,986)		(4,125			
Foreign currency exchange rate changes		(17,750)		(8,268			
PBO at end of year	\$	87,186	\$	106,325			
Change in Plan Assets							
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	\$	90,342	\$	87,606			
Actual return on plan assets		4,781		11,042			
Participant contributions		735		857			
Employer contributions		2,366		2,310			
Benefits paid		(3,986)		(4,125			
Foreign currency exchange rate changes		(15,053)		(7,348			
Fair value of plan assets at end of year	\$	79,185	\$	90,342			
Funded Status	\$	(8,001)	\$	(15,983			
Amounts Recognized in the Consolidated Balance Sheets							
Current liabilities	\$	(355)	\$	(422			
Noncurrent liabilities		(7,646)		(15,561			
Net amount recognized	\$	(8,001)	\$	(15,983			
Amounts Recognized in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)							
Net actuarial gain	\$	(9,021)	\$	(2,828			
Prior service cost		_					
Total net amount recognized, before tax effect	\$	(9,021)	\$	(2,828			

		er 31	31,			
(In thousands)		2015		2014		2013
Components of Net Periodic Pension Cost						
Service cost	\$	4,537	\$	3,610	\$	4,082
Interest cost		4,012		4,600		4,556
Expected return on plan assets		(5,260)		(5,408)		(4,103)
Recognized actuarial gain		(15)		(55)		_
Net periodic pension cost	\$	3,274	\$	2,747	\$	4,535
Net actuarial (gain) loss	\$	(6,208)	\$	7,448	\$	(9,917)
Other Changes in Plan Assets and PBO Recognized in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)						
Amortization of unrecognized net actuarial gain	7	15	7	55	7	
Total amount recognized, before tax effect		(6,193)		7,503		(9,917)
Tax effect		1,661		(2,447)		2,244
Total amount recognized, after tax effect	\$	(4,532)	\$	5,056	\$	(7,673)
Total recognized in net periodic pension cost and accumulated other comprehensive						
income (loss)	\$	(1,258)	\$	7,803	\$	(3,138)

The following weighted-average actuarial assumptions were used to determine benefit obligations at December 31:

	201	5	20	14
	Pension Plan SERP		Pension Plan	SERP
Discount rate	4.2%	4.2%	4.1%	4.1%
Rate of compensation increase	4.0%	4.0%	4.0%	4.0%

The following weighted-average actuarial assumptions were used to determine net periodic pension costs at January 1:

	Year Ended December 31,									
	2015		2014		2013					
	Pension Plan	SERP	Pension Plan	SERP	Pension Plan	SERP				
Discount rate	4.1%	4.1%	4.9%	4.9%	4.5%	4.5%				
Expected long-term return on assets	6.4%	n/a	6.4%	n/a	6.3%	n/a				
Rate of compensation increase	4.0%	4.0%	4.0%	4.0%	4.0%	4.0%				

The following benefit payments, which reflect expected future service, are expected to be paid:

Years ending December 31	(In thousands)
2016	\$ 2,202
2017	2,258
2018	2,294
2019	2,350
2020	2,432
2021-2025	15.223

The Company expects to contribute approximately \$2.2 million to the plans in 2016.

The Company's pension plan weighted asset allocations by asset category are as follows:

	December	r 31
	2015	2014
Asset Category		
Canadian equities	23.0%	23.6%
U.S. equities	14.0%	14.0%
Non-North American equities	18.6%	18.6%
Fixed income investments	44.4%	43.8%
Total	100.0%	100.0%

The Plan's long-term overall objective is to maintain benefits at their current level without affecting the cost of maintaining the Plan, assuming that the demographic make-up of the group of members remains the same.

The primary investment objective, in support of the overall objective, is to earn the highest rate of return possible for the Plan, while keeping risk at acceptable levels. The long-term return objective of the Plan is to achieve a minimum annualized rate of return in excess of the actuarial requirements. This translates into a required return of 3.5% above inflation, net of investment management fees. The return objective is consistent with the overall investment risk level that the Plan assumes in order to meet the pension obligations of the Plan. To achieve this long term investment objective, the Plan has adopted an asset mix that has a combination of equity and fixed income investments. Risk is controlled by investing in a well-diversified portfolio of asset classes. A benchmark portfolio is established based on the expected returns for each asset class available. The investment of the Plan's assets in accordance with the benchmark portfolio should enable the Plan to not only attain, but also exceed the minimum overall objective.

The following table presents the target asset mix based on market value for each investment category within which the investment managers must invest the Plan's assets. The asset mix is reviewed and rebalanced to target on a quarterly basis.

Asset Category	Target %
Canadian equities	25%
U.S. equities	15%
Non-North American equities	20%
Total equities	60%
Fixed income investments	40%

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value hierarchy distinguishes between (1) market participant assumptions developed based on market data obtained from independent sources (observable inputs) and (2) an entity's own assumptions about market participant assumptions developed based on the best information available in the circumstances (unobservable inputs). The fair value hierarchy consists of three broad levels, which gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that are accessible at the measurement date.
- Level 2 inputs include inputs other than Level 1 that are observable, either directly or indirectly, such as quoted prices in active markets for similar assets and liabilities, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of assets or liabilities.
- · Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs in which little or no market data exists, therefore requiring an entity to develop its own assumptions.

The following section describes the valuation methodologies used by the trustees to measure the fair value of plan assets, including an indication of the level in the fair value hierarchy in which each type of asset is generally classified.

Equity Securities. These securities consist of the Plan's share of segregated funds that invest in the stock of publicly traded companies and are valued at the net asset value of shares held at December 31. As such, these securities are generally classified as Level 2.

Fixed Income Investments. These investments consist of segregated funds that invest in Canadian, federal, provincial, municipal and corporate issued bonds and debentures and are valued through consultation and evaluation with brokers in the institutional market using other observable market data. As such, these investments are generally classified as Level 2. Also, these investments include money market funds that are valued using independent observable market data and primarily classified as Level 2.

The fair value methods described above may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Additionally, while the Company believes the valuation method used by the plan's trustee is appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

The following tables set forth the fair value of plan assets classified under the appropriate level of the fair value hierarchy:

	December 31, 2015										
(In thousands)	Level	1		Level 2		Level 3		Total			
Canadian equities	\$		\$	18,189	\$	_	\$	18,189			
U.S. equities		_		11,055		_		11,055			
Non-North American equities		_		14,649		_		14,649			
Fixed income investments		241		35,051		_		35,292			
Total investments	\$	241	\$	78,944	\$	_	\$	79,185			

	December 31, 2014											
(In thousands)	Level 1 Level 2 Level 3							Total				
Canadian equities	\$		\$	21,252	\$	_	\$	21,252				
U.S. equities		_		12,573		_		12,573				
Non-North American equities		_		16,724		_		16,724				
Fixed income investments		335		39,458		_		39,793				
Total investments	\$	335	\$	90,007	\$	_	\$	90,342				

12. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

WESCO has sponsored four stock-based compensation plans. The 1999 Long-Term Incentive Plan, as amended and restated ("LTIP"), was designed to be the successor plan to all prior plans. Any shares remaining reserved for future issuance under the prior plans are available for issuance under the LTIP. The LTIP and predecessor plans are administered by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors.

On May 30, 2013, the Company renewed and restated the LTIP, increasing the maximum number of shares of common stock that may be issued under the plan by 1.6 million shares to 4.0 million. Under the LTIP, the total number of shares of common stock authorized to be issued under the LTIP will be reduced by 1 share of common stock for every 1 share that is subject to an option or stock appreciation right granted, and 1.83 shares of common stock for every 1 share that is subject to an award other than an option or stock appreciation right granted on or after May 30, 2013. As of December 31, 2015, 3.1 million shares of common stock were reserved under the LTIP for future equity award grants.

Except for the performance-based award, awards granted vest and become exercisable once criteria based on time is achieved. Performance-based awards vest based on market or performance conditions. All awards vest immediately in the event of a change in control. Each award terminates on the tenth anniversary of its grant date unless terminated sooner under certain conditions.

WESCO recognized \$12.9 million, \$14.8 million and \$15.9 million of non-cash stock-based compensation expense, which is included in selling, general and administrative expenses, in 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively. As of December 31, 2015, there was \$15.2 million of total unrecognized compensation expense related to non-vested stock-based compensation

arrangements for all awards previously made of which approximately \$9.3 million is expected to be recognized in 2016, \$5.3 million in 2017 and \$0.7 million in 2018.

The total intrinsic value of awards exercised during the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014, and 2013 was \$15.8 million, \$25.2 million, and \$23.4 million, respectively. The total amount of cash received from the exercise of options was \$0.8 million and less than \$0.1 million during the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The gross deferred tax benefit associated with the exercise of stock-based awards totaled \$5.7 million, \$9.4 million, and \$8.4 million in 2015, 2014, and 2013, respectively. WESCO uses the direct only method and tax law ordering approach to calculate the tax effects of stock-based compensation.

The following table sets forth a summary of stock-settled stock appreciation rights and related information for the years indicated:

_	2015									2013				
	Awards		Weighted- Average Exercise Price	Weighted- Average Aggregate Remaining Intrinsic Contractual Value Life (In thousands)			Awards		Weighted- Average Exercise Price	Awards		Weighted- Average Exercise Price		
Beginning of year	2,480,745	\$	50.91				2,715,651	\$	45.93	3,142,021	\$	45.40		
Granted	394,182		69.54				274,508		85.35	253,999		72.26		
Exercised	(232,542)		35.80				(485,469)		41.58	(659,872)		53.08		
Cancelled	(75,364)		73.59				(23,945)		70.30	(20,497)		61.26		
End of year	2,567,021		54.47	4.6	,	\$ 11,731	2,480,745		50.91	2,715,651		45.93		
Exercisable at end of year	2,034,263	\$	49.36	3.5	,	\$ 11,731	1,980,767	\$	44.06	2,192,800	\$	40.94		

WESCO granted the following stock-settled stock appreciation rights at the following weighted-average assumptions:

	2015	2014	2013
Stock-settled appreciation rights granted	394,182	274,508	253,999
Risk free interest rate	1.6%	1.5%	0.9%
Expected life (in years)	5	5	5
Expected volatility	32%	39%	50%

The weighted-average fair value per stock-settled appreciation right granted was \$21.68, \$30.64 and \$31.34 for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

The following table sets forth a summary of time-based restricted stock units and related information for the year ended December 31, 2015:

	Awards	Weighted-Average Fair Value
Unvested at December 31, 2014	185,457	\$ 73.87
Granted	81,022	69.05
Vested	(76,387)	66.89
Forfeited	(14,681)	75.73
Unvested at December 31, 2015	175,411	\$ 74.52

The weighted-average fair value per restricted stock unit granted was \$69.05, \$85.32 and \$72.15 for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

The following table sets forth a summary of performance-based awards for the year ended December 31, 2015:

	Awards	Weighted- Average Fair Value
Unvested at December 31, 2014	130,004	\$ 80.21
Granted	59,661	67.81
Vested	(38,869)	72.25
Forfeited	(36,276)	80.14
Unvested at December 31, 2015	114,520	\$ 76.48

The fair value of the performance shares based on total stockholder return granted during the year ended December 31, 2015 were estimated using the following weighted-average assumptions:

Weighted-Average Assumptions									
Grant date share price	\$	69.54							
WESCO expected volatility		26.9%							
Peer group median volatility		23.2%							
Risk-free interest rate		1.05%							
Correlation		95.8%							

The unvested performance-based awards in the table above include 57,260 shares in which vesting of the ultimate number of shares is dependent upon WESCO's total stockholder return in relation to the total stockholder return of a select group of peer companies over a three-year period. These awards are valued using a Monte Carlo simulation model. Compensation cost is recognized over the service period, regardless of whether the market conditions are achieved and the awards ultimately vest.

Vesting of the remaining 57,260 shares of performance-based awards in the table above is dependent upon the three-year average growth rate of WESCO's net income. The fair value of these awards is based upon the grant-date closing price of WESCO's common stock. Compensation cost is recognized over the performance period based upon WESCO's determination of whether it is probable that the performance targets will be achieved.

13. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Future minimum rental payments required under operating leases, primarily for real property that have noncancelable lease terms in excess of one year as of December 31, 2015, are as follows:

Years ending December 31	(In thousands)
2016	\$ 56,574
2017	48,428
2018	40,020
2019	30,274
2020	21,726
Thereafter	53,234

Rental expense for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013 was \$70.7 million, \$63.2 million and \$60.0 million, respectively.

From time to time, a number of lawsuits and claims have been or may be asserted against WESCO relating to the conduct of its business, including routine litigation relating to commercial and employment matters. The outcomes of litigation cannot be predicted with certainty, and some lawsuits may be determined adversely to WESCO. However, management does not believe that the ultimate outcome is likely to have a material adverse effect on WESCO's financial condition or liquidity, although the resolution in any fiscal quarter of one or more of these matters may have a material adverse effect on WESCO's results of operations for that period.

As initially reported in its 2008 Annual Report on Form 10-K, WESCO was a defendant in a lawsuit in which a customer, ArcelorMittal Indiana Harbor, Inc. ("AIH"), alleged that the Company sold defective products to AIH in 2004 that were supplied to the Company by others. In February 2013, a jury returned a verdict in favor of AIH and awarded damages in the amount of approximately \$36.1 million. As a result, the Company recorded a \$36.1 million charge to selling, general and administrative expenses in 2012. After receiving letters from its insurers confirming insurance coverage of the matter, the Company recorded a receivable in the quarter ended March 31, 2013 in an amount equal to the previously recorded liability. There were various post-trial motions and appeals, including disputes regarding interest. A court awarded \$3.9 million of prejudgment interest and post-judgment interest of 8% per annum. The Company recorded a liability and corresponding receivable for the interest. In April 2015, the Company, AIH and the parties' respective insurance carriers agreed to settle the case. As part of the settlement, the Company's insurers paid \$35.8 million to AIH in full and final satisfaction of the judgment, including any prejudgment and post-judgment interest, and AIH agreed to release all claims against the Company and its insurers. To account for the settlement, the Company reversed the previously recorded liability and corresponding receivable of \$36.1 million, plus \$10.2 million of interest that had accrued in connection with this matter. Accordingly, the settlement of this matter had no net effect on the Company's financial condition or results of operations.

WESCO is subject to the laws and regulations of states and other jurisdictions concerning the identification, reporting and escheatment (the transfer of property to the state) of unclaimed or abandoned funds, and is subject to audit and examination for compliance with these requirements. WESCO Distribution, Inc. is currently undergoing a compliance audit in the State of Delaware concerning the identification, reporting and escheatment of unclaimed or abandoned property. A third party auditor is conducting the audit on behalf of the State, and the Company has been working with an outside consultant during the audit process and in discussions with the auditors. The Company is defending the audit, the outcome of which cannot be predicted with certainty at this time. After the third party auditor completes its field work, it is expected to issue preliminary findings for review by the Company and the State, and thereafter the auditor is expected to issue a final report of examination. If the Company and State do not reach resolution after further discussion, the State issues a demand for payment, which the Company may either agree to pay or appeal, in full or in part. The Company has recorded a liability for unclaimed property based on the facts currently known to the Company.

In October 2014, WESCO was notified that the New York County District Attorney's Office is conducting a criminal investigation involving minority and disadvantaged business contracting practices in the construction industry in New York City and that various contractors, minority and disadvantaged business firms, and their material suppliers, including the Company, are a part of this investigation. The Company has commenced an internal review of this matter and intends to cooperate with the government investigation. The Company cannot predict the outcome or impact of the matter at this time, but could be subject to fines, penalties or other adverse consequences. Based on the facts currently known to the Company, it cannot reasonably estimate a range of exposure to potential liability at this time.

14. SEGMENTS AND RELATED INFORMATION

WESCO provides distribution of product and services through its four operating segments, which have been aggregated as one reportable segment. WESCO has approximately 250,000 unique product stock keeping units and markets more than 1,000,000 products for customers. There were no material amounts of sales or transfers among geographic areas and no material amounts of export sales.

WESCO attributes revenues from external customers to individual countries on the basis of the point of sale. The following table sets forth information about WESCO by geographic area:

	 Net Sales Year Ended December 31,										 				
	2015				2014				2013			2015	2014		2013
(In thousands)															
United States	\$ 5,665,962	7	75%	\$	5,618,240		71%	\$	5,275,275		70%	\$ 157,570	\$ 127,670	\$	137,904
Canada	1,533,705	2	21%		1,899,173		24%		1,882,313	:	25%	63,088	80,080		93,642
Mexico	70,048		1%		95,585		1%		90,152		1%	332	442		615
Subtotal North American															
Operations	7,269,715				7,612,998				7,247,740			220,990	208,192		232,161
Other International	248,772		3%		276,628		4%		265,602		4%	5,369	8,213		11,115
Total	\$ 7,518,487			\$	7,889,626			\$	7,513,342			\$ 226,359	\$ 216,405	\$	243,276

The following table sets forth sales information about WESCO's sales by product category:

Year Ended December 31,	2015	2014	2013
(percentages based on total sales)			
General and Industrial Supplies	40%	40%	40%
Wire, Cable and Conduit	15%	16%	16%
Data and Broadband Communications	15%	14%	14%
Power Distribution Equipment	11%	11%	11%
Lighting and Controls	10%	10%	10%
Control, Automation and Motors	9%	9%	9%

15. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING FINANCIAL INFORMATION

WESCO International, Inc. has outstanding \$344.9 million in aggregate principal amount of 2029 Debentures. The 2029 Debentures are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by WESCO Distribution, Inc., a 100% owned subsidiary of WESCO International, Inc., on a senior subordinated basis to all existing and future senior indebtedness of WESCO Distribution Inc..

WESCO Distribution, Inc. has outstanding \$500 million in aggregate principal amount of 5.375% Senior Notes due 2021 (the "2021 Notes"). The 2021 Notes are unsecured senior obligations of WESCO Distribution, Inc. and are fully and unconditionally guaranteed on a senior unsecured basis by WESCO International. Inc.

Condensed consolidating financial information for WESCO International, Inc., WESCO Distribution, Inc. and the non-guarantor subsidiaries is presented in the following tables.

Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet December 31, 2015

					Dec	ember 31, 20	15		
						(In thousands)			
	1	WESCO International, Inc.		WESCO Distribution, Inc.	N	Von-Guarantor Subsidiaries		Consolidating and Eliminating Entries	Consolidated
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	_	\$	38,963	\$	121,316	\$	_	\$ 160,279
Trade accounts receivable, net		_		_		1,075,257		_	1,075,257
Inventories		_		376,641		433,426		_	810,067
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		15		47,290		173,596		(8,970)	211,931
Total current assets		15		462,894		1,803,595		(8,970)	2,257,534
Intercompany receivables, net		_		_		1,964,848		(1,964,848)	_
Property, buildings and equipment, net		_		56,921		109,818		_	166,739
Intangible assets, net		_		4,072		399,577		_	403,649
Goodwill		_		255,251		1,426,411		_	1,681,662
Investments in affiliates		3,309,006		3,827,069		_		(7,136,075)	_
Other assets		3,804		44,731		29,306		_	77,841
Total assets	\$	3,312,825	\$	4,650,938	\$	5,733,555	\$	(9,109,893)	\$ 4,587,425
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	414,524	\$	300,995	\$	_	\$ 715,519
Short-term debt		_		_		43,314			43,314
Other current liabilities		15,254		55,129		127,555		(8,970)	188,968
Total current liabilities		15,254		469,653		471,864		(8,970)	947,801
Intercompany payables, net		1,320,240		644,608		_		(1,964,848)	_
Long-term debt		181,557		749,620		525,584		_	1,456,761
Other noncurrent liabilities		19,102		216,515		173,375		_	408,992
Total WESCO International stockholders' equity		1,776,672		2,570,542		4,565,533		(7,136,075)	1,776,672
Noncontrolling interest		_		_		(2,801)		_	(2,801)
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	3,312,825	\$	4,650,938	\$	5,733,555	\$	(9,109,893)	\$ 4,587,425

Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet December 31, 2014

						(In thousands)				
		WESCO International,		WESCO Distribution,		Non-Guarantor		Consolidating and Eliminating		
		Inc.		Inc.		Subsidiaries		Entries		Consolidated
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	_	\$	32,508	\$	95,811	\$	_	\$	128,319
Trade accounts receivable, net		_		_		1,117,420		_		1,117,420
Inventories		_		373,938		445,564		_		819,502
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		12		144,282		147,268		(6,465)		285,097
Total current assets		12		550,728		1,806,063		(6,465)		2,350,338
Intercompany receivables, net		_		_		1,806,215		(1,806,215)		
Property, buildings and equipment, net				56,735		125,990				182,725
Intangible assets, net		_		4,733		425,107		_		429,840
Goodwill		_		246,771		1,488,669		_		1,735,440
Investments in affiliates		3,304,914		3,828,727		_		(7,133,641)		_
Other assets		4,083		12,844		39,167		_		56,094
Total assets	\$	3,309,009	\$	4,700,538	\$	5,691,211	\$	(8,946,321)	\$	4,754,437
	-									
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	445,680	\$	319,455	\$	_	\$	765,135
Short-term debt		_		_		46,787		_		46,787
Other current liabilities		12,465		113,746		132,204		(6,465)		251,950
Total current liabilities		12,465		559,426		498,446		(6,465)		1,063,872
Intercompany payables, net		1,168,366		637,849		_		(1,806,215)		
Long-term debt		177,638		683,407		505,385		_		1,366,430
Other noncurrent liabilities		21,888		232,544		141,538		_		395,970
Total WESCO International stockholders' equity		1,928,652		2,587,312		4,546,329		(7,133,641)		1,928,652
Noncontrolling interest		_		_		(487)		_		(487)
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	3,309,009	\$	4,700,538	\$	5,691,211	\$	(8,946,321)	\$	4,754,437

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Income and Comprehensive Income (Loss)

	Year ended December 31, 2015										
	(In thousands)										
		WESCO International, Inc.		WESCO Distribution, Inc.	Ŋ	Von-Guarantor Subsidiaries		Consolidating and Eliminating Entries		Consolidated	
Net sales	\$	_	\$	3,456,883	\$	4,177,383	\$	(115,779)	\$	7,518,487	
Cost of goods sold (excluding depreciation and		_		2,784,413		3,356,192		(115,779)		6,024,826	
amortization											
Selling, general and administrative expenses		26		611,549		443,376		_		1,054,951	
Depreciation and amortization		_		19,703		45,265		_		64,968	
Results of affiliates' operations		225,370		219,619		_		(444,989)		_	
Interest expense (income), net		24,910		63,261		(18,339)		_		69,832	
Provision for income taxes		(7,939)		(6,929)		110,405		_		95,537	
Net income		208,373		204,505		240,484		(444,989)		208,373	
Less: Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest		_		_		(2,314)		_		(2,314)	
Net income attributable to WESCO International, Inc.	\$	208,373	\$	204,505	\$	242,798	\$	(444,989)	\$	210,687	
Other comprehensive income (loss):	_										
Foreign currency translation adjustment		(225,795)		(225,795)		(225,795)		451,590		(225,795)	
Post retirement benefit plan adjustment		4,532		4,532		4,532		(9,064)		4,532	
Comprehensive (loss) income attributable to WESCO International, Inc.	\$	(12,890)	\$	(16,758)	\$	21,535	\$	(2,463)	\$	(10,576)	

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Income and Comprehensive Income

	Condensed Consolidating Statement of Income and Comprehensive Income										
				Year	r ende	d December 31,	2014				
	(In thousands)										
	I	WESCO International, Inc.		WESCO Distribution, Inc.	N	Ion-Guarantor Subsidiaries		Consolidating and Eliminating Entries		Consolidated	
Net sales	\$	_	\$	3,557,839	\$	4,446,139	\$	(114,352)	\$	7,889,626	
Cost of goods sold (excluding depreciation and		_		2,848,413		3,544,523		(114,352)		6,278,584	
amortization											
Selling, general and administrative expenses		9		557,596		519,203		_		1,076,808	
Depreciation and amortization		_		19,084		48,933		_		68,017	
Results of affiliates' operations		292,845		231,174		_		(524,019)		_	
Interest expense (income), net		24,472		74,653		(17,061)		_		82,064	
Provision for income taxes		(7,072)		16,446		99,342		_		108,716	
Net income		275,436		272,821		251,199		(524,019)		275,437	
Less: Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest		_		_		(469)		_		(469)	
Net income attributable to WESCO International, Inc.	\$	275,436	\$	272,821	\$	251,668	\$	(524,019)	\$	275,906	
Other comprehensive loss:											
Foreign currency translation adjustment		(120,293)		(120,293)		(120,293)		240,586		(120,293)	
Post retirement benefit plan adjustment		(5,056)		(5,056)		(5,056)		10,112		(5,056)	
Comprehensive income attributable to WESCO International, Inc.	\$	150,087	\$	147,472	\$	126,319	\$	(273,321)	\$	150,557	

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Income and Comprehensive Income

	Year ended December 31, 2013									
	(In thousands)									
		WESCO International, Inc.		WESCO Distribution, Inc.]	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries		Consolidating and Eliminating Entries		Consolidated
Net sales	\$	_	\$	3,386,043	\$	4,253,666	\$	(126,367)	\$	7,513,342
Cost of goods sold (excluding depreciation and		_		2,700,692		3,393,567		(126,367)		5,967,892
amortization										
Selling, general and administrative expenses		29		485,575		511,206		_		996,810
Depreciation and amortization		_		18,331		49,311		_		67,642
Results of affiliates' operations		294,137		207,630		_		(501,767)		_
Interest expense (income), net		23,918		75,294		(13,605)		_		85,607
Loss on debt extinguishment		_		13,225		_		_		13,225
Loss on sale of Argentina business		_		_		2,315		_		2,315
Provision for income taxes		(6,327)		25,657		84,003		_		103,333
Net income	\$	276,517	\$	274,899	\$	226,869	\$	(501,767)	\$	276,518
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest		_		_		88		_		88
Net income attributable to WESCO International, Inc.	\$	276,517	\$	274,899	\$	226,781	\$	(501,767)	\$	276,430
Other comprehensive income (loss):										
Foreign currency translation adjustment		(83,172)		(83,172)		(83,172)		166,344		(83,172)
Post retirement benefit plan adjustment		7,673		7,673		7,673		(15,346)		7,673
Comprehensive income attributable to WESCO International, Inc.	\$	201,018	\$	199,400	\$	151,282	\$	(350,769)	\$	200,931

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows

	Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows											
	Year ended December 31, 2015 (In thousands)											
		WESCO International, Inc.		WESCO Distribution, Inc.		Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries		Consolidating and Eliminating Entries		Consolidated		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	3,531	\$	214,037	\$	65,481	\$	_	\$	283,049		
Investing activities:												
Capital expenditures		_		(15,266)		(6,392)		_		(21,658)		
Acquisition payments, net of cash acquired		_		(151,595)		_		_		(151,595)		
Proceeds from sale of assets		_		_		3,023		_		3,023		
Dividends received from subsidiaries		_		114,101		_		(114,101)		_		
Advances to subsidiaries and other		_		(197,345)		17,461		179,884		_		
Net cash used in investing activities		_		(250,105)		14,092		65,783		(170,230)		
Financing activities:												
Proceeds from issuance of debt		150,705		1,224,596		452,655		(197,345)		1,630,611		
Repayments of debt		_		(1,175,056)		(379,578)		17,461		(1,537,173)		
Equity activities		(154,236)		_		_		_		(154,236)		
Dividends paid by subsidiaries		_		_		(114,101)		114,101		_		
Other		_		(7,017)		_		_		(7,017)		
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities		(3,531)		42,523		(41,024)		(65,783)		(67,815)		
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		_		_		(13,044)		_		(13,044)		
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		_		6,455		25,505		_		31,960		
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of period		_		32,508		95,811		_		128,319		
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period	\$	_	\$	38,963	\$	121,316	\$	_	\$	160,279		

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows

	Year ended December 31, 2014										
					(In thousands)					
		WESCO International, Inc.		WESCO Distribution, Inc.		Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries		Consolidating and Eliminating Entries		Consolidated	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	820	\$	51,738	\$	198,598	\$	_	\$	251,156	
Investing activities:											
Capital expenditures		_		(13,717)		(6,831)		_		(20,548)	
Acquisition payments, net of cash acquired		_		(42,226)		(96,404)		_		(138,630)	
Proceeds from sale of assets		_		_		14,991		_		14,991	
Dividends received from subsidiaries		_		71,381		_		(71,381)			
Advances to subsidiaries and other		_		(53,779)		17,461		36,318		_	
Net cash used in investing activities		_		(38,341)		(70,783)		(35,063)		(144,187)	
Financing activities:											
Proceeds from issuance of debt		6,517		798,315		495,493		(60,437)		1,239,888	
Repayments of debt		(6,658)		(807,776)		(541,080)		24,119		(1,331,395)	
Equity activities		(679)		_		_		_		(679)	
Dividends paid by subsidiaries		_		_		(71,381)		71,381		_	
Other		_		(3,123)		(181)		_		(3,304)	
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities		(820)		(12,584)		(117,149)		35,063		(95,490)	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		_		_		(6,885)		_		(6,885)	
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		_		813		3,781		_		4,594	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of period		_		31,695		92,030		_		123,725	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period	\$		\$	32,508	\$	95,811	\$	_	\$	128,319	

WESCO INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(CONTINUED)

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows

	Condended Consolidating Statement of Cush 110 110									
	Year ended December 31, 2013									
						(In thousands)				
		WESCO International, Inc.		WESCO Distribution, Inc.		Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	i	Consolidating and Eliminating Entries		Consolidated
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$	(10,716)	\$	209,501	\$	116,356	\$	_	\$	315,141
Investing activities:										
Capital expenditures		_		(16,728)		(11,097)		_		(27,825)
Proceeds from sale of assets		_		_		10,807		_		10,807
Dividends received from subsidiaries		_		62,507		_		(62,507)		_
Advances to subsidiaries and other		_		(59,991)		16,256		42,530		(1,205)
Net cash used in investing activities		_		(14,212)		15,966		(19,977)		(18,223)
Financing activities:										
Proceeds from issuance of debt		14,945		1,143,604		404,293		(59,991)		1,502,851
Repayments of debt		_		(1,345,377)		(412,561)		17,461		(1,740,477)
Equity activities		(4,229)		_		_		_		(4,229)
Dividends paid by subsidiaries		_		_		(62,507)		62,507		_
Other		_		(14,096)		(1,568)		_		(15,664)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	,	10,716		(215,869)		(72,343)		19,977		(257,519)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		_		_		(1,773)		_		(1,773)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	,	_		(20,580)		58,206		_		37,626
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of period		_		52,275		33,824		_		86,099
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period	\$	_	\$	31,695	\$	92,030	\$	_	\$	123,725

Revisions

The Condensed Consolidating Statements of Cash Flow for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013 were revised to appropriately present dividends paid by the non-guarantor subsidiaries and dividends received by WESCO Distribution, Inc. The revisions did not impact the consolidated amounts previously reported, nor did they impact the Company's obligations under the 2021 Notes or the 2029 Debentures.

WESCO INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(CONTINUED)

16. SELECTED QUARTERLY FINANCIAL DATA (unaudited)

The following table sets forth selected quarterly financial data for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014:

	First Quarter		Second Quarter		Third Quarter		Fourth Quarter
2015							
Net Sales	\$	1,816,330	\$	1,916,718	\$	1,923,899	\$ 1,861,540
Cost of goods sold (excluding depreciation and amortization)		1,448,639		1,535,084		1,543,113	1,497,990
Income from operations		87,185		90,253		106,348	89,956
Income before income taxes		66,291		71,640		85,931	80,048
Net income		46,793		50,639		62,384	48,557
Net income attributable to WESCO International, Inc.		47,031		51,741		63,503	48,412
Basic earnings per share attributable to WESCO International, Inc.(A)		1.06		1.18		1.47	1.15
Diluted earnings per share attributable to WESCO International, $Inc.^{(B)}$		0.90		1.00		1.28	1.03
2014							
Net Sales	\$	1,810,825	\$	2,005,165	\$	2,078,150	\$ 1,995,486
Cost of goods sold (excluding depreciation and amortization)		1,436,032		1,593,437		1,655,787	1,593,328
Income from operations		92,959		115,833		133,248	124,177
Income before income taxes		72,271		95,496		112,450	103,936
Net income		51,855		68,787		80,818	73,977
Net income attributable to WESCO International, Inc.		51,905		68,802		80,816	74,383
Basic earnings per share attributable to WESCO International, Inc. (A)		1.17		1.55		1.82	1.67
Diluted earnings per share attributable to WESCO International, Inc.(B)		0.97		1.29		1.52	1.40

⁽A) Earnings per share (EPS) in each quarter is computed using the weighted-average number of shares outstanding during the quarter while EPS for the full year is computed by taking the average of the weighted-average number of shares outstanding each quarter. Thus, the sum of the four quarters' EPS may not equal the full-year EPS.

Diluted EPS in each quarter is computed using the weighted-average number of shares outstanding and common share equivalents during that quarter while Diluted EPS for the full year is computed by taking the average of the weighted-average number of shares outstanding and common share equivalents each quarter. Thus, the sum of the four quarters' Diluted EPS may not equal the full-year Diluted EPS.

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure.

None

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures.

Conclusion Regarding the Effectiveness of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, we conducted an evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures as such term is defined under Rule 13a-15(e) promulgated under the Exchange Act. Based on this evaluation, our principal executive officer and our principal financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this report.

Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting as such term is defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f). Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, we conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting based on the updated framework in *Internal Control — Integrated Framework (2013)* (2013 Framework) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission on May 14, 2013. Based on our evaluation under the 2013 Framework, our management concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2015.

The effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2015 has been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report, which is included herein.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

During the last fiscal quarter of 2015, there were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with management's evaluation of the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Item 9B. Other Information.

None.

PART III

Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance.

The information set forth under the captions "Board of Directors" and "Executive Officers" in our definitive Proxy Statement for our 2016 Annual Meeting of Stockholders is incorporated herein by reference.

Codes of Business Ethics and Conduct

We have adopted a Code of Business Ethics and Conduct ("Code of Conduct") that applies to our Directors, officers and employees that is available on our website at www.wesco.com by selecting the "Investors" tab followed by the "Corporate Governance" heading. Any amendment or waiver of the Code of Conduct for our officers or Directors will be disclosed promptly at that location on our website.

We also have adopted a Senior Financial Executive Code of Principles for Senior Executives ("Senior Financial Executive Code") that applies to our principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer or controller, or persons performing these functions. The Senior Financial Executive Code is also available at that same location on our website. We intend to timely disclose any amendment or waiver of the Senior Financial Executive Code on our website and will retain such information on our website as required by applicable SEC rules.

A copy of the Code of Conduct and/or Senior Financial Executive Code may also be obtained upon request by any stockholder, without charge, by writing to us at WESCO International, Inc., 225 West Station Square Drive, Suite 700, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania 15219, Attention: Corporate Secretary.

The information required by Item 10 that relates to our Directors and executive officers is incorporated by reference from the information appearing under the captions "Corporate Governance," "Board and Committee Meetings" and "Security Ownership" in our definitive Proxy Statement for our 2016 Annual Meeting of Stockholders that is to be filed with the SEC pursuant to the Exchange Act within 120 days of the end of our fiscal year on December 31, 2015.

Item 11. Executive Compensation.

The information set forth under the captions "Compensation Discussion and Analysis" and "Director Compensation" in our definitive Proxy Statement for our 2016 Annual Meeting of Stockholders is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters.

The information set forth under the caption "Security Ownership" in our definitive Proxy Statement for our 2016 Annual Meeting of Stockholders is incorporated herein by reference.

The following table provides information as of December 31, 2015 with respect to the shares of our common stock that may be issued under our existing equity compensation plans:

Plan Category	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights	Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights	Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	2,856,952	\$ 48.94	3,073,234
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders	_	_	_
Total	2,856,952	\$ 48.94	3,073,234

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence.

The information set forth under the captions "Transactions with Related Persons" and "Corporate Governance" in our definitive Proxy Statement for our 2016 Annual Meeting of Stockholders is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services.

The information set forth under the caption "Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm Fees and Services" in our definitive Proxy Statement for our 2016 Annual Meeting of Stockholders is incorporated herein by reference.

PART IV

Item 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedule.

The financial statements, financial statement schedule and exhibits listed below are filed as part of this annual report:

(a) (1) Financial Statements

The list of financial statements required by this item is set forth in Item 8, "Financial Statements and Supplementary Data," and is incorporated herein by reference.

(2) Financial Statement Schedule

Schedule II — Valuation and Qualifying Accounts

(b) Exhibits

Exhibit No.	Description of Exhibit	Prior Filing or Sequential Page Number
2.1	Recapitalization Agreement, dated as of March 27, 1998, among Thor Acquisitions L.L.C., WESCO International, Inc. (formerly known as CDW Holding Corporation) and certain security holders of WESCO International, Inc.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to WESCO's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (No. 333-43225)
2.2	Share Purchase Agreement, dated as of October 15, 2012, between WDCC Enterprises Inc., the Shareholders party thereto, EECOL Holdings Ltd., Jarich Holdings Ltd., EESA Corp., EESA Holdings Ltd. and EECOL Electric Corp.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to WESCO's Current Report on Form 8-K, dated October 17, 2012
3.1	Restated Certificate of Incorporation of WESCO International, Inc.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to WESCO's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (No. 333-70404)
3.2	Certificate of Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation to Restated Certificate of Incorporation of WESCO International, Inc.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to WESCO's Current Report on Form 8-K, dated May 29, 2014
3.3	Amended and Restated By-laws of WESCO International, Inc., effective as of May 29, 2014	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to WESCO's Current Report on Form 8-K, dated May 29, 2014
4.1	Indenture, dated August 27, 2009, by and among WESCO International, Inc., WESCO Distribution, Inc. and The Bank of New York, as Trustee	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to WESCO's Current Report on Form 8-K, dated August 27, 2009
4.2	Form of 6.0% Convertible Senior Debenture due 2029	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to WESCO's Current Report on Form 8-K, dated August 27, 2009
4.3	Indenture, dated November 26, 2013, among WESCO Distribution, Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to WESCO's Current Report on Form 8-K, dated November 27, 2013
4.4	Form of 5.375% Restricted Note due 2021	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit A-1 to Exhibit 4.1 to WESCO's Current Report on Form 8-K, dated November 27, 2013
4.5	Form of 5.375% Unrestricted Note due 2021	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit A-2 to Exhibit 4.1 to WESCO's Current Report on Form 8-K, dated November 27, 2013
10.1	1999 Deferred Compensation Plan for Non-Employee Directors, as amended and restated September 20, 2007	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 to WESCO's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011
10.2	Form of Stock Appreciation Rights Agreement for Employees	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.7 to WESCO's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011

Exhibit No.	Description of Exhibit	Prior Filing or Sequential Page Number
10.3	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Agreement for Employees	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.8 to WESCO's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011
10.4	Form of Stock Appreciation Rights Agreement for Non-Employee Directors	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to WESCO's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2010
10.5	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Agreement for Non-Employee Directors	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to WESCO's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2010
10.6	Amended and Restated Registration and Participation Agreement, dated as of June 5, 1998, among WESCO International, Inc. and certain security holders of WESCO International, Inc. named therein	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.19 to WESCO's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (No. 333-43225)
10.7	Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated as of September 1, 2009, between WESCO International Inc. and John J. Engel	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to WESCO's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2009
10.8	Term Sheet, dated January 15, 2010, memorializing terms of employment of Diane Lazzaris by WESCO International, Inc.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.28 to WESCO's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009
10.9	Term Sheet, dated June 18, 2010, memorializing terms of employment of Kimberly Windrow by WESCO International, Inc.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to WESCO's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2010
10.10	Notice of Performance Share Award under the WESCO International, Inc. 1999 Long-Term Incentive Plan	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to WESCO's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2012
10.11	Term Sheet, dated May 24, 2012, memorializing terms of employment of Kenneth Parks by WESCO International, Inc.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to WESCO's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2012
10.12	Term Loan agreement, dated as of December 12, 2012 among WESCO Distribution, Inc., WDCC Enterprises Inc., WESCO International, Inc., Credit Suisse AG, Cayman Islands Branch, as Administrative Agent and Collateral Agent and the other Lenders and Agents party thereto	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to WESCO's Current Report on Form 8-K, dated December 17, 2012
10.13	1999 Long-Term Incentive Plan, as restated effective as of May 30, 2013	Incorporated by reference to Appendix A to the Proxy Statement filed on Schedule 14A on April 16, 2013
10.14	First Amendment to Term Loan Agreement, dated as of November 19, 2013 among WESCO Distribution, Inc., WDCC Enterprises Inc., WESCO International, Inc., Credit Suisse AG, Cayman Islands Branch, as Administrative Agent and Collateral Agent and the other Lenders and Agents party thereto	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.31 to WESCO's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013
10.15	Form of Non-Employee Director Restricted Stock Unit Agreement	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.32 to WESCO's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013
10.16	Form of Stock Appreciation Rights Agreement for Employees	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.33 to WESCO's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014

Exhibit No.	Description of Exhibit	Prior Filing or Sequential Page Number
10.17	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Agreement For Employees	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.34 to WESCO's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014
10.18	Notice of Performance Share Award Under the WESCO International, Inc. 1999 Long-Term Incentive Plan, as amended May 30, 2013	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.35 to WESCO's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014
10.19	Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of September 24, 2015 among WESCO Distribution, Inc., the other U.S. Borrowers party thereto, WESCO Distribution Canada LP, the other Canadian Borrowers party thereto, WESCO International, Inc., the Lenders party thereto, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent, and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., Toronto Branch, as Canadian Administrative Agent	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to WESCO's Current Report on Form 8-K, dated September 24, 2015
10.20	Fourth Amended and Restated Receivables Purchase Agreement, dated as of September 24, 2015, by and among WESCO Receivables Corp., WESCO Distribution, Inc., the various Purchaser Groups from time to time party thereto and PNC Bank, National Association, as Administrator	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to WESCO's Current Report on Form 8-K, dated September 24, 2015
10.21	Release Agreement, dated as of October 5, 2015, between WESCO International, Inc., and WESCO Distribution, Inc., and Stephen A. Van Oss	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to WESCO's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, for the quarter ended September 30, 2015
10.22	Form of Non-Employee Director Restricted Stock Unit Agreement	Filed herewith
10.23	Form of Notice of Performance Share Award Under the WESCO International, Inc. 1999 Long-Term Incentive Plan, as amended May 30, 2013	Filed herewith
10.24	Form of Director and Officer Indemnification Agreement, entered among WESCO International, Inc. and certain of its executive officers and directors listed on a schedule attached thereto	Filed herewith
21.1	Subsidiaries of WESCO International, Inc.	Filed herewith
23.1	Consent of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP	Filed herewith
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) promulgated under the Exchange Act	Filed herewith
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) promulgated under the Exchange Act	Filed herewith
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	Filed herewith
32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	Filed herewith
101	Interactive Data File	Filed herewith

The registrant hereby agrees to furnish supplementally to the Commission, upon request, a copy of any omitted schedule to any of the agreements contained herein.

Copies of exhibits may be retrieved electronically at the Securities and Exchange Commission's home page at www.sec.gov. Exhibits will also be furnished without charge by writing to Kenneth S. Parks, Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, 225 West Station Square Drive, Suite 700, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania 15219. Requests may also be directed to (412) 454-2200.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

WESCO INTERNATIONAL, INC.

By: /s/ JOHN J. ENGEL

Name: John J. Engel

Title: Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: February 22, 2016

WESCO INTERNATIONAL, INC.

By: /s/ KENNETH S. PARKS

Name: Kenneth S. Parks

Title: Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Date: February 22, 2016

Table of Contents

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signature	Title	Date
/s/ JOHN J. ENGEL	Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer	February 22, 2016
John J. Engel	(Principal Executive Officer)	
/s/ KENNETH S. PARKS	Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer	February 22, 2016
Kenneth S. Parks	(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)	
/s/ SANDRA BEACH LIN	Director	February 22, 2016
Sandra Beach Lin		
/s/ BOBBY J. GRIFFIN	Director	February 22, 2016
Bobby J. Griffin		
/s/ JOHN K. MORGAN	Director	February 22, 2016
John K. Morgan		
/s/ JAMES J. O'BRIEN	Director	February 22, 2016
James J. O'Brien		
/s/ STEVEN A. RAYMUND	Director	February 22, 2016
Steven A. Raymund		
/s/ JAMES L. SINGLETON	Director	February 22, 2016
James L. Singleton		
/s/ ROBERT J. TARR, JR.	Director	February 22, 2016
Robert J. Tarr, Jr.		
/s/ LYNN M. UTTER	Director	February 22, 2016
Lynn M. Utter		

Schedule II—Valuation and Qualifying Accounts

	Balance at Beginning	Charged to	(Charged to Other				Balance at
	of Period	Expense	A	Accounts ⁽¹⁾	Γ	Deductions ⁽²⁾	E	nd of Period
Allowance for doubtful accounts			(In	thousands)				
Year ended December 31, 2015	\$ 21,084	\$ 6,099	\$	1,305	\$	(5,901)	\$	22,587
Year ended December 31, 2014	19,309	5,937		194		(4,356)		21,084
Year ended December 31, 2013	17,242	2,878		2,623		(3,434)		19,309

⁽¹⁾ Represents allowance for doubtful accounts in connection with certain acquisitions and divestitures.

⁽²⁾ Includes a reduction in the allowance for doubtful accounts due to write-off of accounts receivable.

NON-EMPLOYEE DIRECTOR RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AGREEMENT

This Restricted Stock Unit Agreement (the "<u>Agreement</u>") which relates to the Notice of Grant of Restricted Stock Unit Award (the "<u>Notice</u>"), is by and between WESCO International, Inc. (the "<u>Company</u>"), and the person identified in the Notice (the "<u>Participant</u>").

The Board has authorized and approved the 1999 Long-Term Incentive Plan (the "Plan"), which has been approved by the Company's stockholders. The Committee has approved an award to the Participant of a number of shares of the Company's Restricted Stock Units, conditioned upon the Participant's acceptance of the provisions set forth in the Notice and this Agreement within 60 days after the Notice and this Agreement are presented to the Participant for review. For purposes of the Notice and this Agreement, any reference to the Company shall include a reference to any Subsidiary.

1. Grant of Restricted Stock Units.

- (a) As of the Date of Grant set forth in the Notice, the Company grants to the Participant the number of Restricted Stock Units set forth in the Notice of Grant (the "RSUs"), which represent shares of the Company's Common Stock. The RSUs are subject to the restrictions set forth in this Agreement and the Plan.
- (b) The RSUs granted under this Agreement shall be reflected in a bookkeeping account maintained by the Company during the Restricted Period. If and when the restrictions set forth in Section 2 expire in accordance with the terms of this Agreement, and upon the satisfaction of all other applicable conditions as to the RSUs, such RSUs (and any related Dividend Equivalent Rights described in Section 1(c) below) not forfeited pursuant to Section 4 hereof shall be settled in shares of Common Stock as provided in Section 1(e) of this Agreement and otherwise in accordance with the Plan.
- (c) With respect to each RSU, whether or not vested, that has not been forfeited (but only to the extent such award of RSUs has not been settled for Common Stock), the Company shall, with respect to any cash dividends paid on the Common Stock, accrue and credit to the Participant's bookkeeping account a number of RSUs having a Fair Market Value as of the date such dividend is paid equal to the cash dividends that would have been paid with respect to such RSU if it were an outstanding share of Common Stock (the "Dividend Equivalent Rights"). These Dividend Equivalent Rights thereafter shall (i) be treated as RSUs for purposes of future dividend accruals pursuant to this Section 1(c); and (ii) vest in such amounts (rounded to the nearest whole RSU) at the same time as the RSUs with respect to which such Dividend Equivalent Rights were received. Any dividends or distributions on Common Stock paid other than in cash shall accrue in the Participant's

bookkeeping account and shall vest at the same time as the RSUs in respect of which they are made (in each case in the same form, based on the same record date and at the same time, as such dividend or other distribution is paid on such Common Stock).

- (d) The Company's obligations under this Agreement (with respect to both the RSUs and the Dividend Equivalent Rights, if any) shall be unfunded and unsecured, and no special or separate fund shall be established and no other segregation of assets shall be made. The rights of Participant under this Agreement shall be no greater than those of a general unsecured creditor of the Company. In addition, the RSUs shall be subject to such restrictions as the Company may deem advisable under the rules, regulations and other requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission, any stock exchange upon which Common Stock is then listed, any Company policy and any applicable federal or state securities law.
- (e) Except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, settlement of the RSUs in accordance with the provisions of this Section 1(e) shall be delivered as soon as practicable after the end of the Restricted Period, and upon the satisfaction of all other applicable conditions as to the RSUs (including the payment by the Participant of all applicable withholding taxes). The RSUs so payable to the Participant shall be paid solely in shares of Common Stock.

2. Restrictions.

- (a) The Participant shall have no rights as a stockholder of the Company by virtue of any RSU unless and until such RSU vests and resulting shares of Common Stock are issued to the Participant.
- (b) None of the RSUs may be sold, transferred, assigned, pledged or otherwise encumbered or disposed of during the Restricted Period, except as may be permitted by the Plan or as otherwise permitted by the Committee in its sole discretion or pursuant to rules adopted by the Committee in accordance with the Plan.
- (c) Any attempt to dispose of the RSUs or any interest in the RSUs in a manner contrary to the restrictions set forth in this Agreement shall be void and of no effect.
- 3. Restricted Period and Vesting. The "Restricted Period" is the period beginning on the Grant Date and ending on the earliest to occur of: (i) the date the RSUs, or such applicable portion of the RSUs, are deemed vested under the schedule set forth in the Notice; (ii) the termination of the Participant's service on the Company's Board of Directors as a result of the scheduled expiration of the Participant's term as a member of the Board of Directors; (iii) the Participant's death; or (iv) the Permanent Disability (as defined in Section 7) of the Participant. Subject to the provisions contained in Section 4, 5 and 6, the RSUs shall be deemed vested and no longer subject to forfeiture under Section 4 upon expiration of the Restricted Period, and the satisfaction of all other applicable conditions as to the RSUs (including the payment by the Participant of all applicable withholding taxes).

4. Forfeiture. Subject to Section 6 hereof, if during the Restricted Period (i) the Participant's board service is terminated other than as a result of the scheduled expiration of the Participant's term as a member of the Board of Directors of the Company or other than by reason of the Participant's death or Permanent Disability, (ii) there occurs a material breach of the Notice or this Agreement by the Participant, or (iii) the Participant fails to meet the tax withholding obligations described in Section 5(b) hereof, all rights of the Participant to the RSUs that have not vested in accordance with Section 3 as of the date of such termination shall terminate immediately and be forfeited in their entirety.

5. Withholding.

- (a) The Committee shall determine the amount of any withholding or other tax required by law to be withheld or paid by the Company with respect to any income recognized by the Participant with respect to the RSUs.
- (b) The Participant shall be required to meet any applicable tax withholding obligation in accordance with the provisions of the Plan.
- (c) Subject to any rules prescribed by the Committee, the Participant shall have the right to elect to meet any withholding requirement (i) by having withheld from this Award at the appropriate time that number of whole shares of Common Stock whose Fair Market Value is equal to the amount of any taxes required to be withheld with respect to such Award, (ii) by direct payment to the Company in cash of the amount of any taxes required to be withheld with respect to such Award or (iii) by a combination of shares and cash.
- **Committee's Discretion.** Notwithstanding any provision of this Agreement to the contrary, the Committee shall have discretion under Section 7.03 of the Plan to waive any forfeiture of the RSUs as set forth in Section 4 hereof, the Restricted Period and any other conditions set forth in this Agreement.
 - 6.1 <u>Deferral</u>. Participant may, at his or her election, defer the RSUs, to the extent permitted and pursuant to such terms as may be adopted, by the Compensation Committee or the Board.

Exhibit 10.23

[FORM OF] Notice of Performance Share Award **Under the**

WESCO International, Inc. 1999 Long-Term Incentive Plan

(As Restated May 30, 2013)

Notice is hereby given of an award of Performance Shares under the WESCO International, Inc. 1999 Long-Term Incentive Plan, as restated May 30, 2013, and as further amended (the "Plan") attached hereto as Exhibit A, subject to the Terms and Conditions attached hereto as Exhibit B.

[NAME] Grantee: Date of Grant: [DATE]

The three-year period commencing on January 1, 20 and ending on December 31, 20 , during which the Award Period:

Company's achievement of the Performance Goals will be measured. Except as specified in Section 4 or Section 8, if the Grantee's Active Employment is terminated prior to the date the Committee has certified achievement of the Performance Goals, all rights of the Grantee to the Performance Shares as of the date of

termination shall terminate immediately and be forfeited in their entirety.

Performance Goals: The Award of Performance Shares will be based on the Company's achievement of two Performance Goals

for the Award Period: Relative Total Shareholder Return ("Relative TSR") and the three-year average growth rate of the Company's net income ("Net Income Growth"). One half (1/2) of the Award shall be based on

Relative TSR and the other one-half (1/2) shall be based on Net Income Growth.

	Performance Goals					
Performance At	Relative TSR (percentile rank among Peer Group)	Net Income Growth (3-year average growth rate)				
Maximum						
Target						
Threshold						

Performance Shares: The number of Performance Shares earned by a Grantee for the Award Period shall be based 50% on the Company's Relative TSR and 50% on the Company's Net Income Growth, as follows (with interpolated amounts for results between threshold and target and maximum and target levels):

	Performance Shares					
Performance At	Relative TSR (50% of total award)	Net Income Growth (50% of total award)				
Maximum	2x	2x				
Target	1x	1x				
Threshold	0.5x	0.5x				

If the Company's actual performance is below the Threshold level for a Performance Goal, the Grantee will earn no Performance Shares for that Performance Goal.

"Relative TSR" ranks the "Return to Shareholders" (as defined below) for the Company over the Award Period in relation to the Return to Shareholders for the "Peer Group" (as defined below).

"Return to Shareholders" for the Company and each of the respective companies in the Peer Group shall mean the quotient of: (i) the sum of (A) the average closing price, as reported on the securities exchange on which the stock of the relevant company is traded, for the twenty (20) trading days preceding January 1, 20__, and (B) the dividends declared during the period commencing on January 1, 20__ and ending on December 31, 20__, which are presumed to be reinvested on a quarterly basis, divided by, (ii) the average closing price, as reported on the securities exchange on which the stock of the relevant company is traded, for the twenty (20) trading days preceding January 1, 20__.

"Peer Group" shall mean the companies, specified by the Committee by resolution prior to the Grant Date.

If a company in the Peer Group becomes bankrupt, the bankrupt company will remain in the Peer Group, but the stock price of the bankrupt company(ies) will be considered to be \$0.00.

If a company in the Peer Group is acquired by another company or entity, including through a management buy-out or going-private transaction, the acquired company will be removed from the Peer Group for the entire Award Period.

If a company in the Peer Group acquires another company in the Peer Group, the acquiring company will remain in the Peer Group.

"Net Income Growth" means the three-year average growth rate of the Company's net income (i.e. net income attributable to WESCO International, Inc.), as reported in the Company's financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles or any other accounting reporting system under which the Company is required to report its financial statements for the 20___, 20__ and 20__ fiscal years. However, in calculating Net Income Growth, the Committee may exclude certain items that are not indicative of ongoing results. Examples of items that may be excluded from calculating Net Income Growth include, but are not limited to: "strategic" items (charges or credits related to the high-level strategic direction of the Company, such as restructurings, acquisitions, divestitures, the purchase or sale of equities, and the issuance or payment of debt); "regulatory" items (charges or credits due to changes in tax or accounting rules); "external" items (charges or credits due to external events such as natural disasters); and

"other" significant unusual, nonrecurring or rare items (such as charges or credits due to litigation or legal settlements, the disposal of assets or asset impairment). The Committee has determined that the attainment of specified levels of net income attributable to WESCO International, Inc. is a specific milestone in connection with the Company's strategic initiatives.

The Committee shall adjust the Award, in accordance with Treas. Reg. Sec. 1.162-27(e)(2)(iii)(C), to reflect a change in corporate capitalization, such as a stock split or dividend, or a corporate transaction, such as any merger of a corporation into another corporation, any consolidation of two or more corporations into another corporation, any separation of the Company or a Subsidiary (including a spinoff or other distribution of stock or property by a corporation), any reorganization of the Company or its Subsidiaries (whether or not such reorganization comes within the definition of such term in Code Section 368), or any partial or complete liquidation by the Company or its Subsidiaries; provided that, the Committee shall not make any adjustment that causes the Award to fail to qualify as performance-based compensation under Code Section 162(m) and the regulations thereunder.

Grantee hereby acknowledges receipt of a copy of the Plan attached hereto as Exhibit A and the Performance Share Award Terms and Conditions attached hereto as Exhibit B.

Grantee understands and agrees that the Award is granted subject to and in accordance with the terms of the Plan and the Performance Share Award Terms and Conditions. Grantee further agrees to be bound by the terms of the Plan and the Performance Share Award Terms and Conditions attached hereto.

All capitalized terms in this Notice shall have the meaning assigned to them in this Notice or in the Plan or the Performance Share Award Terms and Conditions attached.

Attachments:

Exhibit A – WESCO International, Inc. 1999 Long-Term Incentive Plan Exhibit B – Performance Share Award Terms and Conditions

Exhibit 10.24

FORM OF

DIRECTOR AND OFFICER INDEMNIFICATION AGREEMENT

This Director and Officer Indemnification Agreen	nent, dated as of	(this "	Agreement "), is made b	y and
between WESCO International, Inc., a Delaware corporat	tion, and WESCO I	Distribution, Inc., a	a Delaware corporation	(collectively
the "Company"), and ("Indemnitee").			_	

RECITALS:

- A. Section 141 of the Delaware General Corporation Law provides that the business and affairs of a corporation shall be managed by or under the direction of its board of directors.
- B. Pursuant to Sections 141 and 142 of the Delaware General Corporation Law, significant authority with respect to the management of the Company has been delegated to the officers of the Company.
- C. By virtue of the managerial prerogatives vested in the directors and officers of a Delaware corporation, directors and officers act as fiduciaries of the corporation and its stockholders.
- D. Thus, it is critically important to the Company and its stockholders that the Company be able to attract and retain the most capable persons reasonably available to serve as directors and officers of the Company.
- E. In recognition of the need for corporations to be able to induce capable and responsible persons to accept positions in corporate management, Delaware law authorizes (and in some instances requires) corporations to indemnify their directors and officers, and further authorizes corporations to purchase and maintain insurance for the benefit of their directors and officers.
- F. The Delaware courts have recognized that indemnification by a corporation serves the dual policies of (1) allowing corporate officials to resist unjustified lawsuits, secure in the knowledge that, if vindicated, the corporation will bear the expense of litigation and (2) encouraging capable women and men to serve as corporate directors and officers, secure in the knowledge that the corporation will absorb the costs of defending their honesty and integrity.
- G. Delaware law also authorizes a corporation to pay in advance of the final disposition of an action, suit or proceeding the expenses incurred by a director or officer in the defense thereof, and any such right to the advancement of expenses may be made separate and distinct from any right to indemnification and need not be subject to the satisfaction of any

standard of conduct or otherwise affected by the merits of any claims against the director or officer.

- H. The number of lawsuits challenging the judgment and actions of directors and officers of Delaware corporations, the costs of defending those lawsuits, and the threat to directors' and officers' personal assets have all materially increased over the years, chilling the willingness of capable women and men to undertake the responsibilities imposed on corporate directors and officers.
- I. Federal legislation and rules adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission and the national securities exchanges have imposed additional disclosure and corporate governance obligations on directors and officers of public companies and have exposed such directors and officers to new and substantially broadened civil liabilities.
- J. These legislative and regulatory initiatives have also exposed directors and officers of public companies to a significantly greater risk of criminal proceedings, with attendant defense costs and potential criminal fines and penalties.
- K. The authority of a corporation to indemnify and advance the costs of defense to its directors and officers applies to criminal proceedings as well as to civil, administrative and investigative proceedings.
- L. Indemnitee is a director or officer of the Company and his or her willingness to serve in such capacity is predicated, in substantial part, upon the Company's willingness to indemnify him or her in accordance with the principles reflected above, to the fullest extent permitted by the laws of the state of Delaware, and upon the other undertakings set forth in this Agreement.
- M. Therefore, in recognition of the need to provide Indemnitee with substantial protection against personal liability, in order to procure Indemnitee's continued service as a director or officer of the Company and to enhance Indemnitee's ability to serve the Company in an effective manner, and in order to provide such protection pursuant to express contract rights (intended to be enforceable irrespective of, among other things, any amendment to the Company's certificate of incorporation or bylaws (collectively, the "Constituent Documents"), any change in the composition of the Company's Board of Directors (the "Board") or any change-in-control or business combination transaction relating to the Company), the Company wishes to provide in this Agreement for the indemnification of and the advancement of Expenses (as defined in Section 1(e)) to Indemnitee as set forth in this Agreement and for the continued coverage of Indemnitee under the Company's directors' and officers' liability insurance policies.
- N. In light of the considerations referred to in the preceding recitals, it is the Company's intention and desire that the provisions of this Agreement be construed liberally, subject to their express terms, to maximize the protections to be provided to Indemnitee hereunder.

AGREEMENT:

NOW, THEREFORE, the parties hereby agree as follows:

- 1. **Certain Definitions.** In addition to terms defined elsewhere herein, the following terms have the following meanings when used in this Agreement with initial capital letters:
- (a) "Claim" means (i) any threatened, asserted, pending or completed claim, demand, action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative, arbitrative, investigative or other, and whether made pursuant to federal, state or other law; and (ii) any threatened, pending or completed inquiry or investigation, whether made, instituted or conducted by or at the behest of the Company or any other person, including any federal, state or other court or governmental entity or agency and any committee or other representative of any corporate constituency, that Indemnitee determines might lead to the institution of any such claim, demand, action, suit or proceeding.
- (b) "Controlled Affiliate" means any corporation, limited liability company, partnership, joint venture, trust or other entity or enterprise, whether or not for profit, that is directly or indirectly controlled by the Company. For purposes of this definition, "control" means the possession, directly or indirectly, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management or policies of an entity or enterprise, whether through the ownership of voting securities, through other voting rights, by contract or otherwise; provided that direct or indirect beneficial ownership of capital stock or other interests in an entity or enterprise entitling the holder to cast 20% or more of the total number of votes generally entitled to be cast in the election of directors (or persons performing comparable functions) of such entity or enterprise shall be deemed to constitute control for purposes of this definition.
- (c) "*Disinterested Director*" means a director of the Company who is not and was not a party to the Claim in respect of which indemnification is sought by Indemnitee.
- (d) "*ERISA Losses*" means any taxes, penalties or other liabilities under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended, or Section 4975 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.
- (e) "*Expenses*" means attorneys' and experts' fees and expenses and all other costs and expenses paid or payable in connection with investigating, defending, being a witness in or participating in (including on appeal), or preparing to investigate, defend, be a witness in or participate in (including on appeal), any Claim.
- (f) "Incumbent Directors" means the individuals who, as of the date hereof, are members of the Board and any individual becoming a member of the Board subsequent to the date hereof whose election, nomination for election by the Company's stockholders, or appointment, was approved by a vote of at least two-thirds of the then Incumbent Directors (either by a specific vote or by approval of the proxy statement of the Company in which such person is named as a nominee for director, without objection to such nomination); provided, however, that an individual shall not be an Incumbent Director if such individual's election or appointment to the Board occurs as a result of an actual or threatened election contest (as described in Rule 14a-12(c) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) with respect

to the election or removal of directors or other actual or threatened solicitation of proxies or consents by or on behalf of a Person other than the Board.

- (g) "Indemnifiable Claim" means any Claim based upon, arising out of or resulting from (i) any actual, alleged or suspected act or failure to act by Indemnitee in his or her capacity as a director, officer, employee or agent of the Company or as a director, officer, employee, member, manager, trustee or agent of any other corporation, limited liability company, partnership, joint venture, trust or other entity or enterprise, whether or not for profit (including any employee benefit plan or related trust), as to which Indemnitee is or was serving at the request of the Company as a director, officer, employee, member, manager, trustee or agent, (ii) any actual, alleged or suspected act or failure to act by Indemnitee in respect of any business, transaction, communication, filing, disclosure or other activity of the Company or any other entity or enterprise referred to in clause (i) of this sentence, or (iii) Indemnitee's status as a current or former director, officer, employee or agent of the Company or as a current or former director, officer, employee, member, manager, trustee or agent of the Company or any other entity or enterprise referred to in clause (i) of this sentence or any actual, alleged or suspected act or failure to act by Indemnitee in connection with any obligation or duty imposed upon Indemnitee by reason of the fact of such status. In addition to any service at the actual request of the Company, for purposes of this Agreement, Indemnitee shall be deemed to be serving or to have served at the request of the Company as a director, officer, employee, member, manager, trustee or agent of another entity or enterprise if Indemnitee is or was serving as a director, officer, employee, member, manager, trustee or agent of such entity or enterprise and (i) such entity or enterprise is or at the time of such service was a Controlled Affiliate, (ii) such entity or enterprise is or at the time of such service was an employee benefit plan (or related trust) sponsored or maintained by the Company or a Controlled Affiliate, or (iii) the Company or a Controlled Affiliate directly or indirectly caused or authorized Indemnitee to be nominated, elected, appointed, designated, employed, engaged or selected to serve in such capacity.
- (h) "*Indemnifiable Losses*" means any and all Losses relating to, arising out of or resulting from any Indemnifiable Claim.
- (i) "Independent Counsel" means a law firm, or a member of a law firm, that is experienced in matters of corporation law and neither presently is, nor in the past five years has been, retained to represent: (i) the Company (or any Subsidiary) or Indemnitee in any matter material to either such party (other than with respect to matters concerning Indemnitee under this Agreement, or of other indemnitees under similar indemnification agreements), or (ii) any other named (or, as to a threatened matter, reasonably likely to be named) party to the Indemnifiable Claim giving rise to a claim for indemnification hereunder. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the term "Independent Counsel" shall not include any person who, under the applicable standards of professional conduct then prevailing, would have a conflict of interest in representing either the Company or Indemnitee in an action to determine Indemnitee's rights under this Agreement.
- (j) "Losses" means any and all Expenses, damages, losses, liabilities, judgments, fines, penalties (whether civil, criminal or other), ERISA Losses and amounts paid in

settlement, including all interest, assessments and other charges paid or payable in connection with or in respect of any of the foregoing.

- (k) "*Subsidiary*" means an entity in which the Company directly or indirectly beneficially owns 50% or more of the outstanding Voting Stock.
- (l) "*Voting Stock*" means securities entitled to vote generally in the election of directors (or similar governing bodies).
- 2. **Indemnification Obligation.** Subject to Section 8, the Company shall indemnify, defend and hold harmless Indemnitee, to the fullest extent permitted or required by the laws of the State of Delaware in effect on the date hereof or as such laws may from time to time hereafter be amended to increase the scope of such permitted or required indemnification, against any and all Indemnifiable Claims and Indemnifiable Losses; *provided*, *however*, that (a) except for compulsory counterclaims or as provided in Sections 4 and 21, Indemnitee shall not be entitled to indemnification pursuant to this Agreement in connection with any Claim initiated by Indemnitee against the Company or any director or officer of the Company unless the Company has joined in or consented to the initiation of such Claim and (b) no repeal or amendment of any law of the State of Delaware shall in any way diminish or adversely affect the rights of Indemnitee pursuant to this Agreement in respect of any occurrence or matter arising prior to any such repeal or amendment.
- 3. **Advancement of Expenses.** Indemnite shall have the right to advancement by the Company prior to the final disposition of any Indemnifiable Claim of any and all Expenses relating to, arising out of or resulting from any Indemnifiable Claim paid or incurred by Indemnitee or which Indemnitee determines are reasonably likely to be paid or incurred by Indemnitee. Indemnitee's right to such advancement is not subject to the satisfaction of any standard of conduct and is not conditioned upon any prior determination that Indemnitee is entitled to indemnification under this Agreement with respect to the Indemnifiable Claim or the absence of any prior determination to the contrary. Without limiting the generality or effect of the foregoing, within five business days after any request by Indemnitee, the Company shall, in accordance with such request (but without duplication), (a) pay such Expenses on behalf of Indemnitee, (b) advance to Indemnitee funds in an amount sufficient to pay such Expenses, or (c) reimburse Indemnitee for such Expenses; *provided* that Indemnitee shall repay, without interest any amounts actually advanced to Indemnitee that, at the final disposition of the Indemnifiable Claim to which the advance related, were in excess of amounts paid or payable by Indemnitee in respect of Expenses relating to, arising out of or resulting from such Indemnifiable Claim. In connection with any such payment, advancement or reimbursement, if delivery of an undertaking is a legally required condition precedent to such payment, advance or reimbursement, Indemnitee shall execute and deliver to the Company an undertaking in the form attached hereto as Exhibit A (subject to Indemnitee filling in the blanks therein and selecting from among the bracketed alternatives therein), which need not be secured and shall be accepted by the Company without reference to Indemnitee's ability to repay the Expenses. In no event shall Indemnitee's right to the payment, advancement or reimbursement of Expenses pursuant to

this Section 3 be conditioned upon any undertaking that is less favorable to Indemnitee than, or that is in addition to, the undertaking set forth in <u>Exhibit A</u>.

- 4. **Indemnification for Additional Expenses.** Without limiting the generality or effect of the foregoing, the Company shall indemnify and hold harmless Indemnitee against and, if requested by Indemnitee, shall reimburse Indemnitee for, or advance to Indemnitee, within five business days of such request, any and all Expenses paid or incurred by Indemnitee or which Indemnitee determines are reasonably likely to be paid or incurred by Indemnitee in connection with any Claim made, instituted or conducted by Indemnitee, in each case to the fullest extent permitted or required by the laws of the State of Delaware in effect on the date hereof or as such laws may from time to time hereafter be amended to increase the scope of such permitted or required indemnification, reimbursement or advancement of such Expenses, for (a) indemnification or payment, advancement or reimbursement of Expenses by the Company under any provision of this Agreement, or under any other agreement or provision of the Constituent Documents now or hereafter in effect relating to Indemnifiable Claims, and/or (b) recovery under any directors' and officers' liability insurance policies maintained by the Company; *provided*, *however*, that Indemnitee shall return, without interest, any such advance of Expenses (or portion thereof) which remains unspent at the final disposition of the Claim to which the advance related.
- 5. **Contribution**. To the fullest extent permissible under applicable law in effect on the date hereof or as such law may from time to time hereafter be amended to increase the scope of permitted or required indemnification, if the indemnification provided for in this Agreement is unavailable to Indemnitee for any reason whatsoever, the Company, in lieu of indemnifying Indemnitee, shall contribute to the payment of any and all Indemnifiable Claims or Indemnifiable Losses, in such proportion as is fair and reasonable in light of all of the circumstances in order to reflect (i) the relative benefits received by the Company and Indemnitee as a result of the event(s) and/or transaction(s) giving cause to such Indemnifiable Claim or Indemnifiable Loss and/or (ii) the relative fault of the Company (and its other directors, officers, employees and agents) and Indemnitee in connection with such event(s) and/or transaction(s); provided that such contribution shall not be required where it is determined, pursuant to a final disposition of such Indemnifiable Claim or Indemnifiable Loss in accordance with Section 8, that Indemnitee is not entitled to indemnification by the Company with respect to such Indemnifiable Claim or Indemnifiable Loss.
- 6. **Partial Indemnity.** If Indemnitee is entitled under any provision of this Agreement to indemnification by the Company for some or a portion of any Indemnifiable Loss, but not for all of the total amount thereof, the Company shall nevertheless indemnify Indemnitee for the portion thereof to which Indemnitee is entitled.
- 7. **Procedure for Notification**. To obtain indemnification under this Agreement in respect of an Indemnifiable Claim or Indemnifiable Loss, Indemnitee shall submit to the Company a written request therefor, including a brief description (based upon information then available to Indemnitee) of such Indemnifiable Claim or Indemnifiable Loss. If, at the time of the receipt of such request, the Company has directors' and officers' liability insurance in effect

under which coverage for such Indemnifiable Claim or Indemnifiable Loss is potentially available, the Company shall give prompt written notice of such Indemnifiable Claim or Indemnifiable Loss to the applicable insurers in accordance with the procedures set forth in the applicable policies. The Company shall provide to Indemnitee a copy of such notice delivered to the applicable insurers, and copies of all subsequent correspondence between the Company and such insurers regarding the Indemnifiable Claim or Indemnifiable Loss, in each case substantially concurrently with the delivery or receipt thereof by the Company. The failure by Indemnitee to timely notify the Company of any Indemnifiable Claim or Indemnifiable Loss shall not relieve the Company from any liability hereunder unless, and only to the extent that, the Company did not otherwise learn of such Indemnifiable Claim or Indemnifiable Loss and such failure results in forfeiture by the Company of substantial defenses, rights or insurance coverage.

8. Determination of Right to Indemnification.

- (a) To the extent that Indemnitee shall have been successful on the merits or otherwise in defense of any Indemnifiable Claim or any portion thereof or in defense of any issue or matter therein, including dismissal without prejudice, Indemnitee shall be indemnified against Indemnifiable Losses relating to, arising out of or resulting from such Indemnifiable Claim in accordance with Section 2 and no Standard of Conduct Determination (as defined in Section 8(b)) shall be required with respect to such Indemnifiable Claim.
- (b) To the extent that the provisions of Section 8(a) are inapplicable to an Indemnifiable Claim that shall have been finally disposed of, any determination of whether Indemnitee has satisfied any applicable standard of conduct under Delaware law that is a legally required condition precedent to indemnification of Indemnitee hereunder against Indemnifiable Losses relating to, arising out of or resulting from such Indemnifiable Claim (a "Standard of Conduct Determination") shall be made as follows: (i) by a majority vote of the Disinterested Directors, even if less than a quorum of the Board, (ii) if such Disinterested Directors so direct, by a majority vote of a committee of Disinterested Directors designated by a majority vote of all Disinterested Directors, or (iii) if there are no such Disinterested Directors or if Indemnitee so requests, by Independent Counsel, selected by the Indemnitee and approved by the Board (such approval not to be unreasonably withheld, delayed or conditioned), in a written opinion addressed to the Board, a copy of which shall be delivered to Indemnitee. Indemnitee will cooperate with the person or persons making such Standard of Conduct Determination, including providing to such person or persons, upon reasonable advance request, any documentation or information which is not privileged or otherwise protected from disclosure and which is reasonably available to Indemnitee and reasonably necessary to such determination. The Company shall indemnify and hold harmless Indemnitee against and, if requested by Indemnitee, shall reimburse Indemnitee for, or advance to Indemnitee, within five business days of such request, any and all costs and expenses (including attorneys' and experts' fees and expenses) incurred by Indemnitee in so cooperating with the person or persons making such Standard of Conduct Determination.
- (c) The Company shall use its reasonable best efforts to cause any Standard of Conduct Determination required under Section 8(b) to be made as promptly as practicable. If

- (i) the person or persons empowered or selected under Section 8 to make the Standard of Conduct Determination shall not have made a determination within 30 days after the later of (A) receipt by the Company of written notice from Indemnitee advising the Company of the final disposition of the applicable Indemnifiable Claim (the date of such receipt being the "Notification Date") and (B) the selection of an Independent Counsel, if such determination is to be made by Independent Counsel, and (ii) Indemnitee shall have fulfilled his or her obligations set forth in the second sentence of Section 8(b), then Indemnitee shall be deemed to have satisfied the applicable standard of conduct; provided that such 30-day period may be extended for a reasonable time, not to exceed an additional 30 days, if the person or persons making such determination in good faith requires such additional time for the obtaining or evaluation or documentation and/or information relating thereto.
- (d) If (i) Indemnitee shall be entitled to indemnification hereunder against any Indemnifiable Losses pursuant to Section 8(a), (ii) no determination of whether Indemnitee has satisfied any applicable standard of conduct under Delaware law is a legally required condition precedent to indemnification of Indemnitee hereunder against any Indemnifiable Losses, or (iii) Indemnitee has been determined or deemed pursuant to Section 8(b) or (c) to have satisfied any applicable standard of conduct under Delaware law which is a legally required condition precedent to indemnification of Indemnitee hereunder against any Indemnifiable Losses, then the Company shall pay to Indemnitee, within five business days after the later of (x) the Notification Date in respect of the Indemnifiable Claim or portion thereof to which such Indemnifiable Losses are related, out of which such Indemnifiable Losses arose or from which such Indemnifiable Losses resulted and (y) the earliest date on which the applicable criterion specified in clause (i), (ii) or (iii) above shall have been satisfied, an amount equal to the amount of such Indemnifiable Losses.

9. Presumption of Entitlement.

- (a) In making a determination of whether Indemnitee has been successful on the merits or otherwise in defense of any Indemnifiable Claim or any portion thereof or in defense of any issue or matter therein, the Company acknowledges that a resolution, disposition or outcome short of dismissal or final judgment, including outcomes that permit Indemnitee to avoid expense, delay, embarrassment, injury to reputation, distraction, disruption or uncertainty, may constitute such success. In the event that any Indemnifiable Claim or any portion thereof or issue or matter therein is resolved or disposed of in any manner other than by adverse judgment against Indemnitee (including any resolution or disposition thereof by means of settlement with or without payment of money or other consideration), it shall be presumed that Indemnitee has been successful on the merits or otherwise in defense of such Indemnifiable Claim or portion thereof or issue or matter therein. The Company may overcome such presumption only by its adducing clear and convincing evidence to the contrary.
- (b) In making any Standard of Conduct Determination, the person or persons making such determination shall presume that Indemnitee has satisfied the applicable standard of conduct, and the Company may overcome such presumption only by its adducing clear and convincing evidence to the contrary. Any Standard of Conduct Determination that Indemnitee

has satisfied the applicable standard of conduct shall be final and binding in all respects, including with respect to any litigation or other action or proceeding initiated by Indemnitee to enforce his or her rights hereunder. Any Standard of Conduct Determination that is adverse to Indemnitee may be challenged by Indemnitee in the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware. No determination by the Company (including by its directors or any Independent Counsel) that Indemnitee has not satisfied any applicable standard of conduct shall be a defense to any Claim by Indemnitee for indemnification or reimbursement or advance payment of Expenses by the Company hereunder or create a presumption that Indemnitee has not met any applicable standard of conduct.

- (c) Without limiting the generality or effect of Section 9(b), (i) to the extent that any Indemnifiable Claim relates to any entity or enterprise (other than the Company) referred to in clause (i) of the first sentence of the definition of "Indemnifiable Claim," Indemnitee shall be deemed to have satisfied the applicable standard of conduct if Indemnitee acted in good faith and in a manner Indemnitee reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the interests of such entity or enterprise (or the owners or beneficiaries thereof, including in the case of any employee benefit plan the participants and beneficiaries thereof) and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe that his or her conduct was unlawful, and (ii) in all cases, any belief of Indemnitee that is based on the records or books of account of the Company, including financial statements, or on information supplied to Indemnitee by the directors or officers of the Company in the course of their duties, or on the advice of legal counsel for the Company, the Board, any committee of the Board or any director, or on information or records given or reports made to the Company, the Board, any committee of the Board or any director by an independent certified public accountant or by an appraiser or other expert selected by or on behalf of the Company, the Board, any committee of the Board or any director shall be deemed to be reasonable.
- 10. **No Adverse Presumption.** For purposes of this Agreement, the termination of any Claim by judgment, order, settlement (whether with or without court approval) or conviction, or upon a plea of *nolo contendere* or its equivalent, will not create a presumption that Indemnitee did not meet any applicable standard of conduct or that indemnification hereunder is otherwise not permitted.

11. Non-Exclusivity; Primacy of Company's Obligations

(a) The rights of Indemnitee hereunder will be in addition to any other rights Indemnitee may have against the Company under the Constituent Documents, or the substantive laws of the Company's jurisdiction of incorporation, any other contract or otherwise (collectively, "Other Indemnity Provisions"); provided, however, that (a) to the extent that Indemnitee otherwise would have any greater right to indemnification under any Other Indemnity Provision, Indemnitee will be deemed to have such greater right hereunder and (b) to the extent that any change is made to any Other Indemnity Provision which permits any greater right to indemnification than that provided under this Agreement as of the date hereof, Indemnitee will be deemed to have such greater right hereunder. The Company will not adopt

any amendment to any of the Constituent Documents the effect of which would be to deny, diminish or encumber Indemnitee's right to indemnification under this Agreement or any Other Indemnity Provision.

(b) The Company acknowledges that Indemnitee has or may have from time to time certain rights of indemnification and advancement of expenses provided by one or more third parties (collectively, the Secondary Indemnitors"). The Company agrees that, as between the Company and the Secondary Indemnitors, the Company is primarily responsible for amounts required to be indemnified or advanced under any of the Constituent Documents or this Agreement and any obligation of the Secondary Indemnitors to provide indemnification or advancement for the same amounts is secondary to those Company obligations.

- 12. Liability Insurance and Funding. For the duration of Indemnitee's service as a director and/or officer of the Company, and thereafter for so long as Indemnitee shall be subject to any pending or possible Indemnifiable Claim, the Company shall use commercially reasonable efforts (taking into account the scope and amount of coverage available relative to the cost thereof) to cause to be maintained in effect policies of directors' and officers' liability insurance providing coverage for directors and/or officers of the Company that is at least substantially comparable in scope and amount to that provided by the Company's current policies of directors' and officers' liability insurance. Upon Indemnitee's request, the Company shall provide Indemnitee with a copy of all directors' and officers' liability insurance applications, binders, policies, declarations, endorsements and other related materials. Without limiting the generality or effect of the two immediately preceding sentences, the Company shall not discontinue or significantly reduce the scope or amount of coverage from one policy period to the next (i) without the prior approval thereof by a majority vote of the Incumbent Directors, even if less than a quorum, or (ii) if at the time that any such discontinuation or significant reduction in the scope or amount of coverage is proposed there are no Incumbent Directors, without the prior written consent of Indemnitee (which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld or delayed). In all policies of directors' and officers' liability insurance obtained by the Company, Indemnitee shall be named as an insured in such a manner as to provide Indemnitee the same rights and benefits, subject to the same limitations, as are accorded to the Company's directors and officers most favorably insured by such policy. The Company may, but shall not be required to, create a trust fund, grant a security interest or use other means, including a letter of credit, to ensure the payment of such amounts as may be necessary to satisfy its obligations to indemnify and advance expenses pursuant to this Agreement.
- 13. **Subrogation.** In the event of payment under this Agreement, the Company shall be subrogated to the extent of such payment to all of the related rights of recovery of Indemnitee against other persons or entities (other than Indemnitee's successors), including any entity or enterprise referred to in clause (i) of the definition of "Indemnifiable Claim" in Section 1(g). Indemnitee shall execute all papers reasonably required to evidence such rights (all of Indemnitee's reasonable Expenses, including attorneys' fees and charges, related thereto to be reimbursed by or, at the option of Indemnitee, advanced by the Company).
- 14. **No Duplication of Payments.** The Company shall not be liable under this Agreement to make any payment to Indemnitee in respect of any Indemnifiable Losses to the extent Indemnitee has otherwise actually received and is entitled to retain payment (net of any Expenses incurred in connection therewith and any repayment by Indemnitee made with respect thereto) under any insurance policy, the Constituent Documents and Other Indemnity Provisions or otherwise (including from any entity or enterprise referred to in clause (i) of the definition of "Indemnifiable Claim" in Section 1(g)) in respect of such Indemnifiable Losses otherwise indemnifiable hereunder.
- 15. **Defense of Claims.** The Company shall be entitled to participate in the defense of any Indemnifiable Claim or to assume the defense thereof, with counsel reasonably satisfactory to Indemnitee; *provided* that if Indemnitee believes, after consultation with counsel selected by Indemnitee, that (a) the use of counsel chosen by the Company to represent

Indemnitee would present such counsel with an actual or potential conflict, (b) the named parties in any such Indemnifiable Claim (including any impleaded parties) include both the Company and Indemnitee and Indemnitee shall conclude that there may be one or more legal defenses available to him or her that are different from or in addition to those available to the Company, or (c) any such representation by such counsel would be precluded under the applicable standards of professional conduct then prevailing, then Indemnitee shall be entitled to retain separate counsel (but not more than one law firm plus, if applicable, local counsel in respect of any particular Indemnifiable Claim) at the Company's expense. The Company shall not be liable to Indemnitee under this Agreement for any amounts paid in settlement of any threatened or pending Indemnifiable Claim effected without the Company's prior written consent. The Company shall not, without the prior written consent of Indemnitee, effect any settlement of any threatened or pending Indemnifiable Claim to which Indemnitee is, or could have been, a party unless such settlement solely involves the payment of money and includes a complete and unconditional release of Indemnitee from all liability on any claims that are the subject matter of such Indemnifiable Claim. Neither the Company nor Indemnitee shall unreasonably withhold its consent to any proposed settlement; provided that Indemnitee may withhold consent to any settlement that does not provide a complete and unconditional release of Indemnitee.

16. Successors and Binding Agreement.

- (a) The Company shall require any successor (whether direct or indirect, by purchase, merger, consolidation, reorganization or otherwise) to all or substantially all of the business or assets of the Company, by agreement in form and substance satisfactory to Indemnitee and his or her counsel, expressly to assume and agree to perform this Agreement in the same manner and to the same extent the Company would be required to perform if no such succession had taken place. This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Company and any successor to the Company, including any person acquiring directly or indirectly all or substantially all of the business or assets of the Company whether by purchase, merger, consolidation, reorganization or otherwise (and such successor will thereafter be deemed the "*Company*" for purposes of this Agreement), but shall not otherwise be assignable or delegatable by the Company.
- (b) This Agreement shall inure to the benefit of and be enforceable by Indemnitee's personal or legal representatives, executors, administrators, heirs, distributees, legatees and other successors.
- (c) This Agreement is personal in nature and neither of the parties hereto shall, without the consent of the other, assign or delegate this Agreement or any rights or obligations hereunder except as expressly provided in Sections 16(a) and 16(b). Without limiting the generality or effect of the foregoing, Indemnitee's right to receive payments hereunder shall not be assignable, whether by pledge, creation of a security interest or otherwise, other than by a transfer by Indemnitee's will or by the laws of descent and distribution, and, in the event of any attempted assignment or transfer contrary to this Section 16(c), the Company shall have no liability to pay any amount so attempted to be assigned or transferred.

- 17. **Notices.** For all purposes of this Agreement, all communications, including notices, consents, requests or approvals, required or permitted to be given hereunder shall be in writing and shall be deemed to have been duly given when hand delivered or dispatched by electronic facsimile transmission (with receipt thereof orally confirmed), or five business days after having been mailed by United States registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, postage prepaid or one business day after having been sent for next-day delivery by a nationally recognized overnight courier service, addressed to the Company (to the attention of the Secretary of the Company) and to Indemnitee at the applicable address shown on the signature page hereto, or to such other address as any party may have furnished to the other in writing and in accordance herewith, except that notices of changes of address will be effective only upon receipt.
- 18. **Governing Law.** The validity, interpretation, construction and performance of this Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the substantive laws of the State of Delaware, without giving effect to the principles of conflict of laws of such State. The Company and Indemnitee each hereby irrevocably consent to the jurisdiction of the Chancery Court of the State of Delaware for all purposes in connection with any action or proceeding which arises out of or relates to this Agreement and agree that any action instituted under this Agreement shall be brought only in the Chancery Court of the State of Delaware.
- 19. **Validity.** If any provision of this Agreement or the application of any provision hereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, unenforceable or otherwise illegal, the remainder of this Agreement and the application of such provision to any other person or circumstance shall not be affected, and the provision so held to be invalid, unenforceable or otherwise illegal shall be reformed to the extent, and only to the extent, necessary to make it enforceable, valid or legal. In the event that any court or other adjudicative body shall decline to reform any provision of this Agreement held to be invalid, unenforceable or otherwise illegal as contemplated by the immediately preceding sentence, the parties thereto shall take all such action as may be necessary or appropriate to replace the provision so held to be invalid, unenforceable or otherwise illegal with one or more alternative provisions that effectuate the purpose and intent of the original provisions of this Agreement as fully as possible without being invalid, unenforceable or otherwise illegal.
- 20. **Miscellaneous.** No provision of this Agreement may be waived, modified or discharged unless such waiver, modification or discharge is agreed to in writing signed by Indemnitee and the Company. No waiver by either party hereto at any time of any breach by the other party hereto or compliance with any condition or provision of this Agreement to be performed by such other party shall be deemed a waiver of similar or dissimilar provisions or conditions at the same or at any prior or subsequent time. No agreements or representations, oral or otherwise, expressed or implied with respect to the subject matter hereof have been made by either party that are not set forth expressly in this Agreement. This Agreement shall be deemed to have been in effect during all periods that Indemnitee was a director, officer or employee of the Company, regardless of the date of this Agreement.
 - 21. Legal Fees and Expenses; Interest.

- (a) It is the intent of the Company that Indemnitee not be required to incur legal fees and or other Expenses associated with the interpretation, enforcement or defense of Indemnitee's rights under this Agreement by litigation or otherwise because the cost and expense thereof would substantially detract from the benefits intended to be extended to Indemnitee hereunder. Accordingly, without limiting the generality or effect of any other provision hereof, if it should appear to Indemnitee that the Company has failed to comply with any of its obligations under this Agreement (including its obligations under Section 3) or in the event that the Company or any other person takes or threatens to take any action to declare this Agreement void or unenforceable, or institutes any litigation or other action or proceeding designed to deny, or to recover from, Indemnitee the benefits provided or intended to be provided to Indemnitee hereunder, the Company irrevocably authorizes Indemnitee from time to time to retain counsel of Indemnitee's choice, at the expense of the Company as hereafter provided, to advise and represent Indemnitee in connection with any such interpretation, enforcement or defense, including the initiation or defense of any litigation or other legal action, whether by or against the Company or any director, officer, stockholder or other person affiliated with the Company, in any jurisdiction. Notwithstanding any existing or prior attorney-client relationship between the Company and such counsel, the Company irrevocably consents to Indemnitee's entering into an attorney-client relationship with such counsel, and in that connection the Company and Indemnitee agree that a confidential relationship shall exist between Indemnitee and such counsel. The Company will pay and be solely financially responsible for any and all attorneys' and related fees and expenses incurred by Indemnitee in connection with any of the foregoing to the fullest extent permitted or required by the laws of the State of Delaware in effect on the date hereof or as such laws may from time to time hereafter be amended to increase the scope of such permitted or required payment of such fees and expenses.
- (b) Any amount due to Indemnitee under this Agreement that is not paid by the Company by the date on which it is due will accrue interest at the maximum legal rate under Delaware law from the date on which such amount is due to the date on which such amount is paid to Indemnitee.
- 22. **Certain Interpretive Matters.** Unless the context of this Agreement otherwise requires, (a) "it" or "its" or words of any gender include each other gender, (b) words using the singular or plural number also include the plural or singular number, respectively, (c) the terms "hereof," "herein," "hereby" and derivative or similar words refer to this entire Agreement, (d) the terms "Section" or "Exhibit" refer to the specified Section or Exhibit of or to this Agreement, (e) the terms "include," "includes" and "including" will be deemed to be followed by the words "without limitation" (whether or not so expressed), and (f) the word "or" is disjunctive but not exclusive. Whenever this Agreement refers to a number of days, such number will refer to calendar days unless business days are specified and whenever action must be taken (including the giving of notice or the delivery of documents) under this Agreement during a certain period of time or by a particular date that ends or occurs on a non-business day, then such period or date will be extended until the immediately following business day. As used herein, "business day" means any day other than Saturday, Sunday or a United States federal holiday. For the avoidance of doubt, the phrase "to the fullest extent" permitted or permissible by or

under law is intended to mean to the fullest extent not prohibited by (and not merely to the extent affirmatively permitted by) law.

23. **Counterparts.** This Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts, each of which will be deemed to be an original but all of which together shall constitute one and the same agreement.

[Signatures Appear on Following Page]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Indemnitee has executed and the Company has caused its duly authorized representative to execute this Agreement as of the date first above written.

		WESCO International, Inc. WESCO Distribution, Inc. 225 West Station Square Drive, Suite 700 Pittsburgh, PA 15219
Name: Title:]	By:
		[INDEMNITEE] [Address]
		[Indemnitee]
		EXHIBIT A
		UNDERTAKING
,(the "In WESCO Distribution, Inc.,	ndemnification Agreemer a Delaware corporation (e Director and Officer Indemnification Agreement, dated as of <i>nt</i> "), between WESCO International, Inc., a Delaware corporation, and collectively, the " <i>Company</i> "), and the undersigned. Capitalized terms used and ibed to such terms in the Indemnification Agreement.
		[advancement], [reimbursement] by the Company of Expenses which the incur] in connection with (the "Indemnifiable"
Company to or on behalf o disposition of the Indemnif	f the undersigned in respo Table Claim and in accord	the [payment] , [advancement] , [reimbursement] of Expenses made by the onse to the foregoing request to the extent it is determined, following the final lance with Section 8 of the Indemnification Agreement, that the undersigned is extine Indemnification Agreement with respect to the Indemnifiable Claim.
IN WITNESS WHI	EREOF, the undersigned h	nas executed this Undertaking as of this day of,
	[Inder	mnitee]
		INDEMNITEE
<u>Name</u>	<u>Position</u>	<u>n</u>
Sandra Beach Lin	Director	
Bobby J. Griffin	Director	

John K. Morgan Director James J. O'Brien Director Steven A. Raymund Director James L. Singleton Director Robert J. Tarr, Jr. Director Lynn M. Utter Director John J. Engel Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer Kenneth S. Parks Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer Diane E. Lazzaris Senior Vice President and General Counsel

Kimberly G. Windrow Senior Vice President and Chief Human Resources Officer

Exhibit 21.1

SUBSIDIARIES OF WESCO INTERNATIONAL, INC.

1502218 Alberta Ltd., an Alberta corporation
Bruckner Polska Spolka z o.o., a Poland limited company
Bruckner Supply Singapore, a Singapore sole proprietor
Calvert Wire & Cable Corporation, a Delaware corporation
Carlton-Bates Company, an Arkansas corporation
Carlton-Bates Company de Mexico S.A. de C.V., a Mexico variable capital company
Carlton-Bates Company of Texas GP, Inc., a Texas corporation
CBC LP Holdings, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company
CDW Holdco, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company
Communications Supply Corporation, a Connecticut corporation
Conney Investment Holdings, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company
Conney Safety Products, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company
Distribuidora Materiales Electricos E-Supply Limitada, a Chile limited liability company
EECOL Electric Bolivia Ltda., a Bolivia limited liability company
EECOL Electric Peru S.A.C., a Peru sociedad anonima cerrada
EECOL Electric ULC, an Alberta unlimited liability company
EECOL Industrial Electric Ecuador Limitada, an Ecuador limited liability company
EECOL Industrial Electric (SudAmerica) Limitada, a Chile limited liability company
EECOL Industrial Electric Limitada, a Chile limited liability company
EECOL Power S.A., a Chile closed stock corporation

EECOL Properties Corp., an Alberta corporation

Hazmasters Inc., an Ontario corporation

Hazmasters Quebec Inc., a Quebec corporation

Hi-Line Utility Supply Company, LLC, an Illinois limited liability company

Hill Country Electric Supply, L.P., a Texas limited partnership

Liberty Wire & Cable, Inc., a Delaware corporation

Needham Electric Supply Corporation, a Massachusetts corporation

Obras Y Servicios Sunpark S.A.C. (OS Sunpark), a Peru sociedad anonima cerrada

SASK Alta Holdings S.A., a Chile closely held stock corporation

Services Voice, Video and Data Distribution de Mexico, S. de R.L. de C.V., a Mexico limited liability company

Stone Eagle Electrical Supply GP Inc., an Alberta corporation

Stone Eagle Electrical Supply Limited Partnership, an Alberta limited partnership

TVC Canada Corp., a Nova Scotia unlimited liability company

TVC Communications, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company

TVC Espana Distribucion y Venta De Equipos, S.L., a Spain limited liability company

TVC International Holding, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company

TVC UK Holdings Limited, a United Kingdom limited company

Voice, Video and Data Distribution de Mexico, S. de R.L. de C.V., a Mexico limited liability company

WDC Holding Inc., a Delaware corporation

WDCC Enterprises Inc., an Alberta corporation

WDCH, LP, a Pennsylvania limited partnership

WDCH US LP, a Delaware limited partnership

WDI-Angola, LDA, an Angola company

WDINESCO B.V., a Netherlands private company with limited liability

WDINESCO C.V., a Netherlands limited partnership

WDINESCO II B.V., a Netherlands private company with limited liability

WDINESCO III B.V., a Netherlands private company with limited liability

WDINESCO II C.V., a Netherlands limited partnership

WDINESCO III C.V., a Netherlands limited partnership

WEAS Company, S. de R.L., a Mexico private limited company

WECOL Holdings ULC, an Alberta unlimited liability company

WESCO (Suzhou) Trading Co., Ltd., a China limited liability company

WESCO Australia Pty Ltd, an Australian company

WESCO Canada I, LP, an Alberta limited partnership

WESCO Canada II, LP, an Alberta limited partnership

WESCO Distribution Canada Co., a Nova Scotia unlimited liability company

WESCO Distribution Canada GP Inc., an Ontario Corporation

WESCO Distribution Canada LP, an Ontario limited partnership

WESCO Distribution de Mexico, S. de R.L., a Mexico private limited company

WESCO Distribution HK Limited, a Hong Kong limited private company

WESCO Distribution II ULC, a Nova Scotia unlimited liability company

WESCO Distribution III ULC, a Nova Scotia unlimited liability company

WESCO Distribution-International Limited, a United Kingdom limited company

WESCO Distribution, Inc., a Delaware Corporation

WESCO Distribution NL B.V., a Netherlands private company with limited liability

WESCO Distribution Pte. Ltd., a Singapore limited private company

WESCO Enterprises, Inc., a Delaware corporation

WESCO Equity Corporation, a Delaware corporation

WESCO Finance Corporation, a Delaware corporation

WESCO Holdings, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company

WESCO Integrated Supply, Inc., a Delaware corporation

WESCO Nevada, Ltd., a Nevada corporation

WESCO Netherlands B.V., a Netherlands private company with limited liability

WESCO Nigeria, Inc., a Delaware corporation

WESCO Real Estate I, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company

WESCO Real Estate II, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company

WESCO Real Estate III, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company

WESCO Real Estate IV, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company

WESCO Receivables Corp., a Delaware corporation

WESCO TLD Holdings Co., Ltd., a Thailand limited private company

WND Nigeria Limited, a Nigeria corporation

Exhibit 23.1

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference in the Registration Statements on Form S-8 (No's. 333-188979, 333-188978, 333-81857, 333-81847, 333-81845, 333-81841, 333-91187 and 333-172531) of WESCO International, Inc. of our report dated February 22, 2016 relating to the financial statements, financial statement schedule and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, which appears in this Form 10-K.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania February 22, 2016

Exhibit 31.1 CERTIFICATION

- I, John J. Engel, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of WESCO International, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 22, 2016 By: /s/ John J. Engel

John J. Engel

Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer

Exhibit 31.2 CERTIFICATION

- I, Kenneth S. Parks, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of WESCO International, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 22, 2016 By: /s/ Kenneth S. Parks

Kenneth S. Parks

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Exhibit 32.1

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report of WESCO International, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2015 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), the undersigned, in the capacity and on the date indicated below, hereby certifies pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to his knowledge:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operation of the Company.

Date: February 22, 2016 By: /s/ John J. Engel

John J. Engel

Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer

Exhibit 32.2

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report of WESCO International, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2015 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), the undersigned, in the capacity and on the date indicated below, hereby certifies pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to his knowledge:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operation of the Company.

Date: February 22, 2016 By: /s/ Kenneth S. Parks

Kenneth S. Parks

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer